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S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for: UG

Program: B.Sc.

Program Code: Zoology (RUSZOO)

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System for the academic year 2021–2022)



S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for: T. Y. B. Sc.

Program: B.Sc.

Program Code: Zoology (RUSZOO)

Credit Based Semester and Grading System for the academic year 2021–2022)



NOTE

In the context of UGC circular of 2006 and the need to understand animal systems better at specialization stages in Zoology, limited anatomical studies of the animals has been introduced at the level of specialization in Zoology, i.e. at T.Y.B.Sc. level. These anatomical studies have been introduced keeping in focus that all aspects of ethics of animal experimentation is informed to the students and that it will be ensured that students are made to understand the ethical use of animals in Biology. In this context, anatomical studies in a limited manner will be used for training with the following conditions:

- 1) The college is agreed to the inclusion of anatomical studies provided, that the students are not asked to kill and cut open live animals.
- 2) The animal specimen if used for anatomical studies will be procured dead from local food market and are items of regular consumption by people.
- 3) The sessions of anatomical studies are arranged in a planned manner to minimise the number of animal specimens used and to reuse the same animal specimen for multiple sessions.
- 4) Further, College will constitute an Anatomical Study monitoring board which will be informed about the use of animals and that the usage will comply to the guidelines of ethical use and handling of animals.
- 5) Students opting for specialization in Zoology (T.Y.B.Sc.) will be informed in advance about the inclusion of anatomical studies in the course work.



Course Title: Study of animal types: Non-chordates

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Learn and describe the unique characters of phylum Annelid, Arthropoda,
	Mollusca, Echinodermata.
CO 2	Understand body organization, systematic position, habit and habitat,
	internal systems and physiology of phylum Annelid to Echinodermata.
CO 3	Understand the economic importance of phyla Annelid to Echinodermata
CO 4	Develop conceptual clarity with regard to the anatomy of animals at
	different levels and will get an idea of general characteristics and
	Detaileds of invertebrate animal systems.
CO 5	Interrelate the working and different systems of non-chordates and link it
	with their evolutionary process



RUSZOO501	Title: Study of Animal types: Non-chordates	Credits: 2.5
Unit I	Phylum- Annelid e.g. Earthworm	15 lectures
	Systematic position, habit and habitat	
	Structure and histology of body wall	
	Locomotion	-06
	Type of nutrition	16,0
	Physiology of respiration	
	Physiology of excretion & excretory system	
	Physiology of reproductive system	
	Nervous system	
	Regeneration	
Unit II	Phylum- Arthropoda e.g. Cockroach	15 lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat	
	External characters	
	Morphology and Physiology of Digestive system	
	Physiology of Blood vascular system	
	Physiology of Excretory system	
	Morphology and Physiology of Male and Female	
	Urinogenital System	
	Anatomy of Nervous system and sense organs	
Unit III	Phylum-Mollusca e.g. Sepia	15 Lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat	
(External characters	
2.0	Morphology and Physiology of Digestive system	
	Morphology and Physiology of Circulatory system	
0.0,	Morphology and Physiology of Excretory system	
	Morphology of Reproductive system	
	Morphology of Nervous system and sense organs	
	Economic importance	
Unit IV	Phylum- Echinodermata e.g. Starfish	15 Lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat	
	External characters, Endoskeleton, coelom	
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	Discotive eveters. Discoidence of Discotive eveters
	Digestive system, Physiology of Digestive system
	Locomotion: Water Vascular System
	Physiology of Circulatory system
	Reproductive system
	Fertilization and larval development
	Nervous system
	Regeneration
	Assignment - Model - Animal Systems
RUSZOOP501	PRACTICALS Credits-03
	STUDY OF ANIMAL TYPES: NON-CHORDATES
1.	Hydra
' '	a) Preparation of culture media of Hydra
	culture.
	b) Estimation of growth rate of Hydra
	depending on use of different culture media.
	c) Study of regeneration in Hydra
2.	Anatomical study of Earthworm so as to study its
2.	a) Morphology
	b) Digestive system
	c) Reproductive system
	d) Nervous system
	e) Excretion-mounting of septal nephridium
3.	Study of Cockroach
0.	a) Morphology
	b) Study of mouth parts
	c) Digestive system
	d) Reproductive system
	e) Nervous system
	f) Respiratory system (trachea and spiracle)
	g) Locomotion (Mounting of legs)
4.	Study of Sepia so as to study its
	a) Morphology
170	b) Digestive system
	c) Reproductive system
	d) Nervous system
5.	Study of Star fish for its
	a) Morphology
	b) Water vascular system
	c) Digestive system
	d) Reproductive system
	e) Nervous system



6.	Anatomical study of prawn	
	a) Brain	
	b) Appendages	
	c) Statocyst	
7.	Note: Visit to local fish market to study available	
	invertebrates	

- Modern text book of Zoology Invertebrates; 11thEdition, Kotpal; Rastogi publication
- 2. Invertebrate Zoology; E.L. Jordan and P.S. Verma
- 3. A manual of Zoology Part I, Invertebrata; Ayyar, M. Ekambaranath
- 4. Invertebrate Zoology Volumes of different Phyla; Hyman L.H.
- Invertebrate Zoology for Degree students; V. K. Agarwal; S.Chand Publication; 2012
- 6. Invertebrate Zoology Vol 1; Parker and Haswell
- 7. Biology of Invertebrates; J.A.Pechnik, Fourth Edition; Tata Mcgraw Hill
- 8. A textbook of Zoology; T.J.Parker&W.A.Haswell; MacMillan
- 9. Invertebrate Zoology; Bares; Saunders
- 10. Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose &Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.



Course Title: Haematology and Immunology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Explain various components and formation of Blood, its cellular components and their function.
CO 2	Demonstrate the total count of RBCs, WBCs and Hb level and comprehend blood disorders.
CO 3	Be familiar with diagnostic tests performed in the pathological laboratories and recall their clinical significance.
CO 4	Apply for professional DMLT courses as well as utilize this knowledge in research.
CO 5	Explain the components of immune system and its function in the protection of the body.
CO 6	Give the reasons for Rheumatoid arthritis as an autoimmune disease, SCID and AIDS as immunodeficiency disease and describe various antigen-antibody reactions for diagnostic tests, type of vaccine and role of adjuvant in vaccine.
CO 7	Explain the role of immune components in organ transplantation, cancer treatment and recall the concept of Immunomodulation and will be able to do research in it.



RUSZOO502	Title: Haematology and Immunology	Credits: 2.5
Unit I	Basic Haematology	15 lectures
	Composition of blood - Plasma &formed elements	
	Blood volume - Total quantity and regulation,	
	Haemorrhage	
	Plasma proteins - Inorganic constituents, respiratory gases, organic constituents other than proteins (include internal secretions, antibodies and enzymes)	1666
	RBCs - Structure and functions, abnormalities in structure, total count, variation in number;	
	types of anaemia and genetic disorders; ESR	
	Haemoglobin – Structure, formation and degradation, role in transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide (Chloride shift and Bohr's effect);types of haemoglobin (foetal, adult and sickle)	
	WBCs -Types of leukocytes and function; total count and variation in number; leucopoiesis and leukaemia and its types.	
	Blood clotting -Thrombocytes; factors and	
	mechanism of coagulation; anticoagulants; formation of blood platelets (thrombopoiesis); clotting mechanism; bleeding and clotting time; failure of clotting mechanism; haemophilia and purpura	
Unit II	Applied Haematology	15 lectures
m	Introduction to Applied Haematology Definition, scope and brief introduction of basic branches: clinical, microbiological and forensic haematology	
691.	 Diagnostic techniques used in haematology Microscopic examination of blood: For detection of blood cancers (Lymphoma, 	
	Myeloma); infectious diseases (Malaria, Filariasis, Leishmaniasis); hemoglobinopathies (Sickle-cell, Thalassemia) Coagulopathies: Diagnostic methods (haemophilia and purpura) Microbiological examination: Blood culture:	



-		
	 Method and application in Diagnosis of infectious diseases (Typhoid and TB) Biochemical examinations of blood for: Liver function tests: Albumin, AST, ALT, AST:ALT ratio, Total bilirubin, Direct bilirubin, Prothrombin time / International normalized ratio (PT/INR), Serum glucose, LDH and Alkaline phosphatase Kidney function tests: Serum creatinine, blood urea nitrogen Carbohydrate metabolism tests: Blood sugar, Glucose tolerance test, Glycosylated haemoglobin test Other biochemical tests: Blood hormones (Thyroid, FSH, LH) Blood Bank: Collection, storage, preservation of its components Blood transfusion: Crossing matching, Transfusion of blood and bone marrow transplant. 	1666
Unit III	Basic Immunology	15 Lectures
Offic III		13 Lectures
	Overview of Immunology: Definition and scope	
	 Components of immune system: Innate immunity – Definition, Factors affecting innate immunity, Mechanisms of innate immunity – physical barriers, chemical barriers and cellular barriers Adaptive or Acquired immunity – Active Acquired immunity – Natural and Artificial; Passive Acquired immunity – Natural and Artificial 	
PSUU	 Cells and Organs of immune system Cells of immune system— B cells, T cells and null cells, macrophages, dendritic cells and mast cells Organs of immune system— Primary — Thymus and bone marrow; Secondary - Lymph node and spleen 	
	 Antigens: Definition, properties of antigens; haptens Antibodies Definition, basic structure, classes of antibodies – IgG, IgA, IgM, IgD and IgE 	
	Hypersensitivity, Autoimmunity and Immunodeficiency • Definition of Hypersensitivity; Classification of hypersensitivity reactions: Type-I, Type-II,	



	Type-III and Type-IV (one example of each	
	type)	
	 Introduction and a brief account of 	
	autoimmunity and example,	
	Rheumatoid arthritis	
	Introduction to immunodeficiency	
	Congenital, e.g. SCID;	
	Acquired, e.g. AIDS	
Unit IV	Applied Immunology	15 Lectures
Offic 1V	Antigen-Antibody interaction	15 Lectures
		070
	interaction; Precipitation reaction: Definition,	
	characteristics and mechanism,	
	precipitation in gels (slide test) - Radial	
	immunodiffusion (Mancini method), Double	
	immunodiffusion (Ouchterlonymethod)	
	 Agglutination reaction: definition, 	
	characteristics and mechanism	
	 Haemagglutination (slide and micro-tray 	
	agglutination), passive agglutination,	
	Coomb's test and ELISA	
	Vaccines and Vaccination	
	 Brief history of vaccination, principles of 	
	vaccines, Active and Passive immunization;	
	Routes of vaccine administration	
	 Classification of Vaccines: Live attenuated, 	
	Whole-Killed or inactivated, Sub-unit	
	vaccines: Toxoids, Protein vaccines, Viral-	
	like particles, DNA vaccines	
	Adjuvants: Introduction and application;	
	Adjuvants used for human vaccines	
	(Alum, Virosomes and Liposomes,	
	Saponins, Water-in-oil emulsions)	
.0	,	
	Vaccines against human pathogens: Polio; Hangtitis A and B: Betavirus: Polio Proposition Polio Proposition	
	Hepatitis A and B; Rotavirus;	
	Tuberculosis(BCG); Diphtheria, Tetanus and	
00.	Pertussis (DPT); Typhoid (TAB) vaccines	
	Transplantation and Tumour Immunology	
•	Introduction to transplantation; Types of	
	grafts; Immunologic basis of graft rejection:	
	MHC compatibility in organ transplantation,	
	 Immunomodulator – only one example of drug. 	
	Tumour immunology (Cancer	
	immunology): Introduction to cellular	
	transformation and cancer; Immunotherapy:	
	Antigen-independent cytokine therapy,	



	Passive immunotherapy	
	Assignment - Model on Haematology/	
	Immunology topics	
RUSZOOP502	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
	HAEMATOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY	
1.	Enumeration of erythrocytes - Total count	
2.	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate by suitable method –	
	Westergren or Wintrobe method	
3.	Estimation of haemoglobin by Sahli's acid haematin	
	method	
4.	Enumeration of leucocytes –Total Count	
5.	Differential count of WBC	
6.	Determination of Serum LDH	
7.	Estimation of total plasma proteins by Folin's method	
8.	Estimation of serum/ plasma total triglycerides by	
	Phosphovanillin method	
9.	Latex agglutination test - Rheumatoid Arthritis	
10.	To demonstrate Immunodiffusion method by	
	Ouchterlony technique/Radial immune diffusion.	

Basic Heamatology

- Human Physiology Volume 1; C.C.Chatterjee
- Essentials of Haematology; Shirish M. Kawthalkar; Jaypee Brothers
- WilliamsHematology; Kenneth Kaushansky, Marshall A. Lichtman, E. Beutler, Thomas J. Kipps, JosefPrchal, Uri Seligsohn
- Essential Haematology; Victor Hoffbrand, Paul Moss, John Pettit
- Rapid Review ofHematology; RamadasNayak; Jaypee Brothers
- Precise Haematology; Usha Rusia, Meera Sikka, Renu Saxena; Wiley India
- Short Textbook of Haematology; Shah B.S.; C.B.S. Publisher and Distributor
- Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose & Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata; 1999
- Mechanisms ofBody Functions; Second Edition; DexterM. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1978
- A Text book of Practical Physiology; First Edition; V.G. Ranade; A.V.G. Prakashan, Pune; 1968

Applied Hematology

- Harrison's Hematology and Oncology; 3rd Edition (Harrison's Specialty); Dan Longo; McGraw-Hill
- Essentials of Haematology; Second Edition; Kawthalkar Shirish M.; Jaypee; 2013
- Medical Biochemistry by M.N. Chatterjee and Rana Shinde; Jaypee; 2012
- EssentialsinHematology and Clinical Pathology; Nayak, Ramadas
- · Clinical Pathology and Hematology; Maheshwari, Nanda; Jaypee
- Practical Hematology; Dacie J V; Churchill Livingstone; 2006



- Lecture Notes: Haematology; Hatton, Chris S. R. Hughes-Jones, NevinC. Hay, Deborah; Wiley-Blackwell
- ABC series:ABC ofClinical Haematology; Provan; Drew Publisher: BMJ Books

Basic Immunology

- Immunology Introductory Textbook; Shetty, N.; New Age International; 2005
- Immunology Essentialand Fundamental; Pathak, S., &Palan, U.; Science Publishers; 2005
- Immunology: A textbook; Rao, C. V.; Alpha Science Int'l Ltd.; 2005
- Ananthanarayan and Paniker's textbook of microbiology; C.J. Paniker (Ed.);
 Ananthanarayan, R.; Orient Blackswan; 2005
- Textbook of Immunology; Haleemkhan, Rajendra Sagar, Sadguna
- Prescott's Microbiology; Ninth Edition; Joanne M. Willey, Linda M. Sherwood & Christopher J. Woolverton; McGraw-Hill Education; 2014

Applied Immunology

- Cellular and molecular immunology; Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H. &Pillai S.; Elsevier Health Sciences; 2014
- •Roitt's essential immunology (Vol. 20); Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., Burton, D. R., &Roitt, I.M.; JohnWiley & Sons; 2011
- The elements of immunology; Khan, F. H.; Pearson Education, India; 2009
- Immunology; Kindt, T.J., Goldsby, R. A., Osborne, B. A., Kuby, J.; Sixth Edition; W.H. Freeman and Company; 2006
- · Janeway's Immunobiology; Murphy, K., & Weaver, C.; Garland Science; 2016
- Fundamental Immunology; Paul, W.E.; Philadelphia: Lippincott-Raven;1999
- Immunology Introductory Textbook; Shetty N.; New Age International; 2005
- Prescott's Microbiology; Ninth Edition; Joanne M. Willey, Linda M. Sherwood & Christopher J. Woolverton; McGraw-Hill Education; 2014



Course Title: Molecular Biology and Biotechnology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Understand and describe the general principals of gene organization expression prokaryotes and eukaryotes, common gene analysis
	techniques, gene expression, different types of mutation, the role of
	mutagenic agents and methods of DNA repair system.
CO 2	Describe the principles for gene regulation in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, tools and techniques of genetic engineering and understand non-disjunction during mitosis and meiosis, its effects on genome and in turn on a person.
CO 3	Comprehend the importance and different methods of prenatal diagnosis to diagnose the diseased condition in a developing foetus.
CO 4	Understand the advantages of tissue culture in laboratory condition which can be useful for patients.
CO 5	Develop the skills of performing different aseptic techniques used to maintain sterility during experimental process.
CO 6	Analyse and compare the different culture media and optimum conditions required depending on the need of proliferating cells.
CO 7	Develop skills so as to equip them to work in upcoming fields of science and technology.



RUSZOO503	Title: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY	Credits-2.5
Unit I	Molecular Biology	15 lectures
	 Types of mutation Point mutations – substitution, deletion and insertion mutations Substitution mutations – silent (same-sense), missense and nonsense mutations, Transition and transversion, Deletion and Insertion mutations – frameshift mutations Trinucleotide repeat expansions – fragile X syndrome, Huntington disease Spontaneous mutation – tautomeric shifts, spontaneous lesion 	000
	Induced mutations/mutagens/mutagenic agents/DNA	
	 Physical agents – ionizing radiation (X-rays, α, β and γ rays), non-ionizing radiation (UV light) Chemical agents – base analogs (5-bromouracil), intercalating agents (acridine dyes), deaminating agents (bisulfite compounds), hydroxylating agents (hydroxylamine), alkylating agents (ethylmethanesulphonate), aflatoxin (aflatoxin B1) Preventative and repair mechanisms for DNA damage Mechanisms that prevent DNA damage – superoxide dismutase and catalase Mechanisms that repair damaged DNA – direct DNA repair (alkyltransferase, photoreactivation, excision repair) Post-replication repair – recombination repair, mismatch repair, SOS repair,transcription - repair coupling 	
694	 Eukaryotic gene expression Regulatory proteins – zinc fingers, helix-turn-helix domain and leucine zipper DNA methylation 	
Unit II	Genetic Engineering	15 lectures
	 Tools in Genetic Engineering Enzymes involved in Genetic Engineering: Introduction, nomenclature and types with examples, working mechanism, Ligases – Restriction enzymes, E.coli DNA ligase, RNA polymerases. 	



	 Vectors for gene cloning: General properties, advantages and disadvantages of cloning vectors – phage vectors, BAC vectors Cloning techniques: Cloning after restriction digestion - blunt and cohesive end ligation, cDNA synthesis (Reverse transcription) Transfection techniques: electroporation, virus mediated gene transfer – Retrovirus Techniques in Genetic Engineering PCR techniques: Principles, working and applications of thermocycler and introduction to RTPCR. Sequencing techniques: DNA sequencing: Maxam-Gilbert method, Sanger's method – Manual and automated methods Protein sequencing: Sanger's method, Edman's method, Applications of sequencing techniques Separation and detection techniques: Blotting techniques: Southern blotting, Northern blotting and Western blotting Applications of blotting technique. DNA Microarray: Introduction and Applications 	
	bita inicidarray. Introduction and Applications	
Unit III	Human Genetics	15 Lectures
	Non-disjunction during mitosis and meiosis Chromosomal Aberrations: Structural: Deletion: types, effects and disorders; Translocation: types: robertsonian and non-robertsonian, disorders; Inversion: types, effects and significance; Duplication and their evolutionary significance (multigene families) Numerical: Aneuploidy and Polyploidy (Autoploidy and Alloploid)	
Pally	 Genetic Disorders Inborn Errors of Metabolism: Phenylketonuria, G-6-PD deficiency, Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Niemann Pick syndrome Single gene mutation: Cystic fibrosis, Muscular dystrophy Multifactorial: Breast Cancer, Diabetes Mellitus, Ischemic heart. Uniparental Disomy: Angelman Syndrome and Prader-Willi Syndrome 	
	 Diagnosis Prenatal Diagnosis (Amniocentesis) and choriovillus sampling - Ultrasound scanning and Fetoscopy, Banding techniques (G, C, Q), FISH and M-FISH, 	



	Protein truncation test (PTT), Single Nucleotide Polymorphism and its applications • Genetic counselling: Psycho-social and ethical aspects for the individual and the family in connection with genetic investigations.	
Unit IV	Tissue culture	Lectures 15
	 Introduction to animal cell culture Advantages of tissue culture – control of the environment, characterization and homogeneity of sample, economy, scale and mechanization, in vitro modeling of in vivo conditions Limitations of tissue culture – expertise, quantity, dedifferentiation and selection, origin of cells, instability 	00
	 Aseptic techniques Objectives of aseptic techniques – maintaining sterility Sterilization – basic principles of sterilization, importance of sterility in cell culture Sterile handling – swabbing, capping, flaming, handling bottles and flasks, pipetting, pouring 	
	 Culture media Physicochemical properties – pH, CO2 and bicarbonate, buffering, O2, osmolality, temperature, viscosity, surface tension and foaming Types of media – Natural and Artificial media Serum – protein, growth factors, hormones, nutrients and metabolites, lipids, minerals and inhibitors Balanced Salt Solutions Complete Media – amino acids, vitamins, salts, glucose, oxygen supplements, hormones and growth factors, antibiotics 	
6911	 Primary and secondary culture and establishment of cell lines. Establishment of primary and secondary cultures of normal, adult and embryonic sources. Isolation of cells – enzyme digestion, perfusion, mechanical disaggregation, explants cultures Substrate for attachment Culture conditions – selection against some cell types, conditioned medium, feeder cells 	



RUSZOOP503	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY	<u> </u>
1.	Isolation & Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method (formula method and standard graph)	
2.	Isolation & Estimation of DNA by Diphenylamine method (formula method and standard graph)	
3.	Separation of proteins by SDS-PAGE from the given sample (plasma proteins)	AQ.
4.	Colorimetric estimation of proteins from given sample by Bradford's method.	,0
5.	Karyotype (Idiogram) analysis for the following syndromes with comments on numerical & structural variations in chromosomes: a. Turner's syndrome b. Klinefelter's syndrome c. Down's syndrome d. Cri-du-chat syndrome e. D-G translocation f. Edward's syndrome g. Patau's syndrome	
6.	 2. Problems in genetics based on abnormalities in chromosomes: a. Total number of chromosomes present = 46, male. Reciprocal translocation between chromosomes 2 and 5. Breakage and reunion has occurred between long arm of 2nd chromosome, band 21 and long arm of 5th chromosome, band 31 b. Interpret the following formula: 46, XY, t (2;5) (q21; q31) c. Duplication:46, XX, dup (1) (q22qq25) d. Total number of chromosomes = 46, female. Duplication on chromosome number 1, long arm between band 1q22 and 1q25 e. Turner's Syndrome: 45, X f. Klinefelter's Syndrome: 47, XXY 	
7.	Stained preparation of Onion root tip and calculation of Mitotic index	
8.	Identification of contrasting traits in drosophila using photographs	
9.	Sterilization technique (Workplace, Glassware, Chemicals, Biological fluids or samples	
10.	Use of autoclave for sterilization of equipments for tissue culture, Packaging of glassware	
11.	Trypsinization and vital staining using Trypan blue stain	



12.	Tissue culture media preparation, aseptic transfer & inoculation of culture	
13.	Streaking of butt, slant and plate (continuous and discontinuous methods) with E.coli (Demonstration only)	

Molecular Biology

- Genetics The continuity of life; Daniel Fairbanks and Ralph Andersen; Brooks/ Cole Publishing Company; 1999
- Introduction to Molecular Biology; Peter Paolella; Tata McGraw Hill; 2010
- Molecular Biology; David Freifelder; Narosa Publishing House; 2008
- Genetics; Robert Weaver and Philip Hedrick; McGraw Hill; 2001
- iGenetics A Molecular Approach; Third Edition; Peter J. Russell; Pearson Education, Inc. (Benjamin Cummings), San Francisco; 2010
- Molecular Biology Academic Cell Update; Update Edition; David Clark; Elsevier, Inc.; 2010
- Genetics; M.W. Farnsworth; Harper and Row Publishers, Inc., USA; 1978
- Principles of Genetics; Eighth Edition; Gardner, Simmons and Snustad; John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pte. Ltd., Singapore; 2002
- The Science of Genetics An Introduction to Heredity; Fourth Edition; George W. Burns; Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., New York; 1980
- Molecular Biology Bios Instant Notes; Fourth Edition; Alexander McLennan, Andy Bates, Phil Turner & Mike White; Garland Science; 2013
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/

Genetic Engineering

- Current Protocols in Molecular Biology; Frederick M. Ausubel, Roger Brent, Robert E. Kingston, David D. Moore, Seidman J. G., John A. Smith and Kevin Struhl; John Wiley& Son, Inc.; 2003
- Introduction to Proteomics; Daniel C. Liebler; Humana Press; 2002
- Molecular cloning; Joseph Sambrook, David William Russell; Third Edition; CSHL Press; 2001
- Gene Cloning An Introduction; Brown .T.A; Fourth Edition; Wiley-Blackwell: 2011
- Recombinant DNA Genes and Genomes- A short course; 3rd Edition;
 Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy A., Witkowski, J.K.; Freeman and Co. NY;
 2007
- Principles Of Gene Manipulation & Genomics; Primrose SB and R. Twyman; Blackwell Science Publications; 2006
- Methods In Enzymology, Vol 152; Berger SI, Kimmer AR; Academic Press; 1987
- Genomes 3; Third Edition; T.A.Brown; Garland Science Publishing; 2007
- Molecular Biotechnology Principles and applications of recombinant DNA;
 Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J. J.; ASM press, Washington; 2010



- Microbiology; Fifth Edition; Pelczar, M.J. et al; Tata McGraw-Hill Co., New Delhi; 2001
- Introduction to Protein Structure; Second Edition; Branden C. and Tooze J.;
 Garlan Publishing; 1999
- Proteins; Second Edition; Creighton T.E.; W.H. Freeman; 1993
- Proteomics Protein Sequence to Function; Pennington, S.R and M.J. Dunn; Viva Books; 2002
- Genetic engineering Principles and Practice; Sandhya Mitra; Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi
- Biotechnology Fundamentals and Applications; Third Enlarged Edition;
 S.S. Purohit; Student Edition, Jodhpur; 2005
- Biotechnology Expanding Horizons; B.D.Singh; Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana
- A textbook of Biotechnology; R.C.Dubey; S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi
- Molecular Biology Bios Instant Notes; Fourth Edition; Alexander McLennan, Andy Bates, Phil Turner & Mike White; Garland Science; 2013

Human Genetics

- iGenetics A Molecular Approach; Third Edition; Peter J. Russell; Pearson Education, Inc. (Benjamin Cummings), San Francisco; 2010
- Cell and Molecular Biology; Eighth Edition; E.D.P. De Robertis, E.M.F. De Robertis Jr.; Info-Med Ltd.; 1988
- Genetics (Bios Instant Notes); Third Edition; G.I. Hickey, H.L. Fletcher and P. Winter; Taylor and Francis Group, New York; 2007
- Genetics A Conceptual Approach; Third Edition; Benjamin A. Pierce; W.H. Freeman and Company, New York; 2008
- New Clinical Genetics; Second Edition; Andrew Read and Dian Donnai; Scion Publishing Ltd., UK; 2011
- Genetics; Third Edition; Robert F. Weaver and Philip W. Hedrick; Wm. C. Brown Publishers (The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.); 1997
- Human Molecular Genetics; Fourth Edition; Tom Strachan and Andrew Read; Garland Science, USA; 2011
- Genetics; M.W. Farnsworth; Harper and Row Publishers, Inc., USA; 1978
- Human Genetics An Overview; Alice Marcus; Narosa Publishing House; 2010
- The Science of Genetics An Introduction to Heredity; Fourth Edition; George W. Burns; Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., New York; 1980
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/
- https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/

Tissue Culture

- Culture of animal cells A manual of basic technique; R. Ian Freshney; John Wiley and Sons Publications; 2005
- Basic cell culture A practical approach; J. M. Davis; Oxford University Press; Indian edition; 2005



- Animal cell culture Biotechnology Series: Vol.1; Bina Mishra, B.P.Mishra, Pran P. Bhat, P.N.Bhat; Studium Press (India) Pvt. Ltd; 2011
- Animal cell culture Concept and Applications; Shweta Sharma; Oxford book Company; 2012
- Biotechnology of Animal Tissues; Dr.P.R.Yadav and Dr. Rajiv Tyagi; Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi; 2006



Course Title: Endocrinology, Osteology and Embryology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Understand the importance of epidermal and dermal derivatives and their
	functions.
CO 2	Comprehend the types & secretions of endocrine glands and their
	functions.
CO 3	Develop the conceptual clarity of the structure, types and functions of
	human skeleton.
CO 4	Understand and analyse the processes involved in embryonic
	development, comparative embryology and its application.
CO 5	Develop skills for doing research in the field of developmental biology



RUSZOO504	Title: Endocrinology, Osteology and Embryology	Credits- 2.5
Unit I	Endocrine glands and regulation	15 lectures
	General organization of mammalian endocrine system	
	Hormones: Classification, properties, mechanism of hormone action, hormone secretion and transport	00
	 Histology and functions of following endocrine glands: Pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Pancreas, Adrenal, Testis and Ovaries Study of following endocrine clinical disorders and their management: Diabetes, acromegaly, dwarfism, goiter, rickets, cushing syndrome. 	186
Unit II	Human Osteology	15 Lectures
	 Introduction: Cartilage and Bone Chemical composition, Structure and Function of Cartilage. Chemical composition, Structure and Functions of Bone. 	
	 Axial skeleton Skull: general characteristics of skull bones 1) cranial bones 2) facial bones Vertebral column: General characteristics of a vertebra, structure of different types of vertebrae (cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacrum & coccyx) Ribs & sternum (Thorax): General skeleton of ribs & sternum Hyoid bone: General structure 	
03/1/1	 Appendicular skeleton Pectoral girdle and Pelvic girdle Forelimbs and Hindlimbs Sexual dimorphism of human skeleton 	
Unit III	Experimental and Chick embryology	15 Lectures
	Introduction to experimental embryology Germplasm theory, Mosaic theory, Regulative theory, Gradient theory, Spemann's theory of organizers	
	Basic concept and principles of experimental embryology - brief idea of morphogenesis and organogenesis, fate maps, cell adhesion, cell affinity	



	and differentiation.	
	Development of Chick: Structure of chick embryo –	
	18 hours, 24 hours, 36 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours	
	Signaling pathways and intercellular	
	communication during development: Induction and	
	competence, epithelial-mesenchymal interaction	
	Recent trends in developmental biology:	
	Methods to determine the role of genes during	.0
	development (transgenic and chimeric mouse,	-00
	"knockout" experiments), Genes contributing to	(0.50)
	developmental defects (oncogenes), multipotent and	
	pluripotent stem cells and their niche	
Unit IV	Integumentary system and derivatives	15 Lectures
	Basic structure of integument: Epidermis and	
	dermis; classification of keratinized and non-	
	keratinized derivatives	
	Epidermal derivatives of Vertebrates: Hair, hoof,	
	horn, claw, teeth, beak, epidermal scales (large	
	scales, small scales, modified scales - spine), glands	
	- types and functions (mucous, serous, ceruminous,	
	poison, uropygial, salt), feathers	
	Dermal derivatives of vertebrates : Scales in fish;	
	scutes in reptiles and birds; dermal scales in	
	mammals - Armadillo, Antler – Caribou	
	Special derivatives of integument (Epidermal):	
	Wart in toad; rattle in snake; horny beak in turtle,	
	birds, monotremes; spur in male birds - jacana, fowl;	
	whale bone - baleen whale; liliac callosities - African	
DU07000504	mandrill; kneepads – camel	0.0 114
RUSZOOP504	PRACTICALS	3 Credits
E	NDOCRINOLOGY, OSTEOLOGY AND EMBRYOLOGY	
1.	To study the histology of glands: T.S. of pitutary,	
	thyroid, pancreas, adrenal, ovary, testis	
2.	To study the clinical disorders caused by endocrine	
	glands with the help of photographs: acromegaly,	
70.	dwarfism, goiter, rickets, cushing syndrome.	
3.	To study human skeleton:	
	A) Study of axial skeleton	
	a) Skull bone	
	b) Ossicles of middle ear	
	c) Hyoid bone	
	d) Rib cage	
	e) Sternum	
	B) Vertebral column	



		$\overline{}$	
	a) Cervical vertebrae		
	b) Typical cervical vertebrae (3-6)		
	c) Atlas or 1st cervical vertebra		
	d) Axis or 2nd cervical vertebra		
	e) 7th cervical vertebra		
	f) Thoracic vertebrae (8-19)		
	g) Typical lumbar vertebra (20-24)		
	h) Sacral vertebrae and coccyx		
	(synsacrum): Sacrum (25-29), Coccyx		
	(30-33)		
4.	Observation of developing chick embryo -18 hours,		
	24 hours, 36 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours		
5.	To prepare temporary mounting of chick embryo up to		
	72 hours		
6.	To study the effect of temperature in the development		
	of chick embryo upto 48 hours/ 72 hours		
7.	To study T.S. of integument: amphibian, reptilian,		
	avian, mammalian		
8.	To study horns, antlers		
9.	To study different types of scales: dermal, epidermal		
10.	To study epidermal glands: mucous, sebaceous,		
	sweat, poison, uropygial		
11.	To study special integumentary derivatives		

Integumentary system and derivatives

- Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates; Ninth Edition; Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K.; The McGraw-Hill Companies; 2000
- Text book of chordates; Saras publication
- Modern text of zoology; Prof. R.L. Kotpal
- Integumentary system and its derivatives; Samuel D. Hodge

Endocrinology

- Text book of endocrinology; Williams
- Textbook of Endocrinology Hardcover; Dharmalingam; 2010
- Endocrinology; 6th Edition; Mac Hadley, Jon E. Levine
- Bailey's textbook of histology Hardcover; Frederick R Bailey
- Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1978.

Human Osteology

- Atlas of human anatomy -Vol I; R.D. Sinelnikov; Mr. Publishers Moscow
- A Guide Of Osteology (for medical students); Prakash kendra, Lucknow
- Text Book Of Comparative Anatomy And Physiology; Tortora
- Human osteology; Tim D.White
- Text Book of Human osteology; Singh Inderbir



 Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1978

Experimental and Chick embryology

- Developmental biology; Gilbert
- Developmental biology; Patten
- Developmental biology; Wolpert
- Text book of embryology; N. Arumugam
- Chicken Development Embryology; W.H. Freeman & B. Bracegirdle
- Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose &Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt.Ltd., Kolkata; 1999



MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT (T.Y.B.Sc.)

A] Internal assessment - 40%: 40 marks

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Multiple choice questions)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Group Discussion	20
	TOTAL	40

B] External examination - 60%

- Semester End Theory Assessment = 60 Marks
 - * (Deviation from the usual modality)

Owing to the pandemic situation prevailing in 2020 and continuing in 2021, the external examinations (Semester End) may be conducted online as per the instructions/circulars received from the University of Mumbai and Maharashtra State notifications from time to time. The conventional mode of external examination will commence again only after the declaration of normalcy by the Government authorities.

- Duration These examinations shall be of two hours each paper.
- Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit III
Q.4) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit IV
Q.5) a, b, c, d, e	Any 3 out of 5	12	All Units
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Examination

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Heading	Practical
Journal	05
Lab Participation	05
Lab work/ Field report/	10
Presentation	
Total	20



(B) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work and / or Viva voce	30
Total	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/Co-ordinator / In charge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.



Course Title: Study of Animal type: Chordates

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Understand about the habitat and economic importance of the
	Vertebrates
CO 2	Analyse the external morphology and physiology of systems of vertebrate
	animal
CO 3	Compare and contrast between the differences and similarities of
	morphologies and physiologies of vertebrate animals
CO 4	Develop an overview of the evolutionary concepts including homology
	and homoplasy, and Detailed discussions of major organ systems.
CO 5	Apply their knowledge for doing research in allied fields.

RUSZOO601	Title: Study of Animal Type- Chordates	Credits- 2.5
Unit I	Class- Pisces e.g. Scoliodon	15 lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat External characters and sexual dimorphism Exoskeleton and Endoskeleton Digestive system- food and feeding Physiology of digestion Respiratory system, Mechanism of respiration Circulatory system and its mechanism	
	Nervous system and sense organs Male and Female Urinogenital System Economic importance	1166
Unit II	Class – Amphibian e.g. Frog	15 lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat External characters and sexual dimorphism Endoskeleton Digestive system, food and feeding, physiology of digestion Respiratory system- Mechanism of respiration Circulatory system and its mechanism. Nervous system and Sense organs Male and Female Urinogenital system	
Unit III	Class- Aves e.g. Pigeon	15 Lectures
	Systematic position, Habit and habitat External characters Exoskeleton and Endoskeleton Muscular system Digestive system, food, feeding and physiology of digestion Respiratory system and its mechanism, Role of airsacs Circulatory system and its mechanism Nervous system and Sense organs Male and Female Urinogenital system	
Unit IV	Class Mammalia e.g. Rat	15 Lectures
6.0.	Systematic position, Habit and habitat External characters Epidermal Derivatives Digestive system, food, feeding and physiology of digestion Nervous system and Sense organs Respiratory system and its mechanism Circulatory system and its mechanism Excretory system and its mechanism Male and Female Reproductive systems Assignment- Model – Animal Systems	



RUSZOOP601	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
STUDY OF ANIMAL TYPES- CHORDATES		
1.	Study of Scoliodon	
	a) Morphology	
	b) Digestive system	
	 c) Nervous system (cranial nerves) including 	
	brain	
	d) Circulatory system	
	e) Male and female urinogenital system	
	f) Mounting of placoid scales and	AV.
	chondrocytes	
2.	Study of Frog	
	a) Morphology	
	b) Digestive system	3 ,
	c) Nervous system	
	d) Circulatory system (arterial & venous)	
	e) Male and female urinogenital system	
3.	Study of Pigeon	
	a) Morphology	
	b) Digestive systemc) Respiratory system- air sacs	
	d) Nervous system	
	e) Circulatory system (arterial & venous)	
	f) Male and female urinogenital system	
4.	Study of Rat	
	a) Morphology	
	b) Digestive system	
	c) Respiratory system	
	d) Urinogential system of Male and Female	
	e) Nervous system	
	f) Circulatory system (arterial & venous)	
5.	Anatomical study of Hen's head so as to study its	
	a) Brain	
	b) Columella auris	
•	c) Hyoid apparatus	
	d) Mounting of Blood (Blood cells)	
6.	Study of flight muscles of Hen	
0.0,	Note: Visit to National Parks.	

- Modern text book of Zoology Vertebrates; Professor R.L. Kotpal; Rastogi publication; Third Edition
- Vertebrate Zoology; E.L. Jordan and P.S. Verma
- A manual of Zoology, Vol. II Vertebrata; Ayyar, M. Ekambaranath
- Vertebrate Zoology Volumes of different Phyla; Hyman L.H.
- Vertebrate Zoology for Degree students; V. K. Agarwal; S.Chand Publication; 2012



- Vertebrate Zoology, Vol.II; Parker and Haswell
- Minor phyla General information; Professor R.L. Kotpal; Rastogi Publication; Fifth Edition
- Vertebrate Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution; K.V.Kardong; Fourth Edition; Tata McGraw Hill
- The life of Vertebrates; J.Z. Young; ELBS Oxford University Press
- Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose &Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata; 1999



Course Title: Physiology, Histology and Pathology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:	
CO 1	Understand and describe nomenclature and mechanism of enzyme, enzyme inhibition and regulatory enzymes.	
CO 2	Draw graph and calculate optimum pH, temperature, Vmax and Km value for enzyme and find out competitive and non-competitive enzyme inhibition from graph.	
CO 3	Appreciate the therapeutic and industrial application of enzymes.	
CO 4	Describe importance of homeostasis, mechanisms by which it is achieved and comprehend the adaptive responses of the animals to the changes in environmental temperature, availability of ions and water in the environment.	
CO 5	Identify microscopically histological layer of the organs and develop skills useful for doing research in the same field.	
CO 6	Gain knowledge of various terminologies for pathological conditions in body and the application of pathology in Forensics.	
CO 7	Develop interest and skills which will be helpful for research in animal studies.	



RUSZOO602	Title: Physiology, Histology and Pathology	Credits- 2.5
Unit I	Enzymology	15 lectures
	Definition, nomenclature and classification (based on Enzyme Commission) of enzymes, cofactors and coenzymes, the concept and properties of active site, Enzyme Specificity, Mechanism of enzyme action.	900
	Factors affecting enzyme activity- pH, temperature and substrate concentration; concept of activation energy.	
	Enzyme kinetics, Concept of steady state, Derivation of Michaelis-Menton equation and Lineweaver-Burk plot, concept and significance of km, Vmax and kcat,	
	Enzyme inhibitors- competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive inhibitors and their kinetics; therapeutic applications of enzyme inhibitors Regulation of enzyme activity: allosteric regulation and regulation by covalent modification of enzymes; Zymogen (pepsinogen); Isozymes (LDH)	
	Clinical significance and industrial applications of enzymes	
Unit II	Homeostasis (Temperature and Ionic regulation)	15 lectures
	Homeostasis - External and internal environment; Acclimation and acclimatization; Control systems in biology: Feedback mechanism- negative feedback and positive feedback with suitable examples.	
	Thermoregulation -Cold blooded, warm blooded, poikilotherms, homeotherms, ectotherms, endotherms, relation between temperature and biological activities, temperature balance; heat production- shivering and non-shivering thermogenesis; brown fat – special thermogenic tissue in mammals, mechanisms of heat loss; adaptive response to temperature- daily torpor, hibernation, aestivation	



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	Osmotic and Ionic regulation - osmoregulator,	
	osmoconfomers, ionoregulators and	
	ionoconfermers, maintaining water and electrolyte	
	balance; ionic regulation in iso-osmotic	
	environment; living in hypo-osmotic and hyper-	
	osmotic environment; problems of living in	
	terrestrial environment: water absorption, saltwater	
	•	
	ingestion and salt excretion, salt glands, role of	
	kidney in ionic regulation, metabolic water	
Unit III	Histology	15 Lectures
	Vertical section of skin-Layers and cells of	10.50
	epidermis; papillary and reticular layers of dermis;	
	sweat glands, sebaceous glands and skin receptors.	
	sweat giarius, sebaceous giarius and skiri receptors.	\mathcal{S}
	Digestive System	
	Vertical Section of tooth – hard tissue – dentine	
	and enamel; soft tissue –Dentinal pulp and	
	periodontal ligaments, Transverse section of	
	tongue – mucosal papillae and taste buds	
	Alimentary Canal – basic histological	
	organization with reference to transverse	
	section of oesophagus, stomach, duodenum,	
	ileum and rectum of mammal.	
	Glands associated with digestive system-	
	histology with reference to transverse section	
	of salivary glands, liver, pancreas	
	1/0	
	Respiratory organs –transverse section (T.S.) of	
	trachea and lung	
	Excretory system- L.S. of Kidney	
	4,0,	
Unit IV	General pathology	15 Lectures
	Infectious diseases: aetiology and its types. Cell	
	injury – causes and types	
	injury – causes and types	
$-\alpha'\lambda$	Patramanahan aharanan Dafiatikan alaushi	
Ma.	Retrogressive changes: Definition, cloudy	
	swelling, degeneration: fatty, mucoid and amyloid	
	(gross and microscopic changes)	
	Necrosis: Definition and causes; nuclear and	
	cytoplasmic changes; Types: Coagulative,	
	Liquefactive, Caseous, Fat and Fibroid. (gross and	
	microscopic changes)	
	Gangrene: Definition and types-dry, moist and gas	
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	gangrene (gross and microscopic changes)	
	Disorders of pigmentation: Endogenous: Brief ideas about normal process of pigmentation, melanosis, Inhaled, ingested and injected pigments	
	Circulatory disturbances: Causes and effects of Hyperaemia, Ischaemia, Thrombosis, Embolism, Edema and Infarction	40.
	Inflammation: Definition and causes, cardinals of inflammation; acute and chronic inflammation	1160
	Applied pathology and its application: Anatomical, clinical and molecular; investigating methods: biopsy and surgery (for pathological examination of tissue), autopsy, post mortem changes - Algor mortis - body cooling, Rigor mortis - stiffening of limbs, state of decomposition- autolysis (process of self-digestion) and putrefaction.	
	Tumour Pathology- Benin and Malignant	
	Assignment topic- Lab visit and report submission	
RUSZOOP602	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
	PHYSIOLOGY, HISTOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY	•
1.	Effect of pH on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase	
2.	Effect of varying enzyme concentration on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase	
3.	Effect of varying substrate concentration on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase	
4.	Effect of inhibitor on the activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase	
5.	Study of separation of LDH isozymes by agarose gel electrophoresis	
6.	To study the effect of enzymes in detergent	
7,20	Study of mammalian tissues: a) V. S. of Skin b) V.S. of Tooth c) T.S. of Stomach	
	d) T.S. of Ileum e) T.S. of Liver f) T.S. of Pancreas	
8.	g) T.S. of Lung Identification of following diseases or conditions (from	



	sores, Necrosis, Oedema, Malaria, Filariasis, Leishmaniasis	
9.	Widal's Test	
10.	Study and interpretation of pathological reports: Blood,	
	Urine and Stool (faeces).	

References:

Homoeostasis

- Comparative Animal Physiology; Knut Schmidt Nielson; Cambridge Press
- Comparative Animal Physiology; Prosser and Brown
- Comparative Animal Physiology; WilliamS Hoar
- Text book of Comparative Physiology; R Nagabhushanam, MsKodarkar, Sarojini R India BookHouse Pvt. Ltd.
- Animal Physiology; N.Arumugam, A.Mariakuttikan; Saras Publication

Enzymology

- Lehninger'sPrinciplesofBiochemistry; David Lee Nelson, A.L.Lehninger, Michael M Cox;W.H.Freeman, New York; 2008
- Biochemistry; 5th ed.; JM Berg, J L Tymoczko and LubertStryer; W.H. Freeman, New York: 2002
- Biochemistry; 2ndedition; Donald Voetand Judith G Voet; J.Wiley and Sons, New York; 1995

Histology

- A Textbook ofHistology; Deshmukh,Shivaji; Dominant Pub.
- Colour Textbook ofHistology; Gartner, Leslie P.;Saunders
- A Textbook of Histology; Mathur, Ramesh; Anmol Pub.
- A Textbook of Histology and A Practical Guide; Gunasegaran, J.P.; Elsevier
- · A Textbook of Histology; Khanna, D. R.; Sonali Pub.
- Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose & Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt.Ltd., Kolkata; 1999

General pathology

- A Textbook OfVeterinary and General Pathology; Second edition; J. L. Vagad; IBDC Publishers
- Clinical Pathology; Guru G.; NCERT; 1988
- Clinical Pathology; Batra Neelam; Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.; Nov. 1982
- Essentials of General Pathology Dr. Sudha Shivraj, Dr. Satish Kumar Amarnath, Dr. Sheela Devi; Exclusively distributed by CBS Publishers & Distributors
- Textbook ofPathology; Harsh Mohan; JAPYEEpublishers
- Prescott'sMicrobiology; Ninth Edition; Joanne M. Willey, Linda M. Sherwood
 &Christopher J. Woolverton; McGraw-Hill Education; 2014



Course Code: RUSZOO603

Course Title: Toxicology and Computational Biology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Understand different biological toxins, their good or bad effects on vertebrates, safe level of drugs and dose response relationship and ethical issues in drug toxicity.
CO 2	Understand ethical and philosophical concept of bioethical issues including intellectual property right and the concepts and practices of bioprospecting.
CO 3	Identify drugs of natural origin and their source and comprehend and analyse the method of self-medication and the application.
CO 4	Know different concepts of biostatistics, recognize and give examples of different types of data gathered from public health, clinical studies etc.
CO 5	Choose an appropriate test for comparing two different variables in different populations.
CO 6	Understand existing software which can be used effectively to extract the information from large databases.
CO 7	Identify, formulate and review research literature and the use of construction of the phylogenic tree.



Detailed syllabus

RUSZOO603	Title: TOXICOLOGY AND COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY	Credits- 2.5
Unit I	Basic Toxicology	15 lectures
	Introduction of Toxicology- Brief history, different areas of toxicology, Principles and scopes of Toxicology	
	Toxins and Toxicants Phytotoxins (caffeine, nicotine) Mycotoxins (aflatoxins) Zootoxins Cnidarian toxin Bee venom Scorpion venom Snake venom	1100
	Site of exposure: Local reactions of exposure and Routes of exposure	
	Types of toxicity – Acute toxicity, subacute toxicity, sub-chronic toxicity, chronic toxicity, immediate toxicity, delayed toxicity, reversible toxicity, irreversible toxicity, local toxicity, systemic toxicity	
	Concept of LD50, LC50, ED50	
	Dose Response relationship Individual/ Graded dose response Quantal dose response Shape of dose response curves Therapeutic index Margin of safe Dose translation from animals to human – Concept of extrapolation of dose NOAEL (No Observed Adverse Effect Level), Safety factor, ADI (Acceptable Daily Intake)	
6.0.	 Basics of Regulatory toxicology OECD guidelines for testing of chemicals (an overview) CPCSEA guidelines for animal testing center Ethical issues in animal studies Animal models used in regulatory toxicology studies Alternative methods in toxicology (in vitro test) 	
Unit II	Bioethics, Bioprospecting and Zoopharmacognosy	15 Lectures



	B: 41:	
	 Bioethics Intellectual property rights and patenting Forms of protection, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, trademarks, patenting biological materials, live forms, genes and DNA sequences 	
	 Bioprospecting Traditional, modern bioprospecting Chemical prospecting Genetic prospecting Bionic prospecting Economic value and benefit sharing Bioprospecting and conservation, pros and cons of bioprospecting 	11666
	 Zoopharmacognosy Definition, history and types Self-medication and its mechanism Methods of self-medication through - Ingestion – ants and mammals, Geophagy – invertebrates and birds Absorption and adsorption Topical application – birds and mammals Applications of zoopharmacognosy - Social and trans generational zoopharmacognosy, Value to humans. 	
Unit III	Biostatistics	15 Lectures
	Probability Distributions - Normal, Binomial, Poisson distribution, Z-transformation, p-value, Probability - Addition and multiplication rules and their application	
- 4	Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion - Variance, standard deviation, standard error	
591	Parametric and non-parametric tests - Parametric tests: two-tailed Z-test and t-test, Non-parametric test: Chi-square test and its applications	
	Regression and Correlation - Simple linear regression: main features, applications, Correlation coefficient and its significance	
	Testing of Hypothesis : Basic concepts, types of hypothesis: Null hypothesis and Alternate hypothesis Levels of significance and testing of hypothesis	
Unit IV	Bioinformatics	15 Lectures



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	1166	
	Secondary sequence databases: Derived databases - PROSITE, BLOCKS	,
	 Sequence alignment methods BLAST, FASTA Significance of sequence alignment Pairwise sequence alignment (Needleman & Wunsch, Smith & Waterman methods) Multiple sequence alignment (PRAS, CLUSTALW) 	
	 Predictive applications using DNA and protein sequences Evolutionary studies: Concept of phylogenetic trees, Parsimony and Bayesian approaches, synonymous and non-synonymous substitutions, convergent and parallel evolution Pharmacogenomics: concept and applications Protein Chips and Functional Proteomics: Different types of protein chip, detecting and quantifying; applications of Proteomics Metabolomics: Concept and applications 	
RUSZOOP603	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
	Toxicology and Computational Biology	
$\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{O})$	To calculate LC-50 value of the given toxicant.	
2.	To study the effect of paracetamol on the level of enzyme activity in liver on aspartate and alanine amino transferase (in vitro approach)	
3.	Study of Zoopharmacognosy with reference to Chimpanzees, African Elephants, Wild Boars and Parrots.	
4.	Following biostatistics practicals will be done using data analysis tool of Microsoft Excel: a) From the given data derive mean,	



	standard deviation				
	b) Correlation, regression analysis using				
	given data				
	c) Problems based on Z test				
	d) Problems based on t test				
	e) Problems based on Chi square test				
	f) Problems based on ANOVA				
5.	Exploring the integrated database system at NCBI				
	server and querying (Querying a nucleotide sequence,				
	querying a protein sequence, use of operators				
6.	Exploring tools on ExPASy (Querying a nucleotide				
	sequence, querying a protein sequence, use of				
	operators				
7.	Exploring BLAST tool (nucleotide sequence				
	comparison))_			
8.	Exploring Uniprot tool (protein sequence comparison)				
9.	Exploring bibliographic database PubMed (Data				
	mining - Downloading a research paper on subject of				
	interest, use of operators				
10.	Case study (Assignment- Based on Unit II)				

References:

Toxicology

- Casarett and Doulls Toxicology The basic science of poisons; Edited by Curtis Klaassen; McGraw-Hill; 2001
- Toxicological testing handbook Principles, applications and data interpretation; David Jacobson-Kram and Kit Keller; CRC Press; 2006
- Principles and methods of toxicology; A. Wallace Hayes; CRC Press; 2007
- Toxicology principles and methods; M.A. Subramanian; MJP Publishers, Chennai; 2004
- Fundamentals of Toxicology; Kamleshwar Pandey and JP Shukla; New Central book agency Ltd., Kolkata; 2011
- Elements of Toxicology; Kamleshwar Pandey and JP Shukla; Wisdom Press, New Delhi; 2010
- Principles and Applications of Toxicology; Lahir Y.K.; Seekay Publications; 2013
- Essentials of Clinical Toxicology; Lall S.; Narosa Publishing House;
 1998

Bioethics, Bioprospecting and Zoopharmacognosy

- Molecular biotechnology principles and practices; Channarayappa
- Biotechnology; P.K. Gupta
- Biotechnology; B.D.Singh
- Biotechnology Fundamentals & Applications; S.S. Purohit
- Pharmacognosy and Pharmaco biotechnology; Ashutosh Kar
- Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy; Evans, W.C.



- Pharmacognosy; Kokate, C.K A and Purohit, A.P.
- Practical Pharmacognosy; Gokhale, S.B and Kokate, C.K
- Text book of Pharmacognosy; T.E.Wallis

Biostatistics

- Biostatistics The Bare Essentials; Third Edition; Geoffrey R. Norman, David L. Streiner; B.C. Decker, Inc., Hamilton; 2008
- Fundamentals of Biostatistics; Second Edition; Veer Bala Rastogi; Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 2009 (Reprint 2010)
- Fundamentals of Biostatistics; Second Revised Edition; Irfan Ali Khan and Atiya Khanum; Ukaaz Publications, Hyderabad; 2004
- Instant Medical Biostatistics; Dr. Ranjan Das and Dr.Papri N. Das; Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 2009
- Primer of Biostatistics; Fifth Edition; Stanton A. Glantz; McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.;
 2002
- Basic Biostatistics Statistics for Public Health Practice; Second Edition; B. Burt Gerstman; Jones and Bartlett Learning Burlington; 2015
- Biostatistics A Guide to Design, Analysis, and Discovery; Second Edition; Ronald N. Forthofer, Eun Sul Lee and Mike Hernandez; Elsevier, Inc., (Academic Press), USA; 2007
- Statistics in Biology and Psychology; Sixth Edition; Debajyoti Das and Arati Das; Academic Publishers, Kolkata
- Introduction to Statistical Method (Parts I & II); B.C. Brookes & W.F.L. Dick; Heinemann Educational books Ltd., London; 1961
- The Fundamentals of Statistical Reasoning; M.H. Quenouille; Charles Griffin & Company Limited, London; 1965
- Advanced Statistical Methods in Biometric Research; C. Radhakrishna Rao; John Wiley & Sons, Inc.; 1952

Bioinformatics

- Bioinformatics Concepts, Skills, and Applications; S.C. Rastogi & others; CBS Publishing; 2003
- Bioinformatics A practical guide to analysis of Genes & Proteins; Andreas D Baxevanis and B F Francis; John Wiley; 2000
- Introduction to Bioinformatics; 1st Edition; T K Attwood, D J parry-Smith; Pearson Education, 11th Reprint; 2005
- Bioinformatics; 1st Edition; C S V Murthy; Himalaya Publishing House; 2003
- Bioinformatics sequence and genome analysis; David W. Mount; Cold spring harbor laboratory press; 2004
- Basic Bioinformatics; S. Ignacimuthu, S.J.; Narosa Publishing House; 1995
- An Introduction to Bioinformatics Algorithms; Neil C. Jones and Pavel A. Pevzner;
 MIT Press, First Indian Reprint; 2005
- Bioinformatics Managing Scientific Data; Zoe Lacroix, Terence Critchlow; Morgan Kaufmann Publishers (Elsevier Science); 2003 (for the V unit)
- Phylogenetics: Theory and Practice of Phylogenetic Systematics; Second edition;
 Bruce S. Lieberman; Wiley-Blackwell; 2011
- Molecular Evolution: A Phylogenetic Approach; Roderick D.M. Page, Dr Edward C. Holmes; Well Publishing; 1998
- Essential Bioinformatics; JinXiong; Cambridge University Press; 2006



- Proteomics From Protein Sequence to Function; 12 S. R. Pennington, M. J. Dunn;
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- Proteomics; Timothy Palzkill; Springer; 2002
- Metabolomics A Powerful Tool in Systems Biology; Jens Hřiriis Nielsen, Michael C. Jewett; Springer; 2007
- Systems Metabolic Engineering; Dr. Christoph Wittmann, Sang Yup. Lee; Springer; 2012
- Bioinformatics (Bios Instant Notes); Second Edition (Special Indian Edition); T.
 Charlie Hodgman, Andrew French and David R. Westhead; Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group); 2010
- Understanding Bioinformatics; Marketa Zvelebil and Jeremy O. Baum; Garland Science (Taylor and Francis Group); 2008
- Bioinformatics Computing The complete practical guide to bioinformatics for life scientists; Bryan Bergeron; Eastern Economy Edition; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 2003
- Bioinformatics; Prakash S. Lohar; MJP Publishers, Chennai; 2009
- Introduction to Bioinformatics; First Edition; S. SundaraRajan and R. Balaji; Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai; 2002
- Molecular Biology Bios Instant Notes; Fourth Edition; Alexander McLennan, Andy Bates, Phil Turner & Mike White; Garland Science; 2013



Course Code: RUSZOO604

Course Title: Environmental Biology and Entomology Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1	Understand the natural resources, their management, laws governing
	environment and International treaties and conventions in environment
	protection.
CO 2	Understand the different methods of wildlife conservation and analyse
	about threats to wildlife.
CO 3	Apply their knowledge and undertake the wildlife habitat projects for
	animal protection and create awareness about Wildlife Conservation.
CO 4	Understand and compare between different Zoogeographical realms.
CO 5	Interrelate between different environmental conditions and the fauna
	found in different zoogeographical areas.
CO 6	Correlate the role of useful and harmful insects in human life and gain
	knowledge about its applications in diverse fields.
CO 7	Understand the scope and importance of Entomology.



Detailed syllabus

RUSZOO604	Title: ENVIRONMENTAL ZOOLOGY AND	Credits- 2.5
	ENTOMOLOGY	
Unit I	Environment management	15 lectures
	Natural resources, their classification, modification	
	and exploitation: Forest resources, water resources	
	(surface and ground), mineral resources, food	60
	resources, energy resources: Renewable and non-	10%
	renewable resources, Impact on climate, flora, fauna &	
	mineral resources.	
	Concept of Carbon Audit, Carbon foot-printing and its application	
	Waste Management: 3 Rs (Reduce, Reuse &	
	Recycle) of solid waste, e-waste, hazardous waste	
	Water management: Rain water harvesting,	
	watershed management, effluent treatment, recycling	
	plants, control and treatment of water Laws governing environment	
	(Environment Protection Act), Air (Prevention and	
	Control of Pollution) Rules - 1982, Water (Prevention	
	and Control of Pollution) Rules - 1978, Hazardous	
	Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules - 1989.	
	EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment), ISO18001	
	Role of government, NGOs, International treaties and	
	conventions in environmental protection &	
	conservation	
Unit II	Wildlife Management	15 lectures
		1010010100
	Threats to wildlife- Diseases (zoonosis and reverse	
	zoonosis), hunting, poaching, Habitat loss (encroachment and deforestation), tourism,	
2	overgrazing, human animal conflict and climate	
08/1	change.	
	Techniques and methods of wildlife conservation	
	Wildlife Census, conservation of wildlife - frozen	
	zoo, schedules, rules, national and international	
	conservation bodies; IUCN UNDP, FAO, ESA,	
	INCPEN, CITES, CEEDS,WWF.	
Unit III	Zoogeography and ethology	15 lectures
	Introduction	
	Origins of Ocean and continents.	



	Plate Tectonics and continental drift.	
	Distribution of animals in space and time	
	In-Space –Horizontal and superficial	
	In Time geological or durational	
	Patterns of animal distribution –Continuous,	
	discontinuous, isolation and bipolarity	
	Theories of animal distribution.	
	Barriers of distribution animals –	
	Topographic, climate, vegetative, large water	.0
	masses, land mass, lack of salinity and special	60
	characteristics habits like homing, instincts etc.	10%
	 Means of dispersal – land bridges, natural rafts and 	
	drift wood, favouring gales, migration by host,	
	accidental transportation and by human agencies.	3 ,
	Zoogeographical realms	
	Palearctic	
	Ethiopian	
	Oriental	
	Nearctic Australian	
	Neotropical and Antarctic.	
	Applied Animal Ethology:	
	Types of behaviours	
	Physiological basis of behaviour	
	 Ecological basis of behaviour and behavioural 	
	adaptation	
	Behaviour and evolution	
	Animal training and companion animal	
Unit IV	General Entomology	15 Lectures
Offic IV	General Emoniology	13 Lectures
	Introduction Importance 9 Scans of Entemploay	
	Introduction, Importance & Scope of Entomology,	
	Branches of Entomology: Definition, distinguishing	
	features of insects, harmful and useful insects,	
	Agricultural, Medical, Forest, Forensic & Industrial	
	General body structure of insects:	
2	a) Head - Mouth parts: cutting, chewing,	
	lapping, sucking, sponging.	
$\sim \sim \sim \sim$	b) Thorax – Structure and modification of	
VO	wings, Modification of legs and wings in	
	insects - e.g. honey bee, cockroach, beetle	
	c) Abdomen	
	Metamorphosis in insects-Definition, types,	
		İ
	hormones	
	hormones Insect Communication: Definitions, types,	
	Insect Communication: Definitions, types,	
	Insect Communication: Definitions, types, significance	
	Insect Communication: Definitions, types,significanceInsect pheromones	
	Insect Communication: Definitions, types, significance	



	Significance of insects as biological tool:	
	Biological weapon; tissue culture; gene study;	
	Productive insects - honey bee, silk worm, lac insect;	
	insect products; insects pests (general): bollworm, rice	
	weevil, Tribolium sps, flour moth, locust	
	Assistant Inspect requite nexts and loss	
DUCZOODCO4	Assignment – Insect mouth parts and legs	Credits-03
RUSZOOP604	PRACTICALS	Credits-03
	Environmental Zoology and Entomology	
1.	To estimate phosphate phosphorus from sample	
	water.	10%
2.	To estimate COD, BOD from sample water.	
3.	To estimate Nitrite Nitrogen and Nitrate Nitrogen from	
	sample water.	J
4.	To study the intensity of sound by Decibel meter.	
5.	To study acidity and alkalinity of sample water by	
	methyl orange and phenolphthalein.	
6.	To observe the animals in the chart and place them in	
	endangered, vulnerable category.	
7.	Indicate the distribution of genus/species/subspecies	
	in the given world map with respect to its realm and	
	comment on the pattern of distribution.	
8.	Indicate the realms and the fauna found in that realm	
	on the given world map, justify.	
9.	To study different types of mouth parts: cutting,	
	chewing, lapping, piercing and sucking, sponging	
	Mounting of thoracic appendages-legs and wings	
	(housefly, mosquito, cockroach)	
10.	To study metamorphosis in insects: ametabolic -	
	lepisma, hemimetabolic - cicada, holometabolic -	
	butterfly, mosquito.	
11.	To study mechanism of bioluminescence in insects.	
	Insect pests and control: rice weevil, flour moth,	
	aphids, tribolium	
	Report-Wildlife	

References:

Environment management

- Essentials of Environmental Science; N. Vasudevan; Narosa Publishing House Pvt . Ltd. New Delhi 110002
- Environmental Biology; P.S Verma, V.K Agarwal; S. Chand & company Ltd. New Delhi 110055
- A textbook of Environmental Science; Arvind Kumar; A P H Publishing Corporation New Delhi 110002
- Environmental Biotechnology Basic Concepts and Application; Indu Shekhar Thakur; I.K.InternationalPvt.Ltd. New Delhi 110016



Text book of environmental science; S.C.Santra

Wildlife Management

- Wild life management; Rajesh Gopal
- Wildlife Management and Conservation Contemporary Principles and Practices;
 Paul R. Krausman and James W. Cain III
- Wildlife Ecology, Conservation, and Management; John M. Fryxell, Anthony R. E. Sinclair, Graeme Caughley

Zoogeography

- Zoogeography The Geographical Distribution of Animals; Philip J. Darlington JR; Academic Publishers, Kolkata
- Animal geography; Newbegin
- Vertebrate paleontology; Romer
- Ecological animal geography; Allee, Park and Schmidt
- Zoogeography of India and South East Asia; Dr.S.K.Tiwari; CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi; 1985

General Entomology

- Imm's General Text book of Entomology Vol. I & II; Richards O.W. & Davis R.F., B.I. Pul; Indian edition New Delhi; 1993
- Principals of insect morphology; Snodgrass R.E.; Indian Reprint, SBS Pub. New Delhi; 1994
- Structure & functions of Insects; 3rd edition; Chapman R.F.; ELBS London; 1983
- Entomology; Gillott; CedricPlenum Press New York; 1980
- The Science of Entomology; Romoser W.S.; 2nd edition, Macmillan Co. New York; 1981
- General Entomology; Mani M.S.; Reprint Oxford IBH India; 1998
- An Introduction to Entomology; Srivastava R.D. & Singh R.P.; Concept Pub. New Delhi; 1997
- General & Applied Entomology; Nayar K.K., T.N. Anantkrishanan& B.V. David;
- Tata McGraw Hill Pub. New Delhi; 1983
- Insects; Mani M.S.; Reprint NBT Pub. New Delhi; 2006.



MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT (T.Y.B.Sc.)

A] Internal assessment - 40%: 40 marks

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Multiple choice questions)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Group Discussion	20
	TOTAL	40

B] External examination - 60%

- Semester End Theory Assessment = 60 Marks
 - * (Deviation from the usual modality)

Owing to the pandemic situation prevailing in 2020 and continuing in 2021, the external examinations (Semester End) may be conducted online as per the instructions/circulars received from the University of Mumbai and Maharashtra State notifications from time to time. The conventional mode of external examination will commence again only after the declaration of normalcy by the Government authorities.

- Duration These examinations shall be of two hours each paper.
- Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit I
Q.2) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit II
Q.3) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit III
Q.4) A, B, C	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit IV
Q.5) a, b, c, d, e	Any 3 out of 5	12	All Units
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

(C) Internal Examination

Heading Practical
Journal 05

Lab Participation 05

Lab work/ Field report/ Presentation 10

Total 20

(D) External (Semester end practical examination)

Particulars	Practical
Lab work and / or Viva voce	30
Total	30



PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / In charge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Course	501/601		502/602		503/603		504/604		Total	Grand
									per Course	Total
	Internal	External	Internal	External	Internal	External	Internal	External		
Theory	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	100	400
Practicals	20	30	20	30	20	30	20	30	50	200
