## S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for Program: M.Sc. Biotechnology

Program: MSc I

**Program Code: (RPSBTK)** 

(As per the guidelines of NEP2020-Academic year 2024-25)



#### **GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES**

S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College has adopted the Outcome Based Education model to make its science graduates globally competent and capable of advancing in their careers. The Bachelors Program in Science also encourages students to reflect on the broader purpose of their education.

GA	GA Description
	A student completing Master's Degree in Science program will be able to:
GA1	Demonstrate in depth understanding in the relevant science discipline. Recall,
	explain, extrapolate and organize conceptual scientific knowledge for execution and
	application
	and also to evaluate its relevance.
GA 2	Critically evaluate, analyze and comprehend a scientific problem. Think creatively,
	experiment and generate a solution independently, check and validate it and modify if
	necessary.
GA 3	Access, evaluate, understand and compare digital information from various sources
	and apply it for scientific knowledge acquisition as well as scientific data analysis and
	presentation.
GA 4	Articulate scientific ideas, put forth a hypothesis ,design and execute testing tools and
	draw relevant inferences. Communicate the research work in appropriate scientific
GA 5	language.  Demonstrate initiative, competence and tenacity at the workplace. Successfully plan
<b>O</b> A 3	and execute tasks independently as well as with team members. Effectively
	communicate and present complex information accurately and appropriately to different
	groups.
	giodpoi
GA 6	Use an objective, unbiased and non-manipulative approach in collection and
	interpretation of scientific data and avoid plagiarism and violation of Intellectual Property
	Rights. Appreciate and be sensitive to environmental and sustainability issues and
	understand its scientific significance and global relevance.
GA 7	Translate academic research into innovation and creatively design scientific solutions
	to problems. Exemplify project plans, use management skills and lead a team for
200	planning and execution of a task.
GA 8	Understand cross disciplinary relevance of scientific developments and relearn and
	reskill so as to adapt to technological advancements.

#### **PROGRAM OUTCOMES**

РО	Description
	A student completing Master's Degree in Science program in the subject of Biotechnology will be able to:
PO 1	Perceive the fundamental and advanced concepts in depth in the areas of biochemistry, molecular biology, immunology, medical microbiology and applying the conceptual knowledge to address the real time problems and exploring plausible solutions.
PO 2	Annotate the vast amount of biological data by retrieving, processing and analyzing through various tools of bioinformatics and biostatistics.
PO 3	Criticize and assess the phases encountered from laboratory to premarketing stages in clinical research along with reviewing case studies.
PO 4	Identify local and global environmental issues and establish scientific strategies to devise economical solutions converging towards sustainable development
PO 5	Comprehend the process of patent documentation .Employ the relevance of legal and ethical implications in intellectual property rights, GMO ,developmental biology and other fields of biotechnology.
PO 6	Outline, execute ,Analyze experimental procedures and research proposal thus ameliorate their scientific writing temperament and soft skills consequently refining their abilities to troubleshoot any research problems.
PO 7	Deduce the underlying principle of Nano technological and biotechnological processes and develop the skills to offer contemporary solutions.

#### **Credit Structure for M.Sc Biotechnology**

Semester	Mandatory	Elective	R M	OJT/F P	RP/ Internship	Credit s
1	14	4	4	0	0	22
2	14	4	0	4 FD		
2	14	4	0	4 FP	0	22
3	12	4	0	0	6 RP	22
,		_			(O)	
4	8	4	0		10 OJT	22
Total CREDITS	48	16	4	4	16	88

#### **PROGRAM OUTLINE**

YEA	SE	COURSE CODE	Type of	COURSE TITLE	CREDITS
R	M		Course		
M.Sc.	I	RPSBTK.O501	Discipline	Biochemistry	3
1			Specific Core I		
		RPSBTKP.O501	Practical DSC	Practicals based on	10)
			1	RPSBTK.O501	~07
		RPSBTK.O502	Discipline Specific Core II	Immunology-l	3
		RPSBTKP.O502	Practical DSC	Practicals based on	1
			II	RPSBTK.O502	
		RPSBTK.O503	Discipline	Molecular Biology	3
			Specific Core		
		RPSBTKP.O503	Practical DSC	Practicals based on	1
			III	RPSBTK.O503	
		RPSBTK.O504	Discipline Specific Core IV	Intellectual Property Rights	2
		RPSBTKRM.O50 5	RM	Research Methodology	4
		Student should	d select anyone o	of the following Course	
		RPSBTK.O506	Discipline Specific Elective	Clinical Data Management	3
		RPSMIC.O506	Discipline	Clinical Microbiology	3
			Specific Elective	Epidemiology	
50		RPSBCH.O506	Discipline Specific Elective	Plant Biochemistry	3
		RPSBTKP.0506	Practical on	Practicals based on	1
		/	DSE	RPSBTK.O506/	
		RPSMICP.O506		RPSMIC.O506/	
		/ RPSBCHP.O50		RPSBCH.O506	
		KESDUTE.USU			

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		DD0DT// 55/4			
•	II	RPSBTK.E511	Discipline Specific	Metabolism	3
			Core		
			I		
		RPSBTKP.E511	Practical DSC	Practicals based on	1
		_	I	RPSBTK.E511	
		RPSBTK.E512	Discipline Specific	Immunology- II	3
			Core II		
			Practical DSC	Described based on	4
		RPSBTKP.E512		Practicals based on	1
		RPSBTK.E513	II Discipline	RPSBTK.E512  Bioinstrumentation	3
		IN SBIN.ESIS	Specific Core	Diomstrumentation	3
			\( \)		
		RPSBTKP.E513	Practical DSC	Practicals based on	1
			III	RPSBTK.E513	
		RPSBTK.E514	Discipline	Developmental Biology	2
			Specific Core		
		\(\frac{1}{2}\)	IV		
		RPSBTK.E515	On Job	Feld project	4
			Training/Field Project		
		<b>4.0</b>	-		
				of the following Course	
		RPSBTK.E516	Discipline Specific	Nanotechnology	3
			Elective		
0.0		RPSMIC.E516	Discipline	Microbial Approaches to	3
		IXI SIVIIO.ESTO	Specific	Quality Management	3
			Elective	Quality Management	
		RPSBCH.E516	Discipline	Nutraceuticals and	3
			Specific	Functional Foods	-
			Elective		

RPSBTKP.E516	Practical on	Practicals based on	1
	DSE	RPSBTK.E516/	
RPSMICP.E516		RPSMIC.E516/	
		RPSBCH.E516	
RPSBCHP.E51			

#### Course Code (DSC I-): RPSBTK.O501

# Course Title:BIOCHEMISTRY Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Elucidate the concept of different types of heteropolysaccahrides ,their structure and analytical methods for detection
CO 2	Explain the processes of purine and pyrimidine synthesis and their degradation
CO 3	Discuss different types of disorders related to metabolism -glycogen storage, amino acid metabolism, nucleic acid metabolism.
CO 4	Categorize proteins into different types based on their structure and give their significance
C05	Assess the molecular characterization of protein using multiple technique
CO 6	Enumerate the concept of Neurobiology and establish a basic link to the immune system.
CO 7	Perform isolation and quantitative estimation of biomolecules from different biological samples.

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Code			3/45

degradation of purines and pyrimidines with regulation. PEM (Kwashiorkor and Marasmus).	degradation of purines and pyrimidines with	RPSBTK.O501	Unit I	Biochemistry of mucopolysaccharide and nucleic acid Glycosaminoglycans- Heparin, Chondroitinsulphate, Dermatan-sulphate, Keratan-Sulphate. Analytical methods for carbohydrate analysis. Formation, structure and functions of Eicosanoid: Prostaglandins and Thromboxanes, Glycoprotein's (N6, O6, GPI6 linked and proteoglycans),	15
A Rultonomous	annarain Ruita Rui			Glycolipids and Lectins, Biosynthesis and degradation of purines and pyrimidines with	Olli
				2 ji a kuji onor	
			Sill		

		Diabetes: Type I, Type II, gestational. Glycogen storage disorders -von Gierke's disease, Cori'sdisease, Andersen's disease, McArdle's disease	
	Unit II	Protein Biochemistry  Determination- end group analysis, cleavage of disulphide bond, characterization of polypeptide cha, amino acid composition determination, specific peptide cleavage reaction, separation and purification of peptides, sequence determination, peptide mapping, Super secondary structures., Ramchandran plot, helical structure, beta structure, fibrous and globular structure, protein stability, electrostatic forces, hydrogen bond, hydrophobic interaction, disulphide bond, protein denaturation, stability of thermostable proteins. Quaternary structure-subunit interaction, symmetry, subunit composition determination. Amino Acid metabolism-PKU, Alkaptonuria.Lipids-Tay-Sachs, Gaucher's disease  Nucleic acids-Gout, Lesch Nyhan syndrome. Role of B group Vitamin in metabolic Pathways	15
Silvingi	Unit	Neurobiology and Neurochemistry Basics of neuronal synapse and excitation events. Neurochemistry: Special senses- taste, vision, odor, hearing. , PNI: Connections of CNS to the immune system and vice versa. Psychological modulation of immunity, stress and immunity, implication for diseases, functional significance - inflammation and acute phase response, role of glucocorticoids, stress response, energy demand and balance, Introduction to psychoneurotic drugs, Addiction.	15

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.0501	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30

RPSBTKP.O501	Preparation of buffers used in laboratory (Phosphate , Citrate , Acetate and Trisbuffer)  2. Isolation of starch from potato and	30
	Acetate and Trisbuffer)	
	, and the second	
	its estimation by Anthrone method.	
	2. Study of phosphorolysis of glycogen in	
	the Muscular tissue.	
	4. Glucose estimation by paper/chip –Microfluidics	
	5. Study of protein complexes using	
	PAGE and detection by CBB and silver	
	staining.	
	6. The isolation and assay of glycogen	
	from liver and skeletal muscles of bird	
	/mammal.	) `
	7. Estimation of Vitamin C from fruits.	
	8. Estimation of Creatinine in blood	
	/urine. Estimation of urate /creatinine	
	ratio to diagnose Lesch-Nyhan syndrome	
	<ul><li>9. Chemistry of thinking:</li><li>a. Study of different regions of brain using models.</li></ul>	
	b. Stroop test and blind spot test.	
	c. Color blindness and optical illusions	
	10.Detection of LDH isozymes by	
	electrophoresis. 11.Electrophoretic analysis	
	of haemoglobin	

- 1. Guyton, Text book of Medical Physiology, Saunders Publishers, 12th edition, 2010
- 2. Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations, 7thEdition, Thomas M.Devlin, January2010,
- 3. Proteins: biotechnology and biochemistry,1<sup>st</sup> edition(2001),Gary Walsch, Wiley, USA
- 4. Biochemical Calculations, 2nd Ed., (1997) Segel Irvin H., Publisher: John Wiley and Sons, NewYork.
- 5. Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology & Clinical chemistry, (2001)Palmer Trevor, Publisher: Horwood Pub .Co .England.
- 6. Outlines of Biochemistry: 5th Edition, Erice Conn & Paul Stumpf; John Wiley and Sons, USA
- 7. Fundamentals of Biochemistry. 3rd Edition (2008), Donald Voet& Judith Voet , John Wiley and Sons, Inc.USA
- 8. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry. 5th Edition (2008), David Nelson & Michael Cox, W.H. Freeman and Company

#### Course Code (DSC II-): RPSBTK.0502 Course Title: Immunology-I Academic year 2023-24

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Describe the organization and expression of immunological genes.
CO 2	Elucidate the B-cell and T-cell signalling pathways.
CO 3	Analyze the function the of effector T-cell and B-cell along with mechanism of immune responses in mucosal surfaces.
CO 4	Justify changes in immune mechanism during tumor development.
CO 5	Comment on role and function of Cytokines, types of cytokine receptors and cytokine profiling
CO 6	Demonstrate the key process and mediators in inflammation.
CO 7	Develop suitable immunotechniques for detection of different antigens of interest.

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Code			3/45
RPSBTK.O502	i	Molecular immunology	15
Sillingi		Organization and expression of immunological genes (BCR and TCR genes). Antibody genes and antibody engineering. T cell and B cell activation . Mucosal immunity, Peyer's patches, gut barriers, oral immunization, Oral tolerance, Cytotoxic response, Effector functions of B, T and NK cells. Immune response during bacterial, parasitic, viral infection with one example of each.	
	II		15
		Cancer Immunology Origin and terminology, malignant	

	transformation of cell, oncogenes and	
	cancer	
	induction, tumors of the immune system, tumor antigens, immune response to tumor, Cancer Immunology – Correlation with MABS, Chimeric humanized antibodies and Notations,	0
	Cytokine profiling of T – Cells	. (0, 5)
III	Clinical immunology	15
	Cytokines: properties, receptor, antagonists,	O'
	diseases, Therapeutic use of cytokines,	
	Experimental immunology:	
	Inflammation Key mediators of inflammation	
	inflammation process,anti inflammatory drugs.	

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTKP.0502	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30
RPSBTKP.0502	Antigen antibody reactions: VDRL	30
	2. Immuno-diffusion and immune-electrophoresis	
	Perform Serum protein electrophoresis.	
	4. Perform DOTBLOT	
	5. Separation of T lymphocytes	
	and B lymphocytes using nylon wool	
	column	
	6. Cuturing of mononuclear lymphocytes	
	7. Ficoll hypaque separation	
	8. Sheep RBC rosetting	

- 1. Immunology by Janis Kuby, W.H. Freeman& Co Ltd; 5thRevisededition.
- 2. Fundamental Immunology 6th edition (August 2003): by William E., Md.Paul (Editor) By Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers
- 3. Essential Immunology, Ivan M. Roitt (1994) Blackwell Scientific Pub,Oxford.
- 4. Cellular and Molecular Immunology, 3rd Ed, Abbas, Saunders; 7 edition (

#### Course Code (DSC I-): RPSBTK.O503

## Course TitleMolecular Biology

#### Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	
	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Assess the details of chromatin structure and its functional implications.
CO 2	Elucidate the basis of gene expression and regulation involved in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
CO 3	Describe the changes in RNA during post transcriptional processing in eukaryotes.
CO 4	Elaborate on different post translational events, the underlying functional importance along with concepts of protein folding, transport and protein sorting.
CO5	Illustrate principles and steps involved in advanced methods of sequencing as an important aid to the field of genomics.
CO 6	Analyze the concepts and mechanism of RNA interference.
CO 7	Perform traditional and advanced molecular biology techniques for used in genomics

Course Code	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/H ours 3/45
RPSBTK. O503	I	Chromatin structure and gene Expression Chromatin structure and transcription. Regulation of chromatin structure, Transcription in prokaryotes and	15

	Eukaryotes, Structure of RNA	
	polymerase (Channel in and	
	Channel out). Types of RNA polymerases,	
	Types	
	of Promoters, initiation, elongation,	
	termination and	
	anti-termination .Initiation factor, role	
		-0/
	of transcription factors, Regulation	1013
	of RNA polymerase.	
	Transcription in cell organelles (Mitochondria	
	and	
	chloroplast).	
	RNA processing in eukaryotes: modifications,	
	splicing and splicing machinery, processing of	
	RNA. Editing and amplification	
	Transcriptomics.	
ll l	Post transcriptional events :	15
	Translation: in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.	
	Initiation, elongation, and termination ,mRNA	
	localization and stability.	
	Modification folding and transport	
	protein. Molecular chaperons in folding,	
	Protein sorting and trafficking	
	using signal proteins, ,RNAi,	
	regulation of translation, Introduction	
	to proteomics.	
	Genomics	15
	Omes and Omics, concepts and	
	applications, genome overview at the	
	level of chromosomes (with	
	model organisms as example), strategies for	
	large scale DNA sequencing. EST and STS,	
	Whole Genome Analysis techniques. Next	
0.	generation sequencing methods, Whole	
	exome analysis, Epigenetic	
	inheritance and Retrotransposons	

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.0503	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30

RPSBTK.O503	Extraction of genomic DNA from bacteria and blood	30
	2. Detection of genomic DNA using electrophoresis	
	<ol><li>Purification of DNA from agarose gel.</li></ol>	
	4. Preparation of competent cells	
	<ol><li>Perform transformation of bacteria.</li></ol>	
	<ol><li>Expression of recombinant GST protein.</li></ol>	46
	<ol><li>Detection of changes in the</li></ol>	
	conformation of BSA by Viscosity	1100
	measurement.	
	8. Demonstration of Conjugation.	O
	9. Induction of Galactosidase in <i>E. coli</i>	
	(and effect ofinducers).	
	<ol> <li>RNA extraction and detection with AGE and quantification with U.V spectrophotometer</li> </ol>	
_		

- 1. GenesXI,11the edition(2012) BenjaminLewin, Publisher-JonesandBarlettInc. USA
- 2. Molecular Biology of the Gene, 6th Edition (2008), James D. Watson, Pearson Education, Inc. and Dorling Kindersley Publishing, Inc.USA
- 3. Molecular Biology, 5th Edition (2011), Weaver R., McGrawHill Science.USA
- 4. Fundamentals of Molecular Biology,( 2009),PalJ.K.andSaroj Ghaskadbi,Oxford University Press .India
- 5. Molecular Biology: genes to proteins, 4th edition (2011), Burton E Tropp Jones & Bartlett Learning, USA
- 6. Discovering genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics (2006) A. Malcol Campbell, laurie J. Heyer Benjamin Cummings;2<sup>nd</sup> edit

#### Course Code (DSC IV-): RPSBTK.O504

# Course Title: Intellectual Property Rights Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Demonstrate the role of TRIPS agreement ,copyright acts and trademark
	rights.
CO 2	Summarize different doctrine rules regarding intellectual property rights.
CO 3	Elucidate the legislative structure and remedies of IP protection laws.
CO 4	Distinguish between copyright, Trademark, GI and Industrial designs.
CO 5	Elaborate on the rules and regulations for patenting.
CO 6	Interpret the patent case studies of biotechnology inventions
CO 7	Discuss the roles and responsibilities of the patent officer and the institution.



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Code			2/30
RPSBTK.O504	I	Intellectual Property Rights:	15
		International agreements and Indian	. 0
		legislature	
		Introduction to IPR;	
		Globalization; development of GATT, WTO,	
		TRIPS agreement;	$O_{\mu}$
		Important provisions under TRIPS	
		(Article/s 3, 4, 31/31f) agreement;	
		Important provisions/ considerations	
		under Geographical indications act, UPOV and PVPFRA	
		Indian Copyrights act (including sec 13, 14, 17,	
		18,	
		19, 33, 14/57)	
		Creative commons,	
		Indian Trademarks act (including	
		trademark classification),	
		Madrid system for Trademarks,	
		Traditional knowledge and Bio-piracy, TKDL;	
		Differences among copyright, Trademark, GI	
		and Industrial designs; Important	
		doctrines (spring-board doctrine, doctrine of	
		first-sale, idea-expression dichotomy,	
		IP transfer, IP Protection in India: Legislative	
4		structure and remedies (Infringement v/s passing	
GN CN	le.	Off	
(6)		remedies)	
		Civil	
		remedies:	
		1. Injunction: Permanent,	
		Interlocutory/ temporary,	
		Mareva injunction	
		2. Anton-Pillar order	
		3. John Doe order	
		4. Damages & Dam	
		accounts of profit Criminal:	
		1. Imprisonment	



	2. Fine     3. Both     Custom remedies and de minim	nis principle
		Mone
	Ruitonc	
6-Silving		



II	Indian Patents act, 1970	15
	Indian patents act, 1970 and rights of	
	patentee (section 48),	
	Principles of patent protection	
	(sec 83); Patenting biotech	
	inventions:	
	objectives, concept of novelty, concept of	
	inventive step, non-patentable	. ~6
	objects (sec 3/4),	1165
	moral issues in patenting biotech inventions;	
	Important case laws under Biotechnology	
	a) Harvard onco-mouse case,	
	b) Diamond vs Chakrabarty case,	
	c) Turmeric case,	
	d) Hoodia cactus case.	
	Budapest treaty and protection of micro-	
	organisms, Patent databases and patent	
	search. International patent classification	
	(https://www.wipo.int/classifications/ipc/en/)	
	Types of patents (Ordinary, Conventional,	
	PCT, Patent of addition, Divisional patent,	
	etc.), patent filing timeline	
	Parts of a patent application, Patent claims	
	(types and embodiment),	
	Patent infringement based on	
	sec 48 Exhaustion doctrine	
1.0	and parallel import	
	Transfer of patent rights and	
4/0/	Compulsory licensing Important case	
W.O.	laws: Glivec case (section 3d), Natco v/s	
CO	Bayer case	

- 1. <a href="https://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/africa/en/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16\_t\_6.pdf">https://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/africa/en/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16/wipo\_tiscs\_znz\_16\_t\_6.pdf</a>
- 2. <a href="https://www.lexisnexisip.com/knowledge-center/totalpatent-one-and-the-usptos-seven-step-center-seven
- 3. <a href="mailto:patent-search-str">patent-search-str</a>https://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/aspac/en/wipo
  ip\_phl\_16/wipo\_ip\_phl\_16

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pdfhttp://www.mondaq.com/india/x/667450/Patent/PatentAnd+Thei



Course Code (RM): RPSBTKRM.0505

**Course Title: Research** 

Methodology Academic year 2024-

25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION			
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:			
CO 1	Illustrate the meaning and objectives of research methodology.			
CO 2	Identify the problems involved in research.			
CO 3	CO 3 Explain the need and significance of research designs.			
CO 4	Determine the significance of data collection and its relationship with research interpretation.			
	hypothesis			
CO 5	Analyse the process of scientific writing and organizing the data for writing scientific paper.			
CO 6	Investigate the different types of plagiarism with examples.			

# DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course Code/	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Unit			4/60
Onit			

RPSBTKRM.0505	I	introduction to research methodology and research problems Meaning of Research; Objectives of Research;	15
		Motivation in Research;	



	Types of Research; Research Approaches; Significance of Research; Types of research methods Research methods verses methodology, Research and scientific method, Research process, Criteria of good research:  Selection of a research problem, Necessity of defining a research problem, Technique involved in defining a research problem	28
II	ResearchDesign & Data Collection  Meaning of Research Design; Need for Research Design; Features of a Good Design; Important Concepts Relating to Research Design; Different Research Designs; Basic Principles of Experimental Designs; Developing a Research Plan-Collection of Primary Data; Observation Method; Interview Method; Collection of Data through Questionnaires; Collection of Data through Schedules; Other Methods of Data Collection, Collection of Secondary Data, Selection of Appropriate Method for Data Collection, Case Study Method	15
	Interpretation and hypothesis  Meaning of Interpretation, Why Interpretation? Technique of Interpretation, Precautions in Interpretation, Significance of Report Writing, Different steps in report writing, Layout of research report, Types of report, Mechanics of writing a research report, Precaution for writing a research report.  Importance of hypothesis, a. Kinds of hypothesis, b. Characteristics of good hypothesis, Formulation of hypothesis	15
IV	Scientific Writing  Process of Scientific Writing: Thinking, Planning, Rough Drafts and Revising Contents. Introduction to Scientific Reports and Writings Compilation of Experimental Data, Communication Methods in Science, Examples of Scientific and Unscientific Writing. Writing Papers, Reviews, Bibliography PlagiarismIntroduction to Plagiarism, Examples of Plagiarism. Introduction to Reference Management software (Mendley) & Grammarly software	15

- 1. Research methodology: Methods and techniques C R Kothari
- 2. Research Methodology T Bhaskara Rao
- 3. The Craft of Scientific writing Michael Alley
- 4. The Scientist's guide to writing Stephen Heard
- 5. Writing Science Joshua Schime

# Course Code (DSE-): RPSBTK.O506 Course Title: Clinical Data Management Academic year 2024-25

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	DESCRIPTION					
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:					
CO 1	Describe general principles and steps involved in systemic toxicology studies.					
CO 2	Outline different phases of clinical trials and their significance.					
CO 3	Interpret local and international guidelines for good clinical practice.					
CO 4	Analyze the roles and responsibilities of the investigator and the institution.					
CO 5	5 Examine and solve regulatory issues related to clinical studies.					
CO 6	Elucidate the principle and types of clinical study protocols.					
CO 7	CO 7 Design clinical study protocols and clinical study reports.					

Course Code	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours 3/45
5.0.			
RPSBTK.0506	I	Drug discovery and Preclinical toxicology Pre- Clinical toxicology: General Principals, Systemic toxicology, (Single dose and repeat dose toxicity studies), Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Tera togenicity, Reproductive toxicity, Local toxicity, Genotoxicity, animal toxicity requirements.	15

II	Introduction to Clinical trials Introduction to clinical trials, Historical guidelines in clinical research (Nuremberg code, Declaration of Helsinki and Belmonte report), ICH-GCP guidelines (E6-R1), Phases of clinical trials.	15
III	Clinical study design Clinical study methodology and regulations: Principles, types (single blinding, double blinding, open access, randomized trials and their examples), Design of protocol, CRF, e-CRF, IB, ICF and preparation of trial reports, Regulations involved (ICMR guidelines) and ethics. principles and software's in CDM	15

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Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.0506	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30
RPSBTK.O506	Action query based on various scenarios: vendor data query, eCRF data query, date Mis-Match query in ERCF on AE form and study conclusion form.	30
	<ol> <li>Design and Raise a query as per given scenario: data missing query, out of sequence data on AE/ CONMED (Adverse Event/ concomitant medication log) form missing labs query on visits already performed etc.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Designing eCRF form based on given protocol (only particular sections of protocol will be given)</li> </ol>	
	4. Designing of eCRF completion guidelines based on given protocol.	
amno	<ol> <li>Perform Screening process of various drug molecules from plant, algal and marine sources before performing preclinical toxicity study.</li> </ol>	
	6. Perform preclinical toxicity study on cell lines and microorganisms using drugs screened in exp no.5	
	7. Various ways to resolve vendor issues.	

- 1. EC R1 guidelines.
- 2. ICMR ethical guidelines.
- 3. D & C Rules Schedule Y.
- 4. Law Of Intellectual Property Rights Shiv Sahai

Singh Deep & Deep Publications (p) Ltd.

5. WTO And Intellectual Property Rights By Talwar

Sabanna (2007) Serials Publications.

6 IPR: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy(2003) Prabuddha

Ganguli Tata Mcgraw Hill publicatio

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Ramarain Ruia College

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# Modality of Assessment-DSC RPSBTK.O501, RPSBTK.O502, RPSBTK.O503,RPSBTK.O506 (DSE)

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

#### A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 30 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Class Test	20
2	Presentation	10
	TOTAL	30

### B) External Examination (Semester End)- 60%- 45 Marks Semester End Theory Examination:

- 1. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of **two hours**.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

#### Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
Q1 7/8 marks questions with option to any one		15	UNIT I
Q2 7/8 marks questions with option to any one		15	UNIT II

Q3	7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	UNIT III
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IOTAL   45
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#### **Practical Examination Pattern:**

# External Examination (Semester End)- 50 Marks Semester End Theory Examination:

- 1. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of three hours.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

#### Paper Pattern:

Question		Marks
1	Lab work	40
2	Journal	05
3	Viva	05
	TOTAL	50

# Modality of Assessment-DSC-IV RPSBTK.O504

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

External Examination (Semester End)-- 50 Marks

#### **Semester End Theory Examination:**

- 1. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of **One Hour**.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

#### **Paper Pattern:**

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
Q1	a) 1M questions (any 5 out of 8 questions) b) 5M questions (any 3 out of 5 questions)	20	Unit I
Q2	a) 1M questions (any 5 out of 8 questions) b) 5M questions (any 3 out of 5 questions)	20	Unit II
Q3	5M questions Mixed Bag Question (any 2 out of 3 questions)	10	Unit I & II
	TOTAL	50	

# Modality of Assessment-RM RPSBTKRM.0505

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

#### C) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Class Test	20
2	Research Review/ Research Proposal Writing	20
	TOTAL	40

#### D) External Examination (Semester End)- 60%- 60 Marks

# **Semester End Theory Examination:** 3. Duration – The duration for these examinations shall be of **two Hours**. 4. Theory question paper pattern:

#### Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
1	3 questions of 5 M each from 4 Questions OR 7/8 marks questions with	15	Unit I
	option to any one		
2	3 questions of 5 M each from 4 Questions OR 7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	Unit II
3	3 questions of 5 M each from 4 Questions OR 7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	Unit III
4	3 questions of 5 M each from 4 Questions OR 7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	Unit IV
_	TOTAL	60	

# Course Code (DSC I): Metabolism Course Title: RPSBTK.E511

Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Explain the biosynthetic pathways of different types of fatty acids and their regulation
CO 2	State the mechanism and control of acid- base balance, disorders associated with it and treatments
CO 3	Comprehend the different stress experienced by plants and their consequences on growth and metabolism.
CO 4	Interpret the role played by secondary metabolites in plant defense systems.
CO 5	Differentiate between the different carbon fixation cycles in plants and their regulation
CO 6	Elucidate the molecular structure and role of nitrogenase in the nitrogen cycle and significance of anammox reaction.
CO 7	Elaborate on molecular association of endomycorrhiza and plants and their significance in development of plant.

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Code			3/45

triglycerides and phospholipids FAS Complex, regulation of fatty acid metabolism. Biosynthesis and regulation of cholesterol, prostaglandins, membrane lipids. metabolomics.		Unit I	Lipid Metabolism  Lipid metabolism: Biosynthesis of fatty acids (saturated, monounsaturated polyunsaturated),	15
			Complex, regulation of fatty acid metabolism.  Biosynthesis and regulation of cholesterol,	
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Unit	Physiological biochemistry	15
	Regulation of acid-base balance, types and functions of acid-base buffers, respiratory mechanism of acid-base balance, renal control of acid base balance, clinical abnormalities associated with acid base imbalance. Water and electrolyte balance, clinical abnormalities. Kidney Diseases and diuretics: Acute renal failure, chronic renal failure, specific tubular disorders, treatment of renal failure	
Unit	Plant and microbial metabolism	15
III	Environmental stresses, salinity, water, stress, heat, chiling, anaerobiosis and heavy metals and their impact on plant growth Hatch slack pathway, Crassulacean acid metabolism, photorespiration and glyoxylate pathway with significance. Photosynthetic formation of hydrogen. Nitrogen fixation and role of nitrogenase, anammox reactions. Plant symbiosis with fungi: Arbuscular, mycorrhiza, Ectomycorrhiza	

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.E511	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30
RPSBTK.E511	1. Isolation of cholesterol and lecithin from egg yolks	30
	2. Detection of Flavonoids in Plants.	
	3. Estimation of leghemoglobin.	
	4. Proline estimation in germinated	
	seeds with and withoutstress	
	5. Estimation of phospholipids.	
	6. Assay of superoxide dismutase	
	in salt stressed and Normal plant.	
13,Va.	7. Estimation of Zn++ by EDTA titrimetric method	
7.01.	8. Estimation of Ca++ by EDTA titrimetric method.	
	9. NPK Test	

- 1. Biochemistry, L Stryer, Freeman and Co,NY
- 2. Biochemistry, Zubay, Addison Wesley and Co.
- 3. Textbook of Physiology, Guyton

- 4. Principles of Biochemistry, Lehninger, 5thedition, Cox and Nelson,
- W.H.Freeman and Company, NY.
- 5. Physiology- Berne and Levy
- 6. Harper's Biochemistry- 27thedition
- 7. Text book of Human Biochemistry- Ed. G. P. Talwar
- 8. Essentials of food and nutrition M Swaminathan Vol. II, Applied aspects (1974), Ganesh Pub, Madras
- 9. Human biochemistry James Orten and Otto Neuhaus, 10th ed , CMosbyco London

# Course Code(DSC-II ): RPSBTK.E512 Course Title: Immunology Academic year 2024-25

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Describe organ specific and systemic autoimmune diseases and primary
	and secondary immunodeficiencies.
	Elaborate on different genetic and environmental factors responsible for
	autoimmune and immunodeficiency diseases.
CO 2	Differentiate between types of hypersensitivity reactions, mechanisms of
	hypersensitivity reactions and their possible treatment.
CO 3	Analyze in detail the immunological aspects involved during organ
	transplantation.
CO 4	Discuss the making and use of different types of non traditional vaccines
CO 5	Demonstrate the principle, techniques and applications involved in invitro
	and invivo imaging.
CO 6	Elucidate experimental assays for studying cytotoxicity and
	apoptosis.
CO 7	Illustrate the principles and application of blotting and insitu hybridization
,\c	techniques
CO 8	Develop suitable immunotechniques for detection of different antigens of
	interest

Course Code/ Unit	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Ho urs
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			3/45
RPSBTK.E512	I	Autoimmunity and Immunodeficiency	15
		Autoimmunity mechanisms, Altered antigens,	
		Systemic Lupus erythematosus,	
		Graves	
		diseases, Rheumatoid arthritis, Myasthenia	
		Gravis, Multiple sclerosis, animal models of	
		autoimmunity, GvH, Immunodeficiency (Primary	
		& secondary): phagocytic, humoral,	.10
		CMI, combined HLA association with disease.	
	II	Hypersensitivity and Transplantation	15
		Types of hypersensitivity	
		reactions, Mechanism, Factors involved	
		and their treatment, Immunology	<b>O</b> .
		of transplantation.	
		purified macromolecules as	
		vaccine, Recombinant vector Vaccine, DNA	
	III	Vaccines ,multivalent Subunit Vaccines  CMI and imaging	15
	""		13
		Cell Cytotoxicity, mixed lymphocyte reaction, Apoptosis,	
		Peptibodies- production and application; Cell	
		imaging Techniques- <i>In vitro</i> and <i>In vivo</i> ;	
		Immuno-electron microscopy; In vivo cell	
		tracking techniques; Application based	
		microarray, Phage	
		display Antibody generation, blotting techniques,	
		Immuno	
		- precipitation, Flow cytometry, detection of	
		antigens in living cells, <i>in situ</i> localization by	
	0	techniques such as FISH and GISH	

#### References:

- 1. Immunology 5th edition Janis Kuby
- 2. Fundamental Immunology 5th edition (August 2003): by William
- E., Md.Paul (Editor) By Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers
- 3. Essential Immunology, Ivan M. Roitt (1994) Blackwell Scientific Pub,Oxford.
- 4. Cellular and Molecular Immunology, 3rd edition, Abbas
- 5. Psychoneuroimmunology, Stress, and Infection, By HermanFriedman, Thomas W. Klein, Andrea L. Friedman, CRC Press, 1996

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.E512	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30
RPSBTK.E512	In-vitro demonstration of phagocytosis	30



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	and calculating phagocytic index.
	2. Latex bead agglutination / precipitation
	test for detection of rheumatoid factor (RF)
	3. Allergen detection test.
	4. Assay for plaque forming cells.
	(Video DEMO)
	5. Cell-imaging Techniques <i>In vitro</i> and <i>In</i>
	vivo ; Immuno-electron microscopy; In vivo cell
	tracking techniques; Microarrays.
	6. Demonstration of radioimmunoassay
	7. Western blotting
	8. ELISA
	9. HLA typing

# Course Code(DSC-III): RPSBTK.E513 Course Title: Bioinstrumentation Academic

# year 2024-25

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION  A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Elaborate advanced and state of the art techniques with different types of electron microscopy and probe microscopy techniques
CO 2	Compare different types of PCR and their applications.
CO 3	Illustrate different types of advanced molecular cloning methodology
CO 4	Discuss on the principle and working of advanced spectroscopic techniques.
CO 5	Determine structural characterization using spectroscopy and spectrometry techniques
CO 6	Design different chromatographic techniques for separation and analysis of
CO 7	Perform molecular and analytical techniques for characterization of biomolecules

Course Code/ Unit	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours 3/45
RPSBTK.E513	I	. Advanced microscopic and PCR techniques Details of Scanning tunnelling microscopy and Scanning probe microscopy, atomic force microscopy, fluorescent microscopy, sample preparation and working for electron microscopy. types of PCR: Multiplex PCR, Nested PCR, RT – PCR, Real time-PCR, Gibson assembly, golden gate, CPEC, CRISPR CAS system	15
	II	Introduction, principle and analysis using fluorescence spectroscopy, circular dichroism, ORD, NMR and ESR spectroscopy, Molecular structure determination Using X-ray diffraction,X – ray crystallography and NMR, Molecular Analysis using light scattering ,mass spectrometry and LCMS, GC-MS and surface plasma resonance methods ,IR.	15
		Chromatography Introduction, principle and analysis using HPTLC, HPLC, GLC, Affinity chromatography and its types. Column details and theoretical plates, applications. IEF and 2D electrophoresis. Applications of the Above techniques.	15

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.E513	Credit/Hours
Code		1/30

	<ol> <li>Use of UV spectrophotometry to</li> </ol>
	determine the concentration of protein
	2. Separation of sugars in coconut water using TLC
	3. Determination of enzyme activity by Zymogram.
	4. Affinity
	chromatography for
	purification of
	immunoglobulins.
	5. Standardization /optimization of PCR
	Separation of molecules using HPLC and
	interpretation of data 6. Demonstration Of HPLC/NMR/GC
	7. Fluroscence microscopy
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	SILU Brillion
	SILL Prints
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Silvingi	

#### References:

- 1. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 7th edition Wilson K.M., Walker J.M., Cambridge University Press, UK(2010),
- Biochemical spectroscopy. Vol 46 of Methods in Enzymology.
   Kenneth Sauer. Academic Press, USA
- 3. Modern experimental biochemistry 3rd edition Publisher, USA.edition. (2000) Rodney Boyer. PrenticeHall
- 4. Analytical Biochemistry, 3 edition, (1998), David Holmes, H.Peck , Prentice Hall, UK

# Course Code (DSC-IV): RPSBTK.E514 Course Title: Developmental Biology Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION			
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able:-			
CO 1	Assessmolecular events during fertilization.			
CO 2	Elucidate molecular and biochemical changes in early embryonic developmemt			
CO 3	Describe the development of embryonic germ layer.			
CO 4	Explain the molecular mechanisms of sex hormone.			
CO 5	Justify changes in immune system behavior in female body during pregnancy			
CO 6	Elucidate the causes and corrective measures of infertility in male and females			
CO 7	Comment on the ethical issues in embryo research.			

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credit/Hours
Code/ Unit			2/30
RPSBTK.E514	I	Human Embryonic development 15	15
		Human Embryonic development: Events during	. (
		fertilization, in-vitro fertilization, Zona	
		pellucida, glycoprotein, Oelemma protein and their role in	
		fertilization, sperm, antigens and their	· O`
		functional significance. Molecular and	
		biochemical events during sperm function early	
		embryonic	
		development, establishing multi cellularity,	
		formation of blastula, embryonic	
		germ layer,	
		tracking of migrating cells	
	II	Sex hormones , Implantation and	15
		infertility Molecular mechanism of sex hormone	
		action and regulation of gene expression.	
		Implantation and endometrium antigens involved	
		in implantation Immunology of pregnancy.	
		Superovulation,	
		embryo culture and embryo transfer technology	
		Infertility and reproductive vaccines, Cryopreservation of sex gametes and embryos.	
		Ethical issues related to embryo research	

# References: Langman's Medical Embryology (9th Edition 2004) 1. T. W.Sadler. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Essential Developemental Biology (2nd Edition 2006) J. M. W. SlackBlackwell Publishing

# Course Code(DSE): RPSBTK.E516 Course Title: Nanotechnology

# Academic year 2024-25

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Review physical and chemical properties of nanoparticles and their
	quantum principles
CO 2	Discuss the synthesis of nanoparticles using different biological methods.
CO 3	Characterize nanoparticles using advance microscopic and spectroscopic
	techniques.
CO 4	Describe naturally existing nanorobotic machinery in eukaryotes
CO 5	Elaborate the structure and functions of carbon nanotubes
CO 6	Analyze and interpret the latest developments in nanotechnology in the
	field of medical sciences.
CO 7	Explain nanotechnological drug delivery system with suitable examples.
CO 8	Assess nanotechnology based process and products in food, cosmetics,
	agriculture, environment Management.
CO 9	Design experimental procedures for synthesis and characterization of
	nanoparticles from various biological sources and perform cytotoxicity
	assay of nanoparticles.

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	
Code/ Unit			Credit/Hours
			3/45

		principles and applications Introduction, synthesis of nanomaterials, biological methods, use of microbial systems & plant extracts, use of proteins & templates like DNA, Characterization of nanomaterials, analysis techniques, properties of nano	
		mechanical, optical, magnetic properties, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity.	
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II	Nanotubes & nanorobotics  Carbon nanotubes, Nanorobotics devices of nature: ATP synthase, the kinen, myosin, dynein, flagella modulated motion,	15
III	Applications of nanomaterials  Nanomedicine: biopharmaceuticals ,implantable materials, implantable chemicals, surgicals aids ,diagnostic tools ,Nano sensors and nano scanning, nano enabled drug delivery system, nanorobotics in medicine. Application of nanomaterials in food, cosmetics, agriculture, environment management.	15

Course	Practicals based on RPSBTK.E516	Credit/Hours		
Code		1/30		
RPSBTK.E516	1. Antibacterial studies of silver nanoparticles by MIC method.			
	2. Testing the cell viability of metal			
	oxide nanoparticles using tissue culture			
	technique.			
	3. Synthesis of Metal Nanoparticles by Chemical			
	reduction method and their UV-VIS absorption			
	studies.			
	4. Synthesis of nanoparticles using bacterial systems			
	and their UV-VIS absorption studies.			
	5. Synthesis of nanoparticles using plant extract and			
	their UV- VIS absorption studies.			
	6. Synthesis of nanoparticles using fungal system			
	and their UV- VIS absorption studies.			
	7. Analysis of nanoparticles using UV vis			
	spectrophotometer, TEM ,SEM -data interpretation.			

## References:

- 1. The Nano scope encyclopedia of nanoscience and nanotechnology, VolI, VandVI (2005) Dr. Parag Diwan and Ashish Bhardwaj Pentagon Press New Delhi.
- 2. Nano forms of carbon and its applications (2007) Prof .Maheshwar Sharon and Dr.Madhuri Sharon Manad Nanotech Pvt.Ltd.
- 3. Biotech Nanotechnology lessons from Nature (2004) David Goodsell Wiley- Liss A John Wiley and sons.
- 4. Nanotechnology- Basic science and emerging technologies (2005) Willson Kannangava, Smith, Simmons, Raguse Overseas Press.



# Modality of Assessment-DSC RPSBTK.E511, RPSBTK.E512 , RPSBTK.E513

&

# RPSBTK.E516 (DSE)

## **Theory Examination Pattern:**

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 30 Marks

Sr No		Evaluation type		Marks
1	Class Test		26	20
2	Presentation			10
	TOTAL	-6	8	30

# B) External Examination (Semester End)- 60%- 45 Marks Semester End Theory Examination:

- 1. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of **two hours**.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

#### Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
Q1	7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	UNIT I
Q2	7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	UNIT II
Q3	7/8 marks questions with option to any one	15	UNIT III
	TOTAL	45	

**Practical Examination Pattern:** 

External Examination (Semester End)- 50



## **Marks Semester End Theory Examination:**

- 1. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of **three hours**.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern: Paper Pattern:

Question		Marks
1	Lab work	40
2	Journal	05
3	Viva	05
	TOTAL	50

# Modality of Assessment-DSC-IV RPSBTK.E514

#### **Theory Examination Pattern:**

External Examination (Semester End)-- 50 Marks

#### **Semester End Theory Examination:**

- 5. Duration The duration for these examinations shall be of **One Hour**.
- 6. Theory question paper pattern:

#### **Paper Pattern:**

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on	
Q1	a) 1M questions (any 5 out of 8 questions) b) 5M questions ( any 3 out of 5 questions)	20	Unit I	
Q2	a) 1M questions (any 5 out of 8 questions) b) 5M questions ( any 3 out of 5 questions)	20	Unit II	
Q3	5M questions Mixed Bag guestions	10	Unit I & II	

Q3	5M questions Mixed Bag questions (any 2 out of 3 questions)	10	Unit I & II
	TOTAL	50	

# Modality of Assessment Research Project RPSBTK.E516

The students need to carry out research project in the college in the even semester and submit a duly completed research thesis/ dissertation at the end of the semester

Total Marks allotted to Research Project = 100

Distribution of Marks

External examiner	50 M	
Internal Examiner	50 M	

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