

Semester I

Course Code	Unit	Topics	Credits	Lectures
		Paper I – Basics of Biochemistry		
	Ι	Membrane Biochemistry		15
RPSBCH101	II	Bioenergetics & Protein chemistry	4	15
KFSDC11101	III	Enzymology] 4	15
	IV	Neurophysiology & Cardiac Physiology		15
	Р	aper II - Instrumentation & Analytical Techniques - I		
	Ι	Colligative properties and Acids, Bases & Buffers		15
RPSBCH102	II	Centrifugation & Electrophysiological Methods		15
KFSDCIII02	III	Chromatography		15
	IV	Spectroscopic Techniques I		15
	F	aper III - Industrial Biotechnology & Bioinformatics		
	Ι	Bioprocess Technology & Fermentation		15
RPSBCH103	II	PTC, ATC & MTC	4	15
KI SDCIII05	III	Food Quality	- 4	15
	IV Bioinform	Bioinformatics		15
Paper IV	/ - Resea	rch Methodology, Developmental Biology & Soft Skil	ls Developn	nent
	Ι	Research and Research Design		15
RPSBCH104	II	Report Writing and Presentation	4	15
KrSDCIII04	III	Developmental biology in animals & plants	4	15
1	IV	Soft Skills Development		15
RPSBCHP101	Enzym	ology & Serological Estimations	2	
RPSBCHP102	Chroma	atography, Colorimetry	2	
RPSBCHP103	Bioinfo	rmatics & Tissue culture	2	
RPSBCHP104	Researc	ch Methodology & Microscopy	2	

Kesearch Methodology & Microscopy

Semester II

Course Code	Unit	Topics	Credits	Lectures
		Paper I - Advanced Biochemistry		
	Ι	Plant Biochemistry		15
RPSBCH201	II	Endocrinology	4	15
KI SDC11201	III	Biochemistry of Tissues		15
	IV	Cell Signalling & Bioluminescence		15
	Pap	er II - Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques	- II	
	Ι	Electrophoresis		15
RPSBCH202	Π	Special Instrumental Methods of Analysis	4	15
KI SDC11202	III	Techniques in Genetics & Sequencing Techniques		15
	IV	Spectroscopic Techniques II		15
	Pa	per III - Industrial & Environmental Biotechnolog	У	
	Ι	Industrial Importance of Carbohydrates, Proteins		15
		& Lipids		15
RPSBCH203	Π	Immobilization, Biosensors & Production of	4	15
		vaccines, hormones and industrial proteins	-	
	III	Environmental Biotechnology		15
	IV	Nanotechnology & other topics		15
		Paper IV – Biostatistics	-	
	Ι	Introduction to Biostatistics		15
	II	Hypothesis Testing of Means & ANOVA		15
RPSBCH204	III	Hypothesis Testing of Difference Between Means	4	15
NI SDC11204		& Chi-square Test	-	15
	IV	Normal Distribution, Probability and Correlation		15
		& Regression		1.5
RPSBCHP201		nology & Isolations	2	
RPSBCHP202		hatography & Colorimetry	2	
RPSBCHP203		ons & Environmental Biochemistry	2	
RPSBCHP204	Bioinf	ormatics, Isolations & Microscopy	2	
RPSBCHP204	50			

Course Code:RPSBCH Course Title:Biochemistry Academic year 2019-20

Learning Objectives:

The overall goal of this MSc I course is to introduce the students to the basics & advances of biochemistry, instrumentation, analytical techniques, industrial & environmental biotechnology, bioinformatics, research methodology, developmental biology, biostatistics, and soft skills development.

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of the MSc Part I course, the students would learnand understand the following:

- 1) The basics of Biochemistry to make them understand advanced concepts easily. Also, the basics of Biochemistry unit was included purposely in the syllabus to introduce 6 units Chemistry students to the subject of Biochemistry.
- 2) Theoretical and practical knowledge of different tools used for various Biochemical estimations which will improve their analytical skills and handling of instruments.
- 3) The applied aspects of Biochemistry through Biotechnology, Microbiology, Industrial synthesis and environmental biotechnology.
- 4) Bioinformatics which will enable them to understand the computational application of biology. It is an important topic in modern sciences which will help themto understand protein engineering and drug designing in a better way.
- 5) Research methodology which will help them to develop research aptitude through research projects.
- 6) Soft skills development which will create awareness and develop competence in personality development, communication skills, academic and professional skills. Empower the students with leadership qualities, entrepreneurship and start-ups for employment, stress & time management.
- 7) Biostatistics which will help them to interpret results and draw conclusions of the experimental data generated during their dissertation work and experiments.
- 8) All the practicals have been rearranged in accordance with the theory of each paper at each semester.

Detailed Syllabus

	SEMESTER I	(
Course	Code Title	Credits
RPSBCH	I101 Basics of Biochemistry	04
Unit I	Membrane Biochemistry	15 lectures
1.1	Membrane Biochemistry	
1.1.1	Biological membrane; structure and assembly: constituents, bacterial cell er asymmetry flip flop, protein lipid interaction, factors affecting physical prop of membranes.	
1.1.2	Biological and physical membrane models. Specialized features like lipid rafts, caveolae and tight junctions	
1.1.3	Principles and Mechanism of Diffusion and Passive, Active & facilitated Transport. Endocytosis, exocytosis.	
1.1.4	Specialized mechanism for transport of macromolecules, gap junctions, nuc pores, toxins, control of transport processes, binding proteins, hormone effe	
1.1.5	Role of Na, K ATPase and the passive permeability of the plasma membran Na, K and Cl, voltage and ligand gated ion channels, ATP-ADP exchanger.	e to
1.1.6	Molecular mechanisms, ion translocating antibiotics, valinomycin, gramicic ouabain, group translocation, ionophores, electrical gradient, energy couplin mechanism.	
Unit II	Bioenergetics & Protein Chemistry	15 lectures
2.1	Bioenergetics	
2.1.1	Introduction to Bioenergetics, Concepts of free energy	
2.1.2	Respiratory Electron Transport Chain (ETC), Carriers, Q cycle in complex	Ш
2.1.2	Inhibitors of ETC	,
2.1.3	Malate–Aspartate shuttle, Glycerol phosphate shuttle	
2.1.3	Proton Motive Force, Chemiosmotic theory	
2.1.4	ATP synthase, ATP synthesis	
2.1.5	Uncouplers of ETC and oxidative phosphorylation	
2.1.0 2.2	Protein Chemistry	
2.2.1	Polypeptide backbone, covalent and non-covalent interactions, end-group and by chemical and enzymatic methods, Conformation, Configuration	nalysis
2.2.2	Details of 1°, 2°, 3° and 4° structures, problems based on determination of 1° structure, Ramachandran Plot, Motifs, and folds in protein structure, Zinc	
	finger,Leucine zipper, Domains.	
2.2.3	Structure-function relation of protein, Protein-Protein interaction (actin, tub cross-linking in proteins.	ulin),
2.2.4	Dynamic properties and mechanisms of protein folding.	
2.2.5	Prion proteins, prion domains. Their role in neurodegenerative disease.	
Unit III	Enzymology	15 lectures

3.1	Enzymology	
3.1.1	IUB/EC Enzymes classification	
3.1.2	Michaelis-Menten Kinetics of monosubstrate enzyme reaction, LB Plot, Einsethal	
	Cornish Bowden Plots	
3.1.3	Mechanism of enzyme action	
	Importance of transition state in enzyme activity	
3.1.4	Mechanism of Enzyme Action for Acid –Base Electrostatic and Covalent	
	Catalysis (Ex. Chymotrypsin, Carboxypeptidase, Hexokinase), factors affecting	
	catalysis. Metal, co-factor, and co-enzyme requirements	
3.1.5	Enzyme Inhibition-Reversible competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive,	
	Partial, Mixed, Allosteric Irreversible and Feedback Inhibition. Enzyme inhibitors	
	as drugs	
3.1.6	Regulatory enzymes	
	Allosteric enzymes-Conformational Changes in Response to Modulator Binding	
Unit IV	Neurophysiology & Cardiac Physiology	15 lectures
4.1	Neurophysiology	
	Nerves- Structure of Neuron, chemistry of nerve tissue, mechanism of nerve	
4.1.1	impulse transmission, synapse (Chemical & Electrical) and synaptic transmission,	
	Synthesis and actions of neurotransmitters (GABA, Acetylcholine, Glycine,	
	Aspartic acid, Catecholamines), disorders related to defects in neurotransmission-	
4.1.2	(Parkinson's disease, stroke, Alzheimer's disease)	
4.2	Cardiac Physiology	
4.2.1	Conductive system of the heart –	
4.2.2	SA node (Mechanism & Self excitation)	
4.2.3	Internodal pathways	
4.2.4	AV node (Mechanism & Conduction)	
4.2.5	Purkinje fiber	
4.2.6	Regulation of conduction of the heart	
4.2.7	Normal ECG & its characteristics	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	IP101 Enzymology & Serological Estimations	Credits 02
	1) Determination of optimum pH of β -amylase	
	2) Determination of optimum temperature of β -amylase	
	3) Determination of Km value of β -amylase	
	(4) Study of effect of inhibitor on the Km value of β -amylase	
	5) Determination of Km value of pectinesterase	
	6) Estimation of plasma glucose by GOD-POD method	
	7) Estimation of serum calcium by Trinder's method	
$\langle \mathbf{\Lambda} \rangle$	8) Estimation of serum iron by dipyridyl method	
	9) Estimation of serum copper by Dithiocarbamate method	
	10) Estimation of serum phosphorus by Fiske-Subbarow method	

		SEMESTER I		
Course	Code	Title	Credits	
RPSBCI	H102	Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques - I	04	
Unit I	Coll	igative Properties & Acid, Bases and Buffers	15 lectures	
1.1 1.1.1	Defi Mea	Colligative Properties Definitions, Factors affecting and Physiological Applications of Osmosis, Measurement of osmotic pressure, Osmoregulation, Adsorption, Colloids, Surface Tension and Viscosity Numerical Problems based on above concepts		
1.1.2				
1.2		l, Bases and Buffers		
1.2.1		Ionization, Dissociation, Acidity, Basicity theories of Acid and Bases, Strength of Acids and Bases, Acid-Base Equilibrium in Aqueous and Non-aqueous media.		
1.2.2	pH, j Hass Indic	pH-dependent functions and structures off bio-molecules, Henderson – selbach Equation, Different methods for measurement of pH. Use of cators, Buffers, Amino Acid titrations. Biologically important buffers, Fering of blood.		
1.2.3		herical Problems based on above concepts		
		XV		
Unit II	Cen	trifugation & Electrophysiological Methods	15 lectures	
2.1	Cen	trifugation		
2.1.1		c principles of sedimentation, relation between g and rpm		
2.1.2		sification of centrifuges based on level of sophistication: Bench top, High		
2.1.2		d and ultracentrifuges es, Principles, Instrumentation, Working and Applications of: Preparative and		
		lytical Ultracentrifugation		
2.2		trophysiological Methods		
2.2.1		le neuron recording, patch-clamp recording, ECG, Brain activity recording,		
		on & stimulation of brain, PET, MRI, fMRI, CAT		
2.2.2		ical imaging – Radiography (Projection radiographs & Fluoroscopy),		
	Ultra	asound (medical ultrasonography), Elastography, Tactile imaging,		
	Tom	ography, Echocardiography		
	ý			
Unit III	Chr	omatography	15 lecture	
3.1	Chr	omatography		
3.1.1		oduction, Concept of partition coefficient, retention time, retention factor		
3.2		ciple, Technique and Applications of the following kinds of chromatography :		
3.2.1		ition chromatography (Paper, GLC, GSC)		
3.2.2		orption Chromatography (TLC and Column)		
3.2.3		exchange chromatography		
3.2.4		filtration		
3.2.5		nity chromatography		
3.2.6	Adv	anced Chromatographic techniques – HPLC, HPTLC, LC-MS		

Unit IV	Spect	roscopic Techniques – I	15 lectures
4.1	Spect	roscopic Techniques – I	
4.1.1	Beer-l	Lamberts Law, Its verifications and Deviations, Concept of Absorptions,	
	Transi	mission, Scattering, Phosphorescence, Fluorescence, Luminescence,	
	Diffra	ction Spectra and interpretation. The Chromophore concept – Auxochrome,	C
	Infrare	ed Spectra of common functional groups.	
4.1.2	Princi	ple, Instrumentation, working and application of –	
	UV- V	/isible and IR Spectroscopy	
4.1.3	Double beam operation, dual wavelength spectrophotometer, Disadvantages of IR		
		oscopy. Turbidometry and Nephlometry.	
4.1.4	Princi	ple, instrumentation, working and application of – Spectrofluorometric,	
		Spectrophotometry,	
4.1.5	Fluore	escence spectra and the study of protein structure.	
		PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	IP102	Chromatography, Colorimetry	Credits 02
		1) Estimation of proteins by Biuret method	
		2) Estimation of amino acids by Ninhydrin method	
		3) Estimation of glucose by Folin – Wu method	
		4) Separation of plant pigments by adsorption column chromatography	
		5) Separation of sugars by ascending paper chromatography	
		6) Separation of sugars by circular paper chromatography	
		7) Separation of a mixture of glucose and starch by gel filtration	
		chromatography	
		8) Determination of pKa values of alanine/ glycine by titration curve	

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Course (
	Code Title	Credits
RPSBCH	103 Industrial Biotechnology and Bioinformatics	04
Unit I	t I Bio Process Technology & Fermentation	
1.1	Bio Process Technology	<u> </u>
1.1.1	Types of Bioreactors- Batch, continuous stirred Tank, Recycle reactors, fluidized bed reactor, Semi-continues	d
1.1.2	Parameters for Bio process – Bio mass, Substrates, product, O_2 and O_2 , Temperature, agitation.	
1.1.3	Bio process monitoring with respect to O_2 transfer, energy transfer, rate of utilization, efficiency.	
1.1.4	Downstream processing, process for product recovery, recycling of residual raw by product recovery.	,
1.2	Fermentation	
1.2.1	Primary and secondary of microbes, inoculums preparation, fermentation media, industrial sterilization, strain improvement, metabolic and genetic regulations	,
	during fermentations, pure and mix culture fermentations.	
1.2.2	Products from microorganisms (Flowsheets)- enzymes (Pectinases), Primary	
1.0.0	metabolites (Glucose), Antibiotics (Penicillin), Beverages (wine, Beer)	
1.2.3	Fuels from microbes, microbial polymers and microbial steroid biotransformation	ons
Unit II	PTC, ATC & MTC	15 lectures
2.1	Plant Tissue Culture (PTC)	
2.1.1	Principles, Techniques, Methodology and Application of PTC	
2.1.2	Micropropogation and Protoplast fusion	
2.1.3	Suspension Cultures for production and secondary metabolites	
2.1.4	Use of PTC in production of transgenics	
2.2	Animal Tissue Culture (ATC)	
2.2.1	Principles, Techniques, Methodology and Application of ATC	
2.2.2	Transfection using eggs, cultured stem cells and nuclei in development of	
· · · · ·	transgenic animals	
2.2.3	Frontiers of contraceptive research, cryopreservation of sex gametes & embryos	,
$\langle \mathbf{n} \rangle$	Ethical issues in embryo research	
2.3	Microbial Tissue Culture (MTC)	
2.3.1	Principles, Techniques, Methodology and Application of MTC.	~
2.3.2	Commercial production of industrially important microbial strains, role of ATCO	0
0.0.0	and microbial cell banks.	
2.3.3	Microbes as products, Single Cell Protein (SCP) and Yeast (nutrient).	
Unit III	Food Quality	15 lectures

3.1	Bio Chemistry of Food Spoilage	
3.1.1	Factors causing food spoilage during food ripening, vegetable maturation and	
	their control.	
3.1.2	Post mortem changes in meat and their control.	
3.2	Food Preservation	
3.2.1	General principles of food preservation	
3.2.2	Preservation by use of high and low temperatures, drying, radiations, chemical	
5.2.2	preservatives, inert gases, mechanical preservation techniques (vacuum	
	packaging, tetra packs).	
3.3	Adulteration & Other topics	0
3.3.1	Determination of shelf – life of food products, transport of perishable food items.	
3.3.2	Food Adulteration – Common food adulterants, their harmful effects and physical	
5.5.2	and chemical methods for their detection.	
3.3.3	Role of ISI, Agmark, FDA & Food Safety and Standards Authority of India	
5.5.5	(FSSAI), Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO) in food industry.	
	(155AI), Food and Agricultural Organization (17AO) in food industry.	
Unit IV	Bioinformatics	15 lectures
4.1	Introduction to Bioinformatics	
4.1.1	Bioinformatics- Need and applications on various fields of Biology	
4.1.2	Introduction to Databases- Classification and Categories	
4.1.3	Nucleotide and Protein sequence analysis using BLAST and variants, working of	
	BLAST	
4.1.4	Introduction to multiple sequence alignment- Progressive algorithms- CLUSTAL	
	programs, working of CLUSTAL	
4.2	Biological Databases and retrieval techniques	
4.2.1	Nucleotide Databases- Genbank, Unigene	
4.2.2	Literature Database- Pubmed, Medline	
4.2.3	Protein Sequence Databases- Swissprot, PIR	
4.2.4	Protein Structural Databases- PDB, SCOP, CATH	
4.2.5	Metabolic pathway database- KEGG, Metacyc	
4.2.6	Other databases- OMIM, Taxonomy	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	P103 Bioinformatics & Tissue culture	Credits 02
KI SDCI		creates 02
	1) Searches on Medline, PubMed,BioMed central	
	2) Use of clustal x/w for alignment of protein and nucleic acid sequence	
	3) Use of TAXON to classify microbes and viruses	
-	4) Methods for searching BLAST and FASTA	
5	5) Tests for adulteration	
	6) Estimation of proteins by Pyne's method	
	7) Detection of antimicrobial activity	
	8) Estimation of carbon dioxide generated during fermentation by yeast	

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		SEMESTER I	(0,7)
Course	Code	Title	Credits
RPSBCH	H104	Research Methodology, Developmental Biology & Soft Skills	04
		Development	
Unit I	Rese	earch & Research Design	15 lectures
1.1	Rese	earch	
1.1.1		ning of research, Research Process, Types of research	
1.1.2		Formulating research problem	
1.1.3		eria for good research. Significance of research.	
1.2		earch Design	
1.2.1	Mea	ning, features of good research design, types of research designs.	
1.2.2	Basi	c principles of experimental designs.	
1.2.3		pective, retrospective, prospective & retrospective, observational,	
		rimental, clinical trials, RCT, Cohort, cross sectional and case controlled	
	studi	es.	
Unit II	Rep	ort Writing & Presentation	15 lectures
2.1	Rep	ort Writing	
2.1.1	Sign	ificance of report writing, different steps in report writing, typesof report.	
2.1.2	Mec	hanics and precautions of writing research reports for scientific journals,	
		Ilar magazines, seminars/symposia/ conferences/workshops	
2.1.3	-	out of research paper, Layout for poster	
2.2		entation	
2.2.1		entation – Oral & Written. Use of digital media.	
2.2.2		aring for oral presentation, Structure of oral presentation, Giving the oral	
		entation	
2.2.3	-	entations in classrooms, scientific meets & public audience.	
2.2.4	Defe	ense of research thesis.	
Unit III	Deve	elopmental Biology in animals & plants	15 lectures
3.1	Deve	elopmental Biology in animals & plants	
3.1.1		c concepts of development : Potency, commitment, specification, induction,	
		petence, determination and differentiation	
3.1.2		phogenetic gradients; cell fate and cell lineages; genomic equivalence and the	
		plasmic determinants	
3.1.3		etogenesis, fertilization (in humans & sea urchin)	
3.1.4	Early	y development, cell surface molecules in sperm-egg recognition in animals;	
3.1.5	Emb	ryonic cleavage	

	Metan	norphosis of caterpillar	
3.1.7	Forma	tion of germ layers in animals	
3.1.8	Sexua	l reproduction in plants - Gametogenesis, double fertilization in plants	
Unit IV	Soft S	kills Development	15 lectures
4.1	Perso	nal skills	
4.1.1		nality Development – Self Esteem, Positive Thinking, Johari Window,	
		cal Fitness	
4.1.2	-	unication Skills – Process & Significance of Communication, Verbal, Non-	0.
		, formal & informal communication & Digital Communication.	
4.2		personal skills and Entrepreneurship	
4.2.1	Leade	rship & Team Building, Decision Making	
4.2.2	Stress	& Time Management.	
4.2.3		preneurship skills	
4.3	Profes	ssional Skills	
4.3.1	Ethica	l Values	
4.4	Acade	emic Skills	
4.4.1		byment Communication – CV & Resume Building, Scan able CV, Formats	
		/ Resume/ Job Application/ Covering Letter, Professional presentations	
4.4.2		terviews – Background information, Types & preparatory steps for	
		iews, developing interview skills, mock interviews	
4.4.3	-	Discussion – Importance & significance of GD, GD/ Panel Discussion/	
	Debat	e, Types of GD (Topics – based & Case- based)	
		PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	IP104	Research Methodology & Microscopy	Credits 02
		1) Preparation of research proposal for minor/ major research projects to	
		be submitted to the funding agencies.	
		2) Review of research work carried out of any 5 national or international	
		research centers or institutes.	
		3) Presentation – Oral & Written	
		4) Poster making	
		5) Use of digital media	
		6) Group Discussion	
		6) Group Discussion7) Resume writing	
	~7	6) Group Discussion	

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		SEMESTER II	
Course C	Code	Title	Credits
RPSBCH	201	Advanced Biochemistry	04
Unit I	Plan	t Biochemistry	15 lectures
1.1	Plan	t Biochemistry	
1.1.1		t Growth Substances- Structure and Function of- Auxins, Gibberllins,	
		kininis, Ethylene and Abscissic Acid	
1.1.2	Phote	osynthesis - Light and dark reactions, Z scheme and electron carriers,	
	•	ophosphorylation [linear and cyclic]; Photorespiration, Photoperiodism	
1.1.3		in cycle – schematic with enzymes, C_4 and CAM pathway	
1.1.4		ndary metabolites of plants – Nitrogen containing compounds (Alkaloids),	
		enes & Phenolic compounds - Shikimic acid pathway, Mevalonic acid	
	pathy	way, MEP Pathway	
Unit II	Ende	ocrinology	15 lectures
2.1	Ende	ocrinology	
2.1		nition of Hormones, hormone receptor, endocrine & exocrine glands	
2.2		sification of hormones on the basis of:	
	i)Dis	tance of target tissue- autocrine, paracrine, endocrine	
		hemistry - One example for each sub class.	
2.3		archal organization of the mammalian endocrine system	
2.4		nistry, synthesis, secretion & physiological role of thyroxine and insulin	
		thesis from preproinsulin), Diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism (cretinism and	
o <i>c</i>		edema), Hyperthyroidism (goiter – simple & toxic)	
2.5		iological role of glucocorticoids, oxytocin & vasopressin, FSH, LH,	
		gen, Progesterone (Reproductive cycle)	
2.6		e of action of steroid hormones and epinephrine. (amplification cascade with	
	G pro	oteins, cAMP, adenylate cyclase, kinases)	
Unit III	Bioc	hemistry of Tissues	15 lectures
3.1	Bioc	hemistry of Tissues	
3.1.1	Muse	cles- Structure and composition of muscle fibres, mechanism of muscle	
	contr	action and relaxation, mechanism of twitch, energy source for muscular	
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		a, muscular dystrophies es- Composition, formulation, Structure and functions, factors affecting bone	

3.1.3	Connective Tissue- Biosynthesis, composition, structure and metabolism of	
	Collagen and its Disorders-Ehler's Syndrome (Type I to VII), Osteogenesis Imperfecta (Type I to IV), Paget's disease	
3.1.4	Cytoskeleton	
5.1.4	Introduction, Structure & Function	
	Microtubule (α , β tubulin), Intermediate filament, Microfilament	
Unit IV	Cell Signaling & Bioluminescence	15 lectures
4.1	Cell Signaling	
4.1.1	Classes of Cell Receptors,	
4.1.2	Molecular Mechanism of Cell Signalling via G-protein linked Cell Surface	
	Receptors. Signaling molecules and their receptors Modes of cell-cell signaling	
	(endocrine, paracrine and autocrine)	
4.1.3	Steroid superfamily receptors and their functions.	
4.1.4	Role of Ca ⁺⁺ as an intracellular signal, Ca ⁺⁺ / Calmodulin dependent protein	
	kinase, cAMP- Ca ⁺⁺ Pathway	
4.1.5	Pathways of intracellular signal transduction cAMP, cGMP, Phospholipid and Ca	
	Ras, Raf and MAP kinase pathways JAK/STAT pathway	
4.1.6	Signal transduction and cytoskeleton Integrin and signal transduction	
4.1.7	Cytoskeleton Signaling in development and differentiation using following	
	examples Mesoderm, induction in xenopus and Eye development in Drosophila	
4.2	Bioluminescence	
4.2.1	History, Source of Bioluminescence material, examples of bioluminescence	
	organism	
4.2.2	Mechanism of Bio-luminescence in specific organisms, Evolution &	
	Bioluminescence.	
4.2.3	Use and applications of bioluminescence	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	P201 Enzymology & Isolations	Credits 02
	1) Qualitative tests for phytochemicals	
	2) Extraction of Curcumin from turmeric	
	3) Extraction of Carotenes from carrot	
	3) Extraction of Carotenes from carrot4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach	
	4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach	
	4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes	
	4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes6) Km of immobilized enzyme	
	 4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach 5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes 6) Km of immobilized enzyme 7) Estimation if Vitamin C from food sample by Dichlorophenol 	
~	 4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach 5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes 6) Km of immobilized enzyme 7) Estimation if Vitamin C from food sample by Dichlorophenol indophenols Dye method 	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	<ul> <li>4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach</li> <li>5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes</li> <li>6) Km of immobilized enzyme</li> <li>7) Estimation if Vitamin C from food sample by Dichlorophenol indophenols Dye method</li> <li>8) Estimation of serum creatinine by Jaffes method</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>4) Isolation and Estimation of Oxalates from spinach</li> <li>5) Isolation and Estimation of Lycopene from tomatoes</li> <li>6) Km of immobilized enzyme</li> <li>7) Estimation if Vitamin C from food sample by Dichlorophenol indophenols Dye method</li> </ul>	

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		SEMESTER II	-			
Course	Code	Title	Credits			
RPSBCH	[202	Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques - II	04			
Unit I	Elec	trophoresis	15 lectures			
1.1	Elec	trophoresis				
1.1.1		c principle of electrophoresis, factors affecting rate of electrophoresis,				
1.1.2	Elec	ept of electro-osmotic flow trophoresis of proteins – Concept of discontinuous buffer system, SDS E, Native PAGE, Gradient gel, Isoelectric focusing of gel, 2D gel				
1.1.3	Dete	ction of protein in gel- CBB, Silver staining, Zinc staining				
1.1.4		trophoresis of Nucleic acid (DNA & RNA) -AGE, PFGE ction of Nucleic acid in gel- Ethidium bromide, syber green				
1.1.5		Advanced electrophoresis – immune-electrophoresis, microchip electrophoresis,				
	prep	preparative electrophoresis				
1.1.6	Gel	Documentation System				
	-					
Unit II	Spec	ial Instrumental Methods of Analysis	15 lectures			
2.1		ial Instrumental Methods of Analysis				
2.1.1		c Principles, Instrumentation, working and applications of experimental iques in Flow Cytometry, FRAP, FRET, FLIM				
2.2		c Principles, Instrumentation, working and application of instrumental				
	meth	ods of analysis in environmental methods of analysis in environmental				
2.2.1		nemistry – luctometry, Potentiometry,				
2.2.1		ctive Ion Meters, High Frequency Titrations, Polarography,				
2.2.3		de Stripping Voltammetry, Neutron Activation Analysis,				
2.2.4	Indu	ctively Coupled Plasma Emission Spectrometry				
Unit III	Tech	uniques in Genetics & Sequencing Techniques	15 lectures			
3.1		niques in Genetics & Sequencing Techniques				
3.1.1	Puri	c Principles and Instrumentation, working and applications of- fication of Proteins/ Enzymes- Difference in the extraction of intracellular extracellular proteins, salting out, dialysis, use of chromatography,				

3.1.2		n Sequencing Techniques – End group analysis (N terminal, C-terminal),	
		fic peptide cleavage reactions, Peptide mapping	
3.1.3		Sequencing Techniques –First generation, second generation and Next	
		ation sequencing methods	
3.1.4	Blotti	ng Techniques – Southern, Northern, Western and dot blot	
Unit IV	Spect	roscopic Techniques – II	15 lectures
4.1	Spect	roscopic Techniques – II	
4.1.1	Princi	ple, instrumentation, working and application of-	
4.1.2	Atomi	c Absorption Spectrometry, Luminometry.	
	Nucle	ar Magnetic Resonance(NMR), Electron Spin Resonance (ESR), Mossbauer	
4.1.3	Spectr	roscopy,	
	Matrix	Assisted LASER Desorption, ionization, Time of Flight-Mass	
4.1.4	Spectr	roscopy (MALDI-TOF-MS),	
4.1.5		Diffraction Spectra, Optical Rotatory Dispersion, (ORD),	
	Circul	ar Dichroism, LASER-Principle, applications in Medicine & Biology	
		PRACTICALS	
RPSBCE	IP202	Chromatography & Colorimetry	Credits 02
		1) Estimation of proteins by Bradford method	
		2) Estimation of proteins by Folin – Lowry method	
		3) Estimation of glucose by anthrone	
		4) Separation of amino acids by ascending paper chromatography	
		5) Separation of amino acids by circular paper chromatography	
		6) Separation of plant pigments/oils by thin layer chromatography	
		7) Separation of a mixture of lactose and case in by gel filtration	
		chromatography	
		8) Serum proteins electrophoresis	
		9) Detection of proteins by silver staining method	

9) Detection of proteins by

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		, of		
	SEMESTER II	U T		
Course	Code Title	Credits		
RPSBCH	I203         Industrial & Environmental Biotechnology	04		
Unit I	Industrial Importance of Carbohydrates, proteins and lipids	15 lectures		
1.1	Carbohydrates of industrial importance			
1.1.1	Manufacturing and refining of cane sugar, pectin & cellulose			
1.1.2	Manufacturing of polysaccharides. Plant polysaccharide (Gum Arabic), mic polysaccharides, modified carbohydrates – modified starches, modified cell			
1.2	Lipids of industrial importance			
1.2.1	Extraction and refining of vegetable oils and animal fats in general.			
1.2.2				
	essential oils.			
1.3	Proteins of industrial importance			
.3.1 Isolation and purification of Proteins & Enzymes – Source identification,				
	isolation, recovery, concentration.			
Unit II	Immobilization, Biosensors & Production of vaccines, hormones and	15 lectures		
	industrial proteins			
2.1	Enzyme Immobilization			
2.1.1	Methods of immobilization			
2.1.2	Applications in industry and medicine			
2.2	Biosensors			
2.2.1	Biosensors: Features of biosensors; Types: Electrochemical, Thermometric	,		
	Optical, Piezoelectric, Whole cell, Immunobiosensor; Construction and			
	development, Applications			
2.3	<b>Production of vaccines, hormones and industrial proteins</b>			
2.3.1	Vaccines & Anti – toxoid Technology for measles, poliomyelitis, typhoid,			
2.3.2	Hepatitis B, AIDS, anti –tetanus. Hormones – conventional & engineered Insulin, Erythropoietin, Growth			
2.3.2	hormones			
2.3.3	Non – catalytic industrial proteins – casein, whey proteins, Egg proteins, w	heat		
<b></b>	germ proteins.	nout		
Unit III	Environmental Biotechnology	15 lectures		

3.1.1		ollution					
	Air po	llution – classification & effects of air pollutants on human health - Gases					
		ning the oxides of carbon, sulphur and nitrogen, ozone, suspended					
		late matters in air and CFC.					
3.1.2		ires to control air pollution and.					
3.1.3		house effect & Global warming – sources, consequences & remedial					
01110	measu	• •					
3.2		· Pollution					
3.2.1		es and effects of water pollutants on human health, quality standards for					
5.2.1		ng water, waste water treatment and recycling.	. 07				
3.2.2		pt and significance of BOD, COD and dissolved oxygen					
3.3		ing eco-friendly alternatives for chemical industry –Green chemistry and					
5.5		Technology. Bioremediation.					
	Ultell	Technology. Dioreniediation.	-				
Unit IV	Nanot	echnology and other topics	15 lectures				
4.1		biotechnology					
4.1.1		tion and methods of preparation of nano-bioparticles.					
4.1.2		cations in drug designing, drug delivery & protein engineering.					
4.2	Other	Topics					
4.2.1	Clinic	al diagnostics – Diagnostic Kits and their applications.					
	Conce	pt and significance of Bio safety, Bio Hazards and Bio ethics.					
4.2.2	Conce	Concept of QC, QA GMP, GLP in labs & production processes. Lab/process					
	valida	validation & Accreditation.					
		Maintenance & Management of Lab/Experimental animals and Animal House					
4.2.3	Mainte	enance & Management of Lab/Experimental animals and Animal House					
4.2.3		enance & Management of Lab/Experimental animals and Animal House A guidelines.					
4.2.3							
4.2.3							
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS	Credits 02				
4.2.3 RPSBCH	CPCE	A guidelines.  PRACTICALS  Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines.  PRACTICALS  Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry  1) Extraction of casein from milk	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds 4) Isolation of lecithin and cholesterol from egg yolk	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds 4) Isolation of lecithin and cholesterol from egg yolk 5) Total alkalinity of water effluent	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds 4) Isolation of lecithin and cholesterol from egg yolk 5) Total alkalinity of water effluent 6) COD of waste water	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds 4) Isolation of lecithin and cholesterol from egg yolk 5) Total alkalinity of water effluent 6) COD of waste water 7) Total hardness of well water	Credits 02				
	CPCE	A guidelines. PRACTICALS Isolations & Environmental Biochemistry 1) Extraction of casein from milk 2) Extraction of albumins and globulins from egg white 3) Extraction of proteins from germinating seeds 4) Isolation of lecithin and cholesterol from egg yolk 5) Total alkalinity of water effluent 6) COD of waste water	Credits 02				

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	SEMESTER II			
Course (	Code Title	Credits		
RPSBCH	204 Biostatistics	04		
Unit I	Introduction to Biostatistics	15 lectures		
1.1	Introduction to Biostatistics			
1.1.1	Introduction: scope and applications of biostatistics			
1.1.2	Common statistical terms: Sources, nature and presentation of data; Measuremen	ıt		
	and scales of measurement			
1.1.3	.1.3 Descriptive statistics: Measures of central tendency- Mean, Median and mode			
1.1.4	Measures of dispersion- Range, percentiles, variance, SD, Mean deviation			
Unit II	Hypothesis Testing Of Means & ANOVA	15 lectures		
2.1	Hypothesis Testing Of Means			
2.1.1	Introduction – Hypothesis, Type I and Type II errors, One-tailed and two tailed			
2.1.2	tests,			
2.1.3	Hypothesis testing of mean - Z-test, t-test			
	Standard error			
2.2	ANOVA			
2.2.1	Introduction, Types of ANOVA			
Unit III	Hypothesis Testing Of Difference Between Means & Chi-square Test	15 lectures		
3.1	Hypothesis Testing Of Difference Between Means			
3.1.1	Hypothesis testing of difference between population means - Z-test, t-test			
	(Paired and unpaired)			
3.2	Chi-square Test			
3.2.1	Chi-square (Test of population variance, Test of goodness of fit, Test of			
	association), 2 x 2 Table, Yates' correction			
Unit IV	Normal Distribution, Probability and Correlation & Regression	15 lectures		
4.1	Normal Distribution			

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	4.1.1 Normal distribution and normal curve,					
4.1.2	Asymmetric distribution					
4.2	Probability					
4.2.1	Concept of probability: definition, Addition & Multiplication laws					
4.3	Correlation & Regression					
4.3.1	Correlation, Bivariate & multivariate distributions, Types of correlation, Measure					
	of correlation					
4.3.2	Regression, Types of regression, Regression coefficient					
4.3.2	Regression, Types of regression, Regression coefficient	- 0				
	4	07				
	PRACTICALS					
RPSBCHP	P204 Bioinformatics, Isolations & Microscopy	Credits 02				
	1) Isolation of starch from potato					
	2) Isolation of pectin from oranges					
	3) Estimation of alkaline phosphatase from moong seeds					
	4) Determination of density of sugar syrup					
	5) Capsule staining					
	<ul><li>6) One numerical problem each on –</li></ul>					
	a. Measures of central tendency – Mean, Median and Mode					
	<ul> <li>b. Measures of dispersion/variability – Mean Deviation, Standard</li> </ul>					
	Deviation and Coefficient of Variation_					
	d. Chi-square test					
	e. Simple and multiple regression					
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- 15) Jan 2015 by Victor W. Rodwell, David Bender, Kathleen M. Botham, Peter J. Kennelly.
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- 18) Human Physiology -Chatterjee.C.C, Medical Allied Agency
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- 26) Handbook of Pharmaceutical Natural Products by G Brahamachari, Wiley-VCH (2010) (ISBN 978-3-52732148-3)
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#### Suggested Readings for Paper 102,202 and Practical 102,202

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#### **MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT**

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

#### A) Internal Assessment - 40% (40 marks.)

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	MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT	5	
	nation Pattern: l Assessment - 40% (40 marks.)		
Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks	
1	One test/assignment/quiz/presentation	20	
2	One class Test (multiple choice questions / objective)	20	

#### B) External examination - 60 % (60 marks)

#### Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 marks

- i. Duration - These examinations shall be of **2 hours** duration.
- ii. Paper Pattern:
  - 1. There shall be 05 questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question & first question will be based on all the 4 units.

All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

	Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
0.0	Q.1)	Any 6 out of 8	12	Unit I, II, III, IV
	Q.2)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit I
	Q.2)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	
	Q.3)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit II
	Q.3)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	

Q.4)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit III	
Q.4)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06		
Q.5)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit IV	
Q.5)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06		
ctical Examination (A)Internal 1	Examination:		Scolle	se s
	Heading	Practical I, II, III & IV		
	Journal	05		
	Test	15		
	Total	20		

#### **Practical Examination Pattern:**

#### (A)Internal Examination:

05
15
20
)

#### (B) External (Semester end practical examination):

Particulars	$\sqrt{0}$	Practical I, II, III & IV
Laboratory wor	rk	25
Viva	7	5
Total		30
0.		

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Coordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

**Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern** 

Course	RPSBCH101		Course RPSBCH101 RPSBCH102			Grand Total	
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	20	30	<b>5</b> 0	20	30	50	100

Semester – I

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Course	RPSB	CH103		RPSB	CH104		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100

#### Semester – II

Course	RPSB	CH201		RPSB	CH202		Grand
							Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	

Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100

Course	RPSB	CH203		RPSB	CH204		Grand Total	2
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	20	2
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200	
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100	

Resolution No. AC/II(18-19).2.RPS2

# S.P.Mandali's

Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College



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Syllabus for M.Sc. II

Program: M.Sc.

# Course: Biochemistry (RPSBCH)

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

# Semester III

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Course Code	Unit	Topics	Credits	Lectures
	I	Paper I – Physiology & Metabolism – I	•	
	Ι	Carbohydrate metabolism		15
	II	Protein metabolism		15
RPSBCH301	III	Enzymes and isoenzymes of clinical	4	15
		importance		15
	IV	Haematopoiesis & related disorders		15
		Paper II – Nutrition & Pharmacology		
	I	Nutrition		15
RPSBCH302	II	Diet in Health & Disease	4	15
KFSDCH302	Ш	General Pharmacology	4	15
	IV	Pharmacodynamics & ADRs		15
		Paper III – Basics of Genetics		
	I	Genetics I		15
RPSBCH303	II	Genetics II	4	15
RPSDCH505	III	Regulation of Gene Expression	4	15
	IV	Chromosomal Abnormalities & Mutations		15
$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$		Paper IV – Basics of Immunology	·	
	Ι	Introduction to immune system		15
	II	Antigen & Antibody		15
RPSBCH304	III	Antigen- Antibody interactions &	4	15
Kr3DCH304		Complement system	4	15
	IV	Tumour Immunology, &		15
		Immunodeficiencies		15
RPSBCHP301	Haema	ntology	2	
RPSBCHP302		al Biochemistry	2	
RPSBCHP303	Geneti	cs	2	

2

		Semester IV	S	
Course Code	Unit	Topics	Credits	Lectures
	1	Paper I – Physiology & Metabolism – II		
	Ι	Lipid Metabolism		15
	II	Nucleotide Metabolism & Interrelationship		15
RPSBCH401		of Metabolisms	4	
	III	Disorders of Metabolism		15
	IV	Stem Cell & Apoptosis		15
		er II – Clinical Biochemistry & Pharmacolog	y	
	Ι	Body Fluids		15
	II	Organ Function		15
RPSBCH402	III	Pharmacokinetics & Bioassay	4	15
	IV	Therapeutic drugs & Drugs acting on		15
		Haematopoietic System		1.7
		Paper III – Advanced Genetics		
	Ι	Cell Cycle and its regulation & DNA		15
		Replication		
RPSBCH403	II	Transcription	4	15
$\sim$	III	Translation		15
	IV	Recombinant DNA Technology		15
5		Paper IV - Advanced Immunology		
	Ι	Cytokines		15
	II	TCR, Major Histocompatibility complex		15
RPSBCH404		&Transplant immunology	4	1.5
KI SDCI1404	III	Immunological Tolerance & Autoimmunity	+	15
			1	
	IV	Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines		15

			11
RPSBCHP401	Project work	2	
RPSBCHP402	Clinical Biochemistry	2	
RPSBCHP403	Genetics	2	
RPSBCHP404	Immunology, Serology & Colorimetry	2	
			olleos

Course Code: RPSBCH Course Title: Biochemistry Academic year 2019-20

#### **Learning Objectives:**

The overall goal of this MSc II course is to familiarize the students to the fields of physiology, metabolism, genetics, immunology, nutrition, clinical biochemistry and pharmacology.

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the MSc Part II course, the students would learn and understand the following:

1) Themetabolic processes which are essential part of Biochemistry and will further help them to understand the physiology of the human body.

2) The important physiological concepts like Hematopoiesis, water electrolyte balance introduced along with in-depth concepts of metabolism which forms the basis of Biochemistry.

- 3) Nutritional biochemistry and pharmacology which will enable them to explore various career opportunities in the fields of nutrition, dietetics, nutraceuticals, health & wellness, pharmaceuticals, etc.
- 4) The important genetic processes namely, DNA replication, transcription, translation & Recombinant DNA Technology increasing their knowledge of molecular biology.
- 5) Basics of human immune system, detailed study of various cells and organs involved.
- 6) Tumour immunology, immunodeficiencies, immunological tolerance, autoimmunity, transplant immunology and vaccines which will further increase their understanding of Human immune system in a better way.
- 7) All the practicals have been rearranged in accordance with the theory of each paper at each semester.

The over-all syllabus at the Post-Graduation level has been designed such that the student is well prepared to appear for competitive examinations held all over.

#### **Detailed Syllabus**

Course	Code Title	Credits
RPSBCH	1301 Physiology & Metabolism – I	04
Unit I	Carbohydrate Metabolism	15 lectures
1.1.1	Schematic representation of Glycosis & Kreb's cycle	
1.1.2	Glycogen Metabolism: Synthesis, breakdown, mechanisms of control of glyco metabolism - Direct Allosteric Control of Glycogen Phosphorylase and Glycog	
	Synthase, Covalent Modification of Enzymes by Cyclic Cascades, Hormonal	
1.1.3	regulation, Maintenance of Blood Glucose Levels	
1.1.5 1.1.4	Gluconeogenesis: Pathway and its Regulation, Futile cycle, Rapoport Luebering cycle, Cori cycle, Glucose-Alanine cycle& th	hair
1.1.4	significance	licii
1.1.5	Shuttles-Malate-Aspartate shuttle & Glycerol phosphate shuttle.	
1.1.6	Uronic acid pathway (biosynthesis, degradation & its significance),	
	Galactose and fructose metabolism; Sorbitol pathway, Glyoxylate pathway.	
1.1.7	Biosynthesis of oligosaccharides and glycoproteins	
1.1.8	Mucopolysaccharides; Stucture, function and disorders	
Unit II	Protein metabolism	15 lectures
2.1.1	Reactions of amino acids: Deamination, Transamination, Decarboxylation,	
	Transmethylation, Transdeamination,	

2.1.2		onia formation, transport and detoxification in brain and liver. Urea cycle-	
2.1.3	regulat Metab	olism of significant amino acids– Glycine, Phenylalanine, Tyrosine,	
2.1.3		phan Alanine, Sulphur containing amino acids	
2.1.4		tion of specialized products from amino acids and their functions-	
2.1.4		nione, creatine, creatinine, biogenic amines (dopamine, norepinephrine,	
		ne, serotonin, melatonin, GABA, Histamine) polyamines (Putrescine,	
	•	odine, Spermine)	
	Sperm	oune, spennine)	
Unit III	Enzyr	nes and isoenzymes of clinical importance	15 lectures
3.1.1	Introd	uction, Possible mechanisms for abnormal enzyme levels	
3.1.2	Clinic	al significance of enzyme assay – serum enzymes in heart diseases, liver	
	diseas	es, GIT diseases, Muscle diseases, Bone diseases	
3.1.3	Value	of enzymes in malignancies	
3.1.4	Isoenz	zymes & their clinical significance – LDH, CPK, Alkaline phosphatase	
Unit IV	Haem	atopoiesis & related disorders	15 lectures
4.1.1	Haema	atopoiesis, Hemoglobin Metabolism,	
4.1.2	Hb der	rivatives: Oxy, Reduced, Met, Carboxy, Carbamino	
4.1.3		globinopathies: 1) Haemolytic Anemia- Unstable Hb, 2) Hb with abnormal	
	$O_2$ affi	nity-High affinity (Polycythemia) Low affinity (Cyanosis) 3) Hb with	
		ral and synthetic Variation in globin chains : Sickle cell Anemia	
		tural) Alpha and Beta Thalassemia (Synthetic), Porphyrias	
4.1.4		sis & Alkalosis	
4.1.5	Blood	Gas Analysis (pH, pO ₂ , pCO ₂ , Bicarbonate) and interpretation	
		PRACTICALS	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
RPSBCH	P301	Haematology	Credits 02
		Haematological tests –	
		1) Bleeding time	
		2) Clotting Time	
		3) Packed Cell Volume	
	•	4) Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	
		5) Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's Haemoglobinometer	
	~ (	<ul><li>6) WBC Count</li><li>7) Total and differential WBC count</li></ul>	
	$\sim$	8) RBC Count	
		6) KBC Count	
5			
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		SEMESTER HI	
Course	Code	Title	Credits
RPSBCH	<b>H302</b>	Nutrition & Pharmacology	04
Unit I	Nutr	ition	15 lectures
1.1 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3	Carb polys Glyc Lipic Acid disor	ronutrients of Nutritional significance ohydrates: Role of Oligosaccharides, Dietary Fibre, Non-starch, saccharides, Prebiotics and Probiotics, Sugar alcohols in human nutrition, emic Index , Sweeteners ls: SFA, MCT, MUFA, PUFA, Trans fatty acids, Omega 3, 6 Fatty s and their implications on health, Biochemical functions and deficiency ders of essential fatty acids, fat replacers sins: Nitrogen Balance, Protein Energy Malnutrition-Clinical features,	
- (	Bioc Facto	hemical and Metabolic Changes, Nutritional Requirements. Anti-nutritional ors-Trypsin Inhibitors, Pressor Amines, Phytates, Oxalates. Quality of Protein ng system, Complementary value of Protein	
Unit II	Diet	in Health & Disease	15 lectures
2.1.1 2.1.2 2.1.3 2.1.4 2.1.5	adult Nutri Nutri Nutri Nutri	ition during pregnancy, lactation, infancy, childhood, adolescence, hood, ageing. ition for health & weight management. ition for Exercise and Sport performance. ition for bone health. ition for therapeutic condition: Hypertension, CVD, GI disorders, ic ulcer. H. Pylori), Diabetes mellitus, anemia, Renal disorders, CRF,	

	ARF, Jaundice				
Unit III	General Pharmacology	15 lectures			
3.1.1	Scope of pharmacology				
3.1.2	Sources, Classification and Nomenclature of drugs				
3.1.3	Dosage forms and routes of drug administration; Factors affecting dosage and	i 🖌			
	drug delivery				
3.1.4	Pharmacokinetics : LD 50, ED 50 Half Life, Loading dose, Maintenance dos	e e			
	(Explanation of terms only), Therapeutic dose, Therapeutic Index, Drug plas	ma			
	concentration, Volume of distribution, Clearance				
Unit IV	Pharmacodynamics & ADRs	15 lectures			
4.1	Pharmacodynamics				
4.1.1	Basis of Drug Action	15 lect			
4.1.2	Drug Receptor Interaction – Receptor Theory of Drug Action, Location of 4.	1.3			
4.1.3	Drug Receptor-G-Coupled Protein receptors				
4.1.4	Drug Acting on enzymes				
4.1.5	Non receptor mechanism				
4.1.6	Placebo effect				
4.1.7	Affinity and Intrinsic Activity				
4.1.8	Intensity of Drug Response – Potency and Efficacy				
4.1.9	Combined Effects of Drug – Synergism, Antagonism				
4.2	Adverse Drug Reactions (ADR)				
4.2.1	Definition and Types and Classification of ADR (Pharmacological, Non-				
4.2.2	pharmacological, Disease related, Multiple drug reactions)				
100	Repeated Dosage, Drug dependence, Over dosage, Acute poisoning				
4.2.3	General Principles of Management of Poisoning				
	PRACTICALS				
RPSBCH		Credits 02			
	1) Estimation of total and free gastric juice acidity				
	2) Lipid Profile –				
	a. Estimation of total cholesterol and HDL				
	b. Estimation of Triglycerides				
	c. Estimation of LDL by calculation				
_	3) Estimation of serum acid phosphatase				
~	4) Estimation of serum electrolytes sodium and potassium by Flam	ne			
	Photometry				
	5) Monograph of Aspirin				
	6) Estimation of Thiamine by Thiochrome method				
	7) Estimation of Riboflavin by Slater method				

SEMESTER III

Course	lode	Title			
RPSBCH	Basics of Genetics		04		
Unit I Genetics I		15 lectures			
1.1.1	Mendelian genetics: Mendel's experiment	ts & Laws			
1.1.2	Variations over Mendelian Genetics - Inco	omplete Dominance, Co-Dominance,	15 lect		
	Multiple Alleles, Pleiotropy, Polygenics, Epistasis, Linked Genes, Sex-linked				
1.1.3	Genes, Environmental influences on Gene	e Expression (Hormones, Sex-limited &			
1.1.4	Sex-influenced), Maternal Gene Effects				
1.1.5	Pedigree analysis, Problems based on thes	se concept			
1.2.1	Structure and characteristic of DNA & RI	NA - double helical structure			
1.2.2	A, B & Z DNA, liner and circular DNA.				
1.2.3	Tm of DNA, its relation to GC content,				
1.2.4	Types of RNA, structure & functions				
1.2.5	Cot curves and its significance, C-value p	aradox			
Unit II	Genetics II				
2.1	Organization of DNA in genome				
2.1.1	Histones, nucleosomes, structure of chro	omatin			
	Eukaryotic chromosomes, Unique and rep	petitive sequences of DNA			
2.1.2	Histone acetylation and deacetylation, DN	VA methylation			
2.2	Lampbrush & polytene chromosomes	-			

2.3	Genetic recombinations: Holliday models	
2.4.1	Gene mapping – Genome mapping (genetic mapping, Physical mapping)	
2.4.2	Tetrad analysis	
2.4.3	Problems based on above concept	
Unit III	Regulation of Gene Expression	15 lectures
3.1.1	Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes	
3.1.2	Introduction, Conditions affecting gene expression (positive and negative control, induction and repression)	0.9
3.1.3	Operon Model and its regulation Lac operon and its regulation (Catabolite repression), Lac I mutation- formation of merozygotes, cis-trans acting elements in gene expression Trp operon and its regulation (attenuation)	
3.2	Riboswitches	
3.2.1	Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes	
3.2.2	Regulatory transcription factors	
Unit IV	Chromosomal Abnormalities & Mutations	15 lectures
4.1.1	Chromosomal aberration	
4.1.2	Stuctural and numerical abnormalities	
4.1.3	Euploidy and aneuploidy (Autosomal and Sex chromosomes)	
4.1.4	Monosomies (Turner syndrome) Disomies and trisomies (Down Syndrome) and their causes	
4.2	Mutations	
4.2.1	Types of mutations	
4.2.2	Physical, chemical and Biological agents causing mutations	
4.2.3	Reverse mutations, Mutagenesis, Site directed mutagenesis, Ames test.	
4.3	DNA repair Mechanism	
4.3.1	Photoreactivation, base & nucleotide excision, mismatch repair SOS repair, recombinational repair	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	IP303 Genetics	Credits 02
	1) Qualitative tests for nucleic acids	
	2) Staining of nucleic acid	
	3) Study of Karyotypes	
	4) Isolation of DNA from germinating moong/onion/strawberry	
<b>A</b>	5) Study of viscosity of DNA solution	
	6) Estimation of DNA by DPA method	
<b>1</b> 0	7) Staining and visualization of mitochondria by Janus Green	
	Stain	

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Course Cod	SEMESTER III	Credits
Course Cod	e Title	Credits
RPSBCH304	e Title 4 Basics of Immunology	04
RPSBCH30 Unit I U	e Title 4 Basics of Immunology init I Human immune system	
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C	e     Title       4     Basics of Immunology       init I Human immune system       ells of the immune system:	04
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C           1.1.1         L	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear	04
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C           1.1.1         L           1.1.2         p	e     Title       4     Basics of Immunology       init I Human immune system       ells of the immune system:	04
RPSBCH30       Unit I     U       1.1     C       1.1.1     L       1.1.2     pi       1.2     C       1.2.1     P	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow	04
RPSBCH30       Unit I     U       1.1     C       1.1.1     L       1.1.2     p       1.2     C       1.2.1     P       1.2.2     S	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow         econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.	04
RPSBCH30         Unit I       U         1.1       C         1.1.1       L         1.1.2       pi         1.2       C         1.2.1       P         1.2.2       S         1.3       C	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system          ells of the immune system:          ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear          nagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.          rgans of the immune system          rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow          econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.          lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of	04
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C           1.1.1         L           1.1.2         pi           1.2         C           1.2.1         P           1.2.2         S           1.3         C	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         init I Human immune system       ells of the immune system:         ells of the immune system:       Mononuclear         agocytes, B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear       Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.       Mononuclear         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow       MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of       Mathematical based on types of	04
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C           1.1.1         L           1.1.2         pi           1.2         C           1.2.1         P           1.2.2         S           1.3         C           1.3.1         A	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         timary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow         econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of         ells involved –         ctive & Passive	04
RPSBCH30           Unit I         U           1.1         C           1.1.1         L           1.1.2         pi           1.2         C           1.2.1         P           1.2.2         S           1.3         C	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         nagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow         econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of         ells involved –         ctive & Passive         umoral & Cell mediated immunity	04
RPSBCH30         Unit I       U         1.1       C         1.1.1       L         1.1.2       pi         1.2       C         1.2.1       P         1.2.2       S         1.3       C         1.3.1       A         1.3.2       H         1.4       A	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         nit I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         timary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow         econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of         ells involved –         ctive & Passive	04
RPSBCH30         Unit I       U         1.1       C         1.1.1       L         1.1.2       pi         1.2       C         1.2.1       P         1.2.2       S         1.3       C         1.3.1       A         1.3.2       H         1.4       A         1.5.1       C	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         init I Human immune system       ells of the immune system:         ells of the immune system:       ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.       rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow       econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of ells involved –       ctive & Passive         umoral & Cell mediated immunity       ntigen processing and presentation: Pathways for Antigen Processing, Cytosolic nd endocytic pathway         verview of T cell development - maturation, differentiation and activation	04
RPSBCH30         Unit I       U         1.1       C         1.1.1       L         1.1.2       pi         1.2       C         1.2.1       P         1.2.2       S         1.3       C         1.3.1       A         1.3.2       H         1.4       A         1.5.1       C         1.5.2       C	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         init I Human immune system         ells of the immune system:         ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.         rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow         econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of         ells involved –         ctive & Passive         umoral & Cell mediated immunity         ntigen processing and presentation: Pathways for Antigen Processing, Cytosolic         nd endocytic pathway         verview of T cell development - maturation, differentiation and activation         verview of B cell development - maturation, differentiation and activation;	04
RPSBCH30         Unit I       U         1.1       C         1.1.1       L         1.1.2       pi         1.2       C         1.2.1       P         1.2.2       S         1.3       C         1.3.1       A         1.3.2       H         1.4       A         1.5.1       C         1.5.2       C         R       R	e       Title         4       Basics of Immunology         init I Human immune system       ells of the immune system:         ells of the immune system:       ymphocytes – B cells and T cells, Natural killer cells – Mononuclear         hagocytes, Granulocytes, Antigen presenting cells.       rgans of the immune system         rimary lymphoid organs: Thymus, Bone marrow       econdary lymphoid organs: Lymphatic system, Lymph nodes, Spleen, MALT.         lassification of immunity based on mode of acquisition and based on types of ells involved –       ctive & Passive         umoral & Cell mediated immunity       ntigen processing and presentation: Pathways for Antigen Processing, Cytosolic nd endocytic pathway         verview of T cell development - maturation, differentiation and activation	04

Unit II	Unit II Antigen- Antibody	15 lectures
2.1	Antigens: Antigenecity, immunogenecity, epitope, factors determining	
	immunogenecity, Haptens, adjuvants.	
2.2	Antibodies: Fine structure of immunoglobulin, Antibody mediated functions,	
	Antibody classes, Monoclonal antibodies (Production & applications).	
2.3	Antibody diversity: Multigene organization of immunoglobulin genes – Lambda,	
2.3	kappa & heavy chain	
2.3.1	Light chain DNA – VJ rearrangements	
2.3.2	Heavy chain DNA - VDJ rearrangements	
2.3.2	Theavy chain DIVA - VDJ rearrangements	
Unit III	Unit III Antigen- Antibody interactions & Complement system	15 lectures
3.1	Antigen- Antibody interactions	
3.1.1	Č .	
	Forces involved, antibody affinity, antibody avidity.	
3.1.2	Precipitation reactions – Oudins, Ouchterlony	
3.1.3	Agglutination reactions : Blood typing, bacterial agglutination,	
3.1.4	Passive agglutination, agglutination inhibition, Coomb's test.	
3.1.5	Immunoelectrophoresis : Principles of Radioimmunoassay, ELISA,	
	Immunofluorescence, Western Blotting	
3.2	Complement system	
3.2.1	Components of complement;	
3.2.2	Complement activation – Classical, Alternate & Lectin pathway; formation of	
	membrane attack complex.	
3.2.3	Biological consequences of complement activation.[in brief]	
Unit IV	Unit IV Tumour immunology & Immunodeficiencies	15 lectures
4.1.1	Physiology of Tumourous cells	
4.1.2	Carcinogens: Types (Physical, Chemical and Biological); Environmental Factor.	
4.1.3	Role of p53, oncogenes and Tumour suppressor genes	
4.1.3		
	Conversion of proto-oncogenes to oncogenes	
4.1.5	Cancer therapy (Chemo – purine, pyrimidine and folate analogs)	
4.2	Immunodeficiencies	
4.2.1	Classification of immunodeficiencies: primary and secondary	
4.3	Immunology of HIV/AIDS :	
4.3.1	Structure and genetics basis of AIDS virus.	
4.3.2	Replication of AIDS Virus, destruction of CD4 T cells	
4.3.3	AIDS Therapy	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	P304 Immunology & Serology	Credits 02
10	Serological tests –	
	1) Rheumatoid arthritis factor	
	2) C-reactive protein test	
	3) Widal Qualitative test	
	4) Widal Quantitative test	
	5) Immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony double diffusion method	
	Demonstration Experiments –	
	1) RIA	

2) FLISA
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		2) ELISA	
			<u> </u>
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		XV	
		SEMESTER IV	
Course C	Code	SEMESTER IV Title	Credits
Course C RPSBCH			Credits 04
	401	Title	
RPSBCH	401 Lipi	Title Physiology & Metabolism – II	04
RPSBCH Unit I	401 Lipi Sche acids	Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty         and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1	401 Lipi Sche acids chair	Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)	04
RPSBCH Unit I	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism& related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases & urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases & urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases & urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li	Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism& related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases & urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes' near pathway of leucotrienes.	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos	Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism& related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases & urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and         pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism& related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty         and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd         a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &         urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and         otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'         near pathway of leucotrienes.         pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,         ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir Lipo	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty         and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd         a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &         urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and         otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'         near pathway of leucotrienes.         pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,         ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.         protein Metabolism : Metabolisam of chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL,	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir Lipo trans	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism& related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty         and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd         a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &         urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and         otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'         near pathway of leucotrienes.         pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,         ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.         protein Metabolism : Metabolisam of chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL,         port lipoproteins and membrane lipoproteins	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2 1.3 1.4	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir Lipo trans Adip	Title         Title         Physiology & Metabolism – II         d Metabolism & related disorders         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty         and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd         a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)         matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &         urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.         esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization         hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and         otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'         near pathway of leucotrienes.         pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,         ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.         protein Metabolism : Metabolisam of chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL,	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2 1.3 1.4	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir Lipo trans Adip	Title           Physiology & Metabolism – II           d Metabolism& related disorders           matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty           a and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd           a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)           matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &           urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.           esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization           hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and           otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'           near pathway of leucotrienes.           pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,           ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.           protein Metabolism : Metabolisam of chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL,           port lipoproteins and membrane lipoproteins           ose tissue Metabolism, fatty liver, ketone bodies-formation, utilization,	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.2 1.3 1.4	401 Lipi Sche acids chair Sche desat Chol Arac leuko the li Phos sphir Lipo trans Adip ketos	Title           Physiology & Metabolism – II           d Metabolism& related disorders           matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid oxidation of unsaturated fatty           a and odd carbon chain fatty acid oxidation ( saturated, unsaturated, odd           a, even chain, peroxisomal minor pathways of fatty acids oxidation)           matic representation (*only) of Fatty acid biosynthesis, Elongases &           urases, synthesis of Triacylglcerol.           esterol: Biosynthesis, control, transport, utilization           hidonate metabolism: Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes and           otrienes, the cyclic pathway of prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, thromboxanes'           near pathway of leucotrienes.           pholipid, glycolipid and lipoprotein: metabolism of glycerophospholipids,           ngolipids, sphingophospholipids, sphingoglycolipids.           protein Metabolism : Metabolisam of chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL,           port lipoproteins and membrane lipoproteins           ose tissue Metabolism, fatty liver, ketone bodies-formation, utilization,	04

2.1.1	Metabolism of Purine and pyrimidine	
2.1.2	Biosynthesis and degradation	
2.1.3	Regulation of purine metabolism	
2.1.4	Salvage pathway	
2.1.5	Inhibitors	
2.2	Integration of metabolism	
2.2.1	Integration of major metabolic pathways of energy metabolism	0
2.2.2	Organ specialization and metabolic integration –Liver, Adipose tissues, Skeletal muscle, Brain, Kidney	Ó
2.2.3	Metabolism of Well-fed state and starvation - Liver, Adipose tissues, Skeletal muscle, Brain	60
2.2.4	Metabolic homeostasis: Regulation of appetite, energy expenditure and body weight	
	weight	
Unit III	Metabolic disorders	15 lectures
3.1	Inborn errors of metabolism - Introduction	
3.2	Disorders related to Carbohydrate Metabolism:	
	Glycogen storage diseases and its types, Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase	
	deficiency disease, Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome, Fabry's disease	
	Classical galactosemia, essential fructosuria	
3.3	Disorders related to Protein Metabolism:	
	Hyperammonemia, Glycinuria, Primary Hyperoxaluria, Phenyl ketonuria,	
	Tyrosinemia & its types, Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Metabolic disorders of urea	
	cycle, Hartnup's disease, Cystinuria, Cystinosis, Homocystinuria &its types,	
	Maple syrup disease	
3.4	Disorders related to Lipid Metabolism:	
	Wolman disease	
	Disorders of Fatty acid oxidation – Genetic deficiencies in carnitine transport and	
	Acyl CoA dehydrogenase (Jamaican vomiting sickness, SIDS), Refsum's disease	
	Disorders of Sphingolipids – Neimann-Pick, Farber's disease, Tay-Sach's and	
	Sphingolipidoses	
	Disorders of lipoprotein metabolism – Hypo and hyper lipoproteinemias,	
	Deficicency of LDL receptors	
	Disorders of glycolipids – Gaucher & Krabbe's disease	
3.5	Disorders related to Nucleic acid Metabolism: Purine metabolism disorders (Gout	
	and its types, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome), Pyrimidine metabolism disorders (Orotic	
A.	aciduria, Reye's syndrome)	
Unit IV	Stem Cell & Apoptosis	15 lectures
4.1.1	Types of stem cells and their properties.	
	Unipotent, totipotent, multipotent, pluripotent, oligopotent stem cells.	
	Sources of stem cells with advantages and disadvantages – Embryonic stem cells,	
	adult stem cells, induced pluripotent stem cell	
4.1.2	Characterization, microarray analysis and differentiation of stem cells	
4.1.3	Stem Cell Research	
		1

4.1.4	Thera	peutic applications of stem cells.	
4.2 Apopt			
4.2.1			
4.2.2	Role of caspases in apoptosis		
4.2.3		anism (Intrinsic & Extrinsic pathway)	
			-
DDCDCI		PRACTICALS	Credits 02
RPSBC	HP401	Project Work	Creans 02
20		<ol> <li>GUIDELINE TO CARRY OUT PROJECTWORK</li> <li>The main purpose of introduction of Project Work at MSc II is to inculcate research culture at Post-graduation level. It will also make the students familiar with Research Methodology i.e. reference work, experimental work, data analysis of experimental data, interpretation of results obtained, writing of project work and compilation of bibliography in proper order.</li> <li>Each student shall complete a small research project during their academic year of MSc II. However, the initial reference work for the project can be started after the conclusion of MSc I Semester II examination and summer vacation to MSc H.</li> <li>Nature of Research Project:-Experimental-based or literature survey involving laboratory analytical work will be considered as the Research Project.</li> <li>Duration of Project work:-Using the infrastructure available in the Biochemistry Department, RamnarainRuia Autonomous College, the duration to complete the project work will be from the commencement of the project work till the end of January of MSc II (Sem IV) academic year.</li> <li>Schedule for Submission of project Work:-Experimental work or literature survey must be completed and the report on the same (2 Copies) will have to be submitted by the end of January of MSc II (Sem IV) academic year.</li> <li>The project should be divided into the following parts:         <ul> <li>a) Certification of completion of Project Work</li> <li>b) Acknowledgement</li> <li>c) Introduction</li> <li>d) Review of Related Literature</li> <li>e) Aims and Objectives</li> <li>f) Plan of work</li> <li>g) Material and Methods</li> <li>h) Results</li> <li>i) Discussion &amp; Conclusion</li> <li>j) Future Prospects</li> <li>k) Bibliography</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	
		<ul> <li>GUIDELINE FOR THE ASSESMENT OF PROJECT WORK</li> <li>1. The practical 401 of Sem IV (Course Code No. RPSBCHP401) shall be exclusively devoted for the project.</li> </ul>	

	2. Each	n student will complete the project (2 copies) and get both
	the o	copies certified by the guiding teacher and the Head of
	Dept	t. (HOD) by January of MSc II (Sem IV) academic year.
	3. One	copy of the certified project will be submitted to the
	Depa	artment; while the other copy will be retained by the
	-	ents for his/ her personal record.
		candidate is required to present the Research Project to the
		niner followed by Viva- Voce examination based on the
		ect work by the examiner.
0	1 0	owing Marking Scheme shall be considered while assessing
7	the proje	
	the proje	
		Particular Marks
		Project Work (Contents Submitted in the
	a)	bound form) 30
		Presentation of Project Work
	b)	toExaminer 10
	c)	Viva- voce Exam based in Project Work 10
		TOTAL 50

# SEMESTER IV

Course	Code Title	Credits
RPSBC	H402 Clinical Biochemistry& Pharmacology	04
Unit I	Body Fluids	15 lectures
1.1	Composition and Functions of Body Fluids in Health and Disease	
1.1.1	Plasma, lymph, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, gastric juice, pleural fluid, saliv sweat and tears, synovial fluid, bile	/a,
1.1.2	Blood Coagulation	
1.1.3	Hyperbilirubinemia	
Unit II	Organ Function	15 lectures
2.1	Organ Function Tests. Biochemical Assessments and Changes in Endocrino	e
	Disorders	
2.1.1	Liver Function test	
2.1.2	Renal Function test including mechanism of urine formation	
2.1.3	Gastric and Pancreatic Function test	
2.1.4	Thyroid Function test	
2.1.5	Cardiac Profile	

2.1.6	Biochemical assessment and changes in Endocrine disorder( Pituitary, Thyroid, Adrenal Medulla, Adrenal Cortex, Ovaries, tastes)	
Unit III	Pharmacokinetics & Bioassay	15 lectures
3.1.1	Pharmacodynamics, Physicochemical properties of drugs,	
3.1.2	Drug absorption : through-GIT, pulmonary, renal, placental and blood-brain	0
	barrier	
3.1.3	Bioavailability and Bioequivalence	
3.1.4	Drug Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion	
3.2.1	Bioassays : Need for bioassay, Principles and methods of bioassay, Applications	
	of bioassay	
3.2.2	Preclinical and clinical evaluation, Therapeutic drug monitoring	
Unit IV	Therapeutic drugs & Drugs acting on Haematopoietic System	15 lectures
4.1	Therapeutic drugs : ( Mechanism of action and adverse effects)	
4.1.1	Anti inflammatory – non steroid anti inflammatory NSAID [Ibuprofen],	
	Salicylates – [Aspirins]	
4.1.2	Cardiovascular drugs- CVS [Ca channel blocker-Amlodipine, and Beta blocker –	
	Proprenolol]	
4.1.3	Antibiotic – Penicillin and Sulphonamide	
4.1.4	Antacid- Proton pump blocker –Omeprazole	
4.2	Drugs acting on Haemopoietic System	
4.2.1	Metabolism of iron	
4.2.2	Iron therapy: Oral Iron preparations, Parental Iron preparations, Toxicity of Iron:	
	Desferrioxamine Mesylate	
4.2.3	Folic Acid (Pteroylglutamic acid) : Mode of Action, Therapeutic Uses	
4.2.4	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin): Mode of Action, Therapeutic Uses	
4.2.5	Hydroxycobalamin	
4.2.6	Erythropoietin	
4.2.7	Colony Stimulating Factors: Filigrastim, Lenograstim, Molgramostim	
4.2.8	Anti-coagulants – Mechanism of Haemostasis	
	Intravenous anticoagulants – Heparin	
	Oral anticoagulants – Coumarin derivatives & Indanedione derivatives	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH		Credits 02
KFSDUI		Creatis 02
	1) Liver Function Tests –	
	a. Estimation of serum ALT and AST	
	b. Estimation of total and direct bilirubin	
<b>\`O`</b>	c. Estimation of serum alkaline phosphatase	
	d. Estimation of total proteins, albumin and determination	
	of A/G ratio	
	e. Estimation of serum albumin by Bromocresol Green	
	(BCG) binding method	
	2) Renal Function tests –	
	a. Creatinine clearance test	
	b. Urea clearance test	

	2) Demonstric Franctican Tract	
	3) Pancreatic Function Test	
	<ul><li>a. Estimation of serum amylase activity</li><li>b. Glucose Tolerance Test</li></ul>	
	4) Urine report –Abnormal constituents 5) Clinical analysis of CSE	
	5) Clinical analysis of CSF –	
	<ul><li>a. Estimation of glucose in CSF</li><li>b. Estimation of proteins in CSF</li></ul>	
	c. Estimation of chlorides in CSF	
	Demonstration Experiments –	
	1) Estimation of serum glycosylated haemoglobin	
	<ul><li>2) Separation of LDH isoenzymes by PAGE</li></ul>	
	nomous	
	SEMESTER IV	
Course Code	Title	Credits
RPSBCH403	Advanced Genetics	04

	SEMESTER IV	
Course C	Course Code Title	
RPSBCH	403 Advanced Genetics	04
Unit I	Cell Cycle and its regulation & DNA Replication	15 lectures
1.1	Cell cycle and its regulation	
1.1.1	Phases of cell cycle and its regulation (Cyclins & CDKs)	
1.1.2	State of DNA in different phases of cell cycle	
1.2	Replication of DNA	
1.2.1	Replication of DNA (in prokaryotes)	
1.2.2	Modes of DNA replication: Theta & rolling circle	
1.2.3	Enzymes (pol I, II and III) and accessory proteins	
1.2.4	Mechanism of semi-conservative replication (Initiation, elongation & termination)	
1.3	Replication of DNA (in eukaryotes)	
1.3.1	Enzymes (pol $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ , $\delta$ , $\epsilon$ ) and accessory proteins	
1.3.2	Mechanism (Pre-RC assembly, Initiation, elongation & termination)	
1.3.3	Role of telomerase (End replication problem)	

Unit II	Transcription	15 lectures
2.1.1	Transcription in prokaryotes	
2.1.2	Prokaryotic RNA polymerase and promoter; Transcription unit, Upstream	
	regulatory sequences,	
2.1.3	Mechanism of RNA transcription: Initiation, elongation and termination (Type I	
	& II)	
2.1.4	Mechanism of RNA transcription by RNAP I, II & III	
2.1.5	Comparative overview of transcription in prokaryotes & eukaryotes	$\circ$
2.1.6	Processing of tRNA, rRNA, mRNA (prokaryotes and eukaryotes)	00
2.1.7	Concept of split genes, reverse transcription.	
2.1.8	Role of Inhibitor-Rifampicin, Actinomycin D	
Unit III	Translation	15 lectures
3.1.1	Translation (protein biosynthesis) in prokaryotes	
3.1.2	Genetic code, mechanism of translation: Activation of amino acids, chain	
	initiation, elongation & termination	
3.1.3	Comparative overview of translation in prokaryotes & eukaryotes	
3.1.4	Signal hypothesis	
3.1.5	Post translational modifications of proteins (proteolytic cleavage, acylation,	
	phosphorylation, methylation, glycosylation), Protein targeting	
3.1.6	Inhibitors of translation	
Unit IV	Recombinant DNA Technology	15 lectures
4.1.1	Introduction of RDT	
4.1.2	Tools for RDT - (a) Enzymes- Restriction endonucleases, ligases, terminal	
	transferases, reverse transcriptase: (b) Cloning and Expression Vectors- Plasmid,	
	pBR 322, PUC-19, Bacteriophage - Lambda phage; Cosmid; Artificial	
	Chromosomes(BAC and YAC); Shuttle vectors; (c) Probes- DNA probes	
4.1.3	Applications of RDT- Agriculture (Bt Cotton); Medicine (Insulin); GM food	
4.1.4	Isolation of gene: Gene library and c-DNA library; Southern blot; Northern blot;	
4.1.5	Gene Transfer: Transformation, Transfection, Electroporation, Microinjection,	
	Liposome, Microprojectile (in brief)	
4.1.6	Selection and screening- Antibiotic and colony hybridization	
4.1.7	DNA Amplification by PCR	
	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCH	P403 Genetics	Credits 02
	1) Study of stages of mitosis using plant root tip	
	<ul><li>2) Isolation of RNA from Baker's dry yeast</li></ul>	
	3) Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method	
$\sim$	<ul><li>4) Estimation of UV absorption of nucleic acids</li></ul>	
	5) Smear technique to demonstrate sex chromatin in buccal	
	epithelial cells	
	6) PCR	
	<b>Demonstration Experiments</b> –	
	1) Ames test	

2) DNA sequencing – Maxam Gilbert Method and Sanger's	
Method	
3) Blotting Techniques – Southern, Northern and Western	

	Method 3) Blotting Techniques – Southern, Northern and Western	
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	RUIANN	
	SEMESTER IV	
Course (		Credits
Course ( RPSBCH	Code Title	Credits 04
	Code Title	
RPSBCH Unit I	Code     Title       I404     Advanced Immunology       Cytokines       Cytokines & its Properties	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2	Code     Title       I404     Advanced Immunology       Cytokines       Cytokines & its Properties       Structural families of cytokines and biological functions	04
RPSBCH Unit I	Code       Title         Id04       Advanced Immunology         Cytokines       Cytokines         Cytokines & its Properties       Structural families of cytokines and biological functions         Cytokine receptors & its classification       Cytokine antagonists	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5	Code       Title         I404       Advanced Immunology         Cytokines       Cytokines         Cytokines & its Properties       Structural families of cytokines and biological functions         Cytokine receptors & its classification       Cytokine antagonists         Cytokine secretion by TH1 and TH2 subsets       Cytokine secretion	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4	Code       Title         I404       Advanced Immunology         Cytokines       Cytokines         Cytokines & its Properties       Structural families of cytokines and biological functions         Cytokine receptors & its classification       Cytokine antagonists         Cytokine secretion by TH1 and TH2 subsets       Cytokine related disorders (Bacterial Septic shock, Bacterial Toxic shock,	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6	Code       Title         404       Advanced Immunology         Cytokines         Cytokines & its Properties         Structural families of cytokines and biological functions         Cytokine receptors & its classification         Cytokine secretion by TH1 and TH2 subsets         Cytokine related disorders (Bacterial Septic shock, Bacterial Toxic shock, Cancers, Chagas Disease), Therapeutic uses of cytokines	04
<b>RPSBCH</b> <b>Unit I</b> 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5	Code       Title         I404       Advanced Immunology         Cytokines       Cytokines         Cytokines & its Properties       Structural families of cytokines and biological functions         Cytokine receptors & its classification       Cytokine antagonists         Cytokine secretion by TH1 and TH2 subsets       Cytokine related disorders (Bacterial Septic shock, Bacterial Toxic shock,	04

Characterize of T will as a sector model. The DNA sector as a sector of	
Structure of T cell receptor, multi-gene family, DNA gene rearrangement	
T cell receptor complex, accessory molecules, self MHC restriction of T cell	
receptor	
General organization and inheritance of MHC.	
Structure of Class I and Class II HLA Molecules and organization of Class I and	
Class II HLA Genes. Cellular distribution of MHC Molecules	
Regulation of MHC Expression- Determinant Selection Model, Holes in the	
Repertoire Model	
MHC and susceptibility to disease	
Antigen processing and presentation: Pathways for Antigen Processing, Cytosolic	
and endocytic pathway & Self MHC Restriction of T Cell	
Immunological basis of graft rejection	
Mechanism of graft rejection: Sensitization and effector stage	
Clinical manifestation of graft rejection	
Allograft rejection displays specificity and memory	
Tissue typing and laboratory investigations- microcytotoxicity test, mixed	
lymphocyte reaction (HLA Typing)	
General and specific immunosuppressive therapy	
Immunological Tolerance & Autoimmunity	15 lectures
arthritis, Multiple sclerosis)	
artifitis, Wattiple selectosis)	
Diagnostic & prognostic value of auto antibodies- Treatment of autoimmune	
Diagnostic & prognostic value of auto antibodies- Treatment of autoimmune diseases	
diseases	
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity	
diseases	
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity	15 lectures
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines	15 lectures
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines Immune Response & effector mechanism towards infectious diseases - Viral,	15 lectures
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines Immune Response & effector mechanism towards infectious diseases - Viral, Bacterial, Fungal and Protozoal diseases & Helminthes infections	15 lectures
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines Immune Response & effector mechanism towards infectious diseases - Viral, Bacterial, Fungal and Protozoal diseases &Helminthes infections Vaccines	15 lectures
diseases Role of CD4, T cell, MHC and TCR in autoimmunity Proposed mechanisms for induction of auto immunity Immune response to infectious diseases & Vaccines Immune Response & effector mechanism towards infectious diseases - Viral, Bacterial, Fungal and Protozoal diseases &Helminthes infections Vaccines Active & Passive immunization, Designing vaccines (factors)	15 lectures
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	receptor General organization and inheritance of MHC. Structure of Class I and Class II HLA Molecules and organization of Class I and Class II HLA Genes. Cellular distribution of MHC Molecules Regulation of MHC Expression- Determinant Selection Model, Holes in the Repertoire Model MHC and susceptibility to disease Antigen processing and presentation: Pathways for Antigen Processing, Cytosolic and endocytic pathway & Self MHC Restriction of T Cell Immunological basis of graft rejection Mechanism of graft rejection: Sensitization and effector stage Clinical manifestation of graft rejection Allograft rejection displays specificity and memory Tissue typing and laboratory investigations- microcytotoxicity test, mixed lymphocyte reaction (HLA Typing) General and specific immunosuppressive therapy <b>Immunological Tolerance &amp; Autoimmunity</b> Immunological Tolerance General characteristics of B and T cell tolerance Mechanisms of tolerance inductions self tolerance Potential therapeutic applications of tolerance Autoimmunity and autoimmune Diseases their etiology Organ specific autoimmune diseases (Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Myasthenia gravis and Insulin dependent diabetes mellitus) Systemic Autoimmune diseases (Systemic lupus erythomatous, Rheumatoid

	PRACTICALS	
RPSBCHP404	Immunology & Serology	Credits 02
	1) Blood Grouping by ABO and Rh Method	
	2) VDRL Qualitative test	
	3) VDRL Quantitative test	
	4) Pregnancy test 5) Immunadiffusion by radial mathed	
	<ul><li>5) Immunodiffusion by radial method</li><li>6) Spectroscopic estimation of aspirin hydrolysate</li></ul>	
		5
	RUIQ	

# **References:**

# Suggested Readings for paper 301 and 401 and Practical 301 and 401

- 1) Lewin Benjamin, Genes (Latest edition) Oxford Univ. Press
- 2) Jha A.P. Genes and Evolution 1993, Macmillan, Delhi.
- 3) Williamson Robert, Genetic Engineering I, Academic Press
- 4) Williamson Robert, Genetic Engineering 2, Academic Pres
- 5) Fisher R.A. Genetic Theory of Natural Selection, RESTE, New Delhi.
- 6) MitraSnadhya, Genetic Engineering: Principles and Practice, Macmillan India Pvt. Ltd.
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- 8) Hayes, William, Genetics of Bacteria and Viruses, CBS Publisher, New Delhi.

- 9) Bain Bridge Brian W, Genetics of Microbes, 1980, Blackie and Son, London
- 10) Winchester A.M. Genetics: A Survey of Principles of Heredity, Oxford IBH Public Co.

#### Suggested Readings for paper 302 and 402 and Practical 302 and 402

- 1) Weir D.M., immunology, 5th ed., ELBS and Churchill Livingston.
- 2) Chakravarthy A.K. Immunology, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3) Callaghan Richard B. Immunology, Academic Press
- 4) Weir D.M., Immunology: Student's Notes, ELBS- Oxford.
- 5) Bowry T.R., Immunology Simplified, 2nd Ed., ELBS and Oxford.
- 6) Ivan, Immunology Method Manual, Vol. 4 1997, Academic Press, Sani Diego.
- 7) Roitt Ivan and others, Immunology, 6th Ed., Mosby, Edinburg.
- 8) Kuby, Janis, Immunology. 3rd Ed., 1997, W.H. Freeman Co.
- 9) Hood Leroy E., Immunology, 2nd Ed., 1976, Benjamin Cummings Publication
- 10) Topley Wilson, Topley and Wilson's Principle of Bacteriology, Virology and immunity Edward Arnold Ltd., London

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# Suggested Readings for paper 303 and 403 and Practical 303 and 403

- 1) Greenberg David M Metabolic Pathways. Vols 2 and 3, 3rd editions. Academic Press, New York
- Henry Richard et al Clinical Chemistry, Principles and Techniques, 2nd edition, Harper and Row, New York
- 3) Kamal SH Clinical Biochemistry for Medical Technologies, Churchill Livingston, London
- 4) Todd et al Clinical Diagnosis and Management, 17th edition, WB Saunders, Philadelphia
- 5) Stokes Joan et al Clinical Microbiology, Edward Arnold, London
- 6) Gill CV Short cases in clinical biochemistry, Churchill Livingston, Edinburgh, 1984
- 7) RaoRanganathan Text book of biochemistry 3rd edition, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 8) Rodrigues Fred K Carbohydrate chemistry with clinical correlations, New Age International, New Delhi
- 9) BayensDominiezak Medical biochemistry, Mosby Publishers, Harcourt, 1999

# Suggested Readings for paper 304 and 404 and Practical 304 and 404

- 1) Anderson I et al. Nutrition in Health and Disease, 17th ed., 1982, J.B. Lippincott Co.,
- 2) Anita F.P., Clinical Dietetics and Nutrition's, 4th ed., 1997 Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3) Bennion H., Clinical Nutrition, 1979, Harper Row, New York.
- 4) Carolyn E., et al, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 7th Ed.,2000, Delmer Publishers
- 5) Gopalan C et al, Dietary Allowances for Indians, NIH, Hyderbad.
- 6) Gopalan C et al, Nutritive Value of Indian Foods, 1988, NIH, Hyderabad.
- 7) Halpern S.L., Quick reference to Clinical nutrition, 2nd Ed., 1987, J.B.Lippincott Co.
- 8) Kinney J.M. et.al, Nutrition and Metabolism in Patient Care, 19th ed., 1999, W.B. Saunders and Co.
- 9) Pike R.L. and Brown M.L., Nutrition: An Integrated Approach, 1987, John Wiley and Sons.

- 10) Robinson C.et al, Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition, 16th Ed., 1982, Macmillan Publishing Co.
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- 13) Williams S., Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 4th Ed., The C.V. Mosby Co., Missouri.
- 14) Essentials of Pharmacotherapeutics, 3rd Ed., By F.S.K.Barar, S chand& Company Ltd. 2005.
- 15) Pharmaceutical chemistry, G Melentyeva L LAntonova Mir Publishers, Moscow
- 16) Chemical Pharmacology, R B Barlow, 2nd Ed, Methven and CO. New Fetters Lane
- 17) Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I, 3rd Ed, Alfred Burga, Wiley Inter sciences

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19) Pharmacology, B Suresh, 1st Ed. Shanti, Publication.

# MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

# **Theory Examination Pattern:**

#### B) Internal Assessment - 40% :40 marks.

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One test/assignment/quiz/presentation	20
2	One class Test (multiple choice questions / objective)	20
Externa	al examination - 60 %	
nester E	and Theory Assessment - 60 marks	

# B) External examination - 60 %

# Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 marks

- Duration These examinations shall be of 2 hours duration. iii.
- Paper Pattern: iv.
  - 3. There shall be 05 questions each of 12 marks. On each unit there will be one question & first question will be based on all the 4 units.
  - 4. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1)	Any 6 out of 8	12	Unit I, II, III, IV
Q.2)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit I
Q.2)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	
Q.3)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit II
Q.3)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	
Q.4)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit III
Q.4)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	
Q.5)A)	Any 2 out of 3	06	Unit IV
Q.5)B)	Any 1 out of 2	06	

# **Practical Examination Pattern:**

#### (A)Internal Examination:

Heading	Practical I
Journal	05
Test	15
Total	20

#### (B) External (Semester end practical examination):

Particulars	Practical 1
Laboratory work	25
Viva	5
Total	30

# PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Coordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

# **Overall Examination and Marks DistributionPattern**

Semester -	– III
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Course	RPSBCH301			RPSBCH302			Grand Total		
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	100		
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200		
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100		

Course	RPSB	CH303		RPSBCH5P304			Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100

Semester – IV

Course	RPSB	CH401		RPSB	CH402	Grand	
							Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100
	*		-				

0	Course	RPSBCH403			RPSBC	H5P404		Grand Total
X		Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
•	Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
	Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	100

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