Resolution No.:AC/I(19-20).2.RUS12

S.P.Mandali's RAMNARAIN RUIA AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE



Syllabus for: S.Y.B.Sc.

Program: B.Sc.

Course Code: ZOOLOGY (RUSZOO)

(Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with effect from academic year 2019-20)

PREFACE

Science plays a key role in overall advancement and progress of the society. All UG and PG students should be accordingly equipped with well-designed and structured knowledge, current evolvements and skills to contribute in all fields of science and technology. This approach has compelled us to include necessary modifications to Zoology syllabi of University of Mumbai. The subject board meeting was conducted to receive and include all the necessary suggestions for the benefaction and betterment of students. Here we present revised S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology syllabus for Semester III and Semester IV which emphasizes on development of students from scientific point of view. It is hoped that this curriculum document prepared would provide the expected level of competency.

Syllabus for S.Y.B.ScZoology SEMESTER III Credit Based and Grading System

PAPER	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES/
CODE				WEEK
	I	Fundamentals of Genetics		
RUSZOO301	II	Chromosomes and	2	3
		Heredity		0.97
	III	Nucleic acids	C (
	I	Study of Nutrition and		7
RUSZOO302		Excretion	2	3
	II	Study of Respiration and	100	
		Circulation		
	III	Control and Coordination,		
		Locomotion and		
		Reproduction		
	I	Ethology		
RUSZOO303	II	Parasitology	2	3
	III	Economic Zoology		
Practical	Practic	Practical based on RUSZOO301,		
RUSZOOP301	RUSZOO302 and RUSZOO303		3	9
	5			

Syllabus for S.Y.B.ScZoology SEMESTER IV Credit Based and Grading System

PAPER	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES/
CODE				WEEK
	I	Origin and Evolution of		
RUSZOO401		Life	2	3
	II	Population genetics and		-06
		Evolution	•	1160
	III	Scientific Attitude	(011,
		methodology, writing		
		and ethics	4/1/2	
	I	Cell Biology		
RUSZOO402	II	Endo-membrane system	2	3
	III	Biomolecules		
	I	Comparative		
RUSZOO403		Embryology	2	3
	II	Aspects of Human		
		Reproduction		
	III	Pollution and its effect		
		on organisms		
Practical	Practical based on RUSZOO401,			
RUSZOOP401	RUSZOO402 and RUSZOO403		3	9
03///				

S.Y.B.Sc. ZOOLOGY Unit wise distribution

Semester III				Semester IV	Semester IV		
Paper I	Paper II	Paper III	Paper I	Paper II	Paper III		
	Unit I		Unit I				
Unit I	Study of	Unit I	Origin and	Unit I	Unit I		
Fundamental	Nutrition and	Ethology	Evolution of	Cell Biology	Comparative		
s of Genetics	excretion		Life		Embryology		
	Unit II		Unit II				
Unit II	Study of	Unit II	Population	Unit II	Unit II		
Chromosom	Respiration	Parasitology	Genetics	Endo-	Aspects of		
e and	and		and	Membrane	human		
Heredity	Circulation		Evolution	system	Reproduction		
	Unit III		Unit III				
Unit III	Control and	Unit III	Scientific	Unit III	Unit III		
Nucleic	coordination	Economic	attitude	Bio-	Pollution and		
acids	Locomotion	Zoology	methodolog	molecules	Effects on		
	and		y, Writing		Animals		
	reproduction		and Ethics				
Practical	Practical	Practical	Practical	Practical	Practical		
based on	based on	based on	based on	based on	based on		
RUSZOO301	RUSZOO302	RUSZOO303	RUSZOO401	RUSZOO402	RUSZOO403		
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S.Y.B.Sc. ZOOLOGY (THEORY) SEMESTER III

Paper code: RUSZOO301 Genetics, Heredity& Nucleic acids

Objective:

• To introduce Mendelian principles, patterns of inheritance, classification of chromosomes, concept of sex determination and structure of nucleic acids along with the concept of central dogma of molecular biology and the concept of gene regulation.

Desired Outcome:

 Understand the principles of inheritance, linkage and crossing over, concept and types of chromosomes, mechanisms of sex determination, nucleic acids and central dogma of life.

Unit I: Fundamentals of Genetics

(15 lectures)

1.1: Introduction to genetics

- 1.1.1 Definition, scope and importance of genetics.
- 1.1.2 Classical and Modern concept of Gene (Cistron, muton, recon).
- 1.1.3 Brief explanation of the following terms: Allele, wild type and mutant alleles, locus, dominant and recessive traits, homozygous and heterozygous, genotype and phenotype, genome.

1.2: Mendelian Genetics

- 1.2.1 Mendelian Genetics: Monohybrid cross, Dihybrid cross, test cross, back cross, Mendel's laws of Inheritance, Mendelian traits in man
- 1.2.2 Exceptions to Mendelian Inheritance: Incomplete dominance, Codominance, Lethal alleles, Epistasis Recessive, Double recessive, dominant and double dominant
- 1.2.3 Chromosome theory of inheritance.
- 1.2.4 Pedigree analysis-Autosomal dominant and autosomal recessive, X-linked dominant, and X-linked recessive

1.3: Multiple Alleles and Multiple Genes

- 1.3.1 Concept of multiple alleles, Coat colour in rabbit, ABO and Rh blood group systems
- 1.3.2 Polygenic inheritance with reference to skin colour and eye colour in man.
- 1.3.3 Concept of pleiotropy.

1.4: Linkage and Crossing Over

1.4.1 Linkage and crossing over, types of crossing over, cytological basis of crossing over.

Unit: II: Chromosomes and Heredity

(15 lectures)

2.1: Chromosomes

- 2.1.1 Types of chromosomes—Autosomes and Sex chromosomes
- 2.1.2 Chromosome structure Heterochromatin, Euchromatin
- 2.1.3 Classification based on the position of centromere
- 2.1.4 Endomitosis, Giant chromosomes- Polytene and Lamp brush chromosomes Andsignificance of Balbiani rings

2.2: Sex- determination

- 2.2.1 Chromosomal Mechanisms: XX-XO, XX-XY, ZZ-ZW.
- 2.2.2 Sex determination in honey bees- Haplodiploidy,
- 2.2.3 Sex determination in Drosophila-Genic balance theory, intersex,
- 2.2.4 Gynandromorphs.
- 2.2.5 Parthenogenesis.
- 2.2.6 Hormonal influence on sex determination-Freemartin and sex reversal.
- 2.2.7 Role of environmental factors- *Bonellia* and Crocodile
- 2.2.8 Barr bodies and Lyon hypothesis

2.3: Sex linked, sex influenced and sex limited inheritance

- 2.3.1 X-Linked: Colourblindness, Haemophilia
- 2.3.2 Y-linked: Hypertrichosis
- 2.3.3 Sex-influenced genes and Sex limited genes

Unit III: Nucleic acids

(15 lectures)

3.1: Genetic material

- 3.1.1 Griffith's transformation experiments, Avery-Macleod and McCarty, Hershey and Chase experiment of Bacteriophage infection.
- 3.1.2 Chemical composition and structure of nucleic acids.
- 3.1.3 Double helix nature of DNA, Solenoid model of DNA.
- 3.1.4 Types of DNA A, B, Z & H forms.
- 3.1.5 DNA in Prokaryotes -chromosomal and plasmid and Extra nuclear DNA mitochondria and chloroplast.
- 3.1.6 RNA as a genetic material in viruses and Types of RNA (Structure and function).

3.2: Flow of genetic information in a Eukaryotic cell

- 3.2.1 DNA Replication
- 3.2.2 Transcription of mRNA
- 3.2.3 Translation and Genetic code

3.3: Gene Expressions and regulation

- pothesis pot One gene-one enzyme hypothesis /one polypeptide hypothesis

Paper code: RUSZOO302 Life processes

Objective:

• To introduce the concept of physiology of Nutrition, excretion, respiration, circulation, control and coordination, locomotion and reproduction along with the structures involved in all these processes in different classes of organisms.

Desired Outcome:

• Learners would understand the increasing complexity of physiology of all life processes and its evolutionary hierarchy and would be able to correlate the habit and habitat with the structures involved in all these processes in different classes of organisms.

Unit I: Study of Nutrition and Excretion

(15 lectures)

1.1: Comparative study of Nutritional Apparatus with reference to feeding adaptations - -Structure and functions:

- 1.1.1 Invertebrates- eg: Amoeba- Pseudopodia, Hydra-Tentacles, Earthworm-Suction, Cockroach-biting and chewing.
- 1.1.2 Vertebrates-Fish, Reptiles-Calotes
- 1.1.3 Functional Physiology of digestion with respect to Man

1.2: Comparative Study of Excretory and Osmoregulatory systems of:

- 1.2.1 Amoeba Contractile vacuoles
- 1.2.2 Planaria -Flame cells
- 1.2.3 Earthworm Nephridia
- 1.2.4 Cockroach-Malphigian tubules and green gland
- 1.2.5 Bivalve -Organ of Bojanus
- 1.2.6 Categorization of animals based on principle nitrogenous excretory products
- 1.2.7 Structure of kidney, Uriniferous tubule and physiology of urine formation in Man.

Unit II: Study of Respiration and Circulation(15 lectures)

2.1: Respiration

- 2.1.1 Comparative study of Respiratory organs Structure and Function with reference to Earthworm, Spider, Rohu, Rabbit.
- 2.1.2 Accessory respiratory structures: *Anabas / Clarius*
- 2.1.3 Structure of lungs and physiology of respiration in man

2.2: Circulation.

- 2.2.1 Comparative study of circulation: Open and closed single and double
- 2.2.2 Types of circulating fluids Water, coelomic fluid, haemolymph, lymph and

- Blood
- 2.2.3 Comparative study of Hearts (Structure and function) with reference to Earthworm, Cockroach, Shark, Frog, Crocodile and Pigeon
- 2.2.4 Physiology of Human Heart

Unit III: Control and coordination, Locomotion and reproduction (15 lectures)

3.1: Control and coordination

- 3.1.1 Irritability Paramecium, Nerve net in Hydra, Nerve ring and nerve cord in earthworm
- 3.1.2 Types of neurons on the basis of structure and function
- 3.1.3 Conduction of nerve impulse: Resting potential, action potential anrefractory period
- 3.1.4 Synaptic transmission Chemical and Electrical
- 3.1.5 Endocrine regulation: Hormones as chemical messengers, feedback mechanisms

3.2: Movement and Locomotion

- 3.2.1 Locomotory organs (Structures and Functions) Pseudopodia in *Amoeba* (sol gel theory), Cilia in *Paramoecium*
- 3.2.2 Wings and legs in Cockroach
- 3.2.3 Tube feet in Starfish
- 3.2.4 Fins of fish

3.3: Structure of Striated muscle fiber in human and Slidingfilament theory

3.4:Reproduction

- 3.4.1 Asexual Reproduction- Fission, fragmentation, budding, gemmuleformation Sexual reproduction Gametogenesis, Structure of male and female gametes in human
- 3.4.2 Types of fertilization -Oviparity, viviparity, ovo-viviparity

Paper Code: RUSZOO303 Ethology, Parasitology and Economic Zoology

Objective:

 To equip learners with knowledge of animal interaction and their environmental adaptations to enable the learners to understand different behavioral patterns along with the concepts of parasitism, the modes of transmission of parasites and its life cycle besides economic aspects of zoology like apiculture, vermiculture, dairy science.

Desired Outcome:

 Learners would gain an insight into different aspects of animal behavior and their role in biological adaptations including the epidemiological aspects of parasites that affect humans along with the study of symptoms of the disease and its treatment. This would equip students with modern techniques in animal husbandry and encourage young learners for self-employment.

Unit I: Ethology

(15 lectures)

1.1: Introduction to Ethology

- 1.1.1. Definition, History and Scope of Ethology
- 1.1.2. Animal behaviour Innate and Learned behavior
- 1.1.3. Types of learning -Habituation, Imprinting and types of imprinting (filial and Sexual), Classical conditioning, Instrumental learning and insight learning

1.2: Aspects of animal behaviour

- 1.2.1. Communication in Bees and Ants
- 1.2.2. Mimicry and colouration
- 1.2.3. Role of hormones and pheromones in sexual behavior
- 1.2.4. Displacement activities, Ritualization
- 1.2.5. Migration in fish, schooling behavior
- 1.2.6. Habitat selection, territorial behaviour, food selection and foraging behaviourinAfrican ungulates

1.3: Social behaviour

- 1.3.1. Social behaviour in primates -Hanuman langur
- 1.3.2. Elements of Socio-biology: Selfishness, cooperation, altruism, kinship and inclusive fitness

Unit II: Parasitology

(15 lectures)

2.1: Introduction to Parasitology

- 2.1.1. Definitions: parasitism, host, parasite, vector-biological and mechanical Types of parasites- Ectoparasites, Endoparasite and their subtypes
- 2.1.2. Parasitic adaptations in Ectoparasites and Endoparasites
- 2.1.3. Types of hosts: intermediate and definitive, reservoir

2.2: Host-parasite relationship-Host specificity

- 2.2.1. Definition
- 2.2.2. Structural specificity
- 2.2.3. Physiological specificity and ecological specificity

2.3: Life cycle, pathogenicity, control measures and treatment

- 2.3.1. Entamoeba histolytica
- 2.3.2. Fasciola hepatica
- 2.3.3. Taeniasolium
- 2.3.4. Wuchereriabancrofti

2.4: Morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, control measures and treatment

- 2.4.1. Head louse (*Pediculushumanuscapitis*)
- 2.4.2. Mite (Sarcoptesscabiei)
- 2.4.3. Bed bug (Cimexlectularis)

2.5: Parasitological significance

- 2.5.1. Zoonosis Bird flu
- 2.5.2. Anthrax
- 2.5.3. Rabies
- 2.5.4. Toxoplasmosis

Unit III: Economic Zoology

(15 lectures)

3.1: Apiculture

- 3.1.1. Methods of bee keeping and management An introduction to different species of honey bees used in apiculture.
- 3.1.2. Selection of flora and bees for apiculture
- 3.1.3. Advantages and disadvantages of traditional and modern methods of Apiculture
- 3.1.4. Pests and Bee enemies- Wax moth, wasp, black ants, bee eaters, king crow and disease control
- 3.1.5. Bee keeping industry- Present status and recent efforts to improve and boost the industry

- 3.1.6. Economic importance—Honey: Production, Chemical composition and economic importance
- 3.1.7. Bees wax- Economic importance
- 3.1.8. Role of honey bees in pollination

3.2: Vermiculture

- 3.2.1. Rearing methods, management and economic importance- An introduction to different species of earthworms used in vermiculture
- 3.2.2. Methods of vermiculture.
- 3.2.3. Maintenance and harvesting
- 3.2.4. Economic importance: advantages of vermiculture, demands for worms;market for vermicompost and entrepreneurship.

3.3: Dairy Science

- 3.3.1. Dairy development in India-Role of dairy development in rural economy, employment opportunities
- 3.3.2. Dairy Processing-Filtration, cooling, chilling, clarification, pasteurization, freezing
- 3.3.3. Milk -Composition of milk and Types of milk: Recombined milk, Soft curd milk, Skimmed and toned milk, Artificial milk
- 3.3.4. Milk products

SEMESTER III - Practical based on RUSZOOP301

- 1. Extraction and detection of DNA
- 2. Extraction and detection of RNA
- 3. Study of Polytene chromosome.
- 4. Study of Polyploidy in Garlic
- 5. Study of Drumstick in Human neutrophil
- 6. Detection of blood groups and Rh factor
- 7. Problems in genetics a) Monohybrid/ Dihybrid cross
 - b) X- linked inheritance
 - c) Multiple alleles
- 8. Study of Chromosome morphology during metaphase stage of different species. (Photograph to be provided)
- 9. Pedigree analysis
- 10. Problems on molecular biology
- 11. Finger printing Lifting techniques, Patterns and pedigree analysis.
- 12. **Project** 'Survey of inheritable Human traits using family tree analysis along with graphical presentation of the data' (Submission of written or printed report)

SEMESTER III Practical based on RUSZOOP302

- 1. Urine analysis—Normal and abnormal constituents
- 2. Detection of ammonia in water excreted by fish
- 3. Study of operculum movement of fish
- 4. Detection of uric acid from excreta of Birds
- 5. Study of striated and non-striated muscle fibre
- 6. Hydra feeding-Tentacular feeding
- 7. Feeding apparatus of Prawn and Sepia-Radula
- 8. Study of nutritional Apparatus (Amphioxus, Bivalves, Pigeon, Ruminantstomach)
- 9. Study of respiratory structures:
 - a. Gills of Bony fish and Cartilaginous fish.
 - b. Lungs of Frog
 - c. Lungs of Mammals
 - d. Accessory respiratory structure in *Anabas* (Labyrinthine organ)
 - e. Air sacs of Pigeon
- 10. Study of locomotory organs (*Amoeba*, Unio, Cockroach, Starfish, Fish, and Birds)
- 11. Study of hearts (Cockroach, Shark, Frog, Calotes, Crocodile, Mammal)
- 12. Study of permanent slides on topic of Reproduction
 - a. Sponge gemmules
 - b. Hydra budding
 - c. T.S. of mammalian testis
 - d. T.S. of mammalian ovary

Semester III - Practical based on RUSZOO303

- 1. Extraction of Casein from two samples of Milk and its qualitative estimation.
- 2. Quantitative estimation of Lipid content from two samples of milk.
- 3. Preparation of paneer from given milk sample.
- 4. Measurement of density of milk using different samples by Lactometer.
- 5. Study of Honey Bee:
 - a) Life Cycle of Honey Bee and Bee Hive
 - b) Mouthparts of Honey Bee
 - c) Legs of Honey Bee
 - d) Sting Apparatus of Honey Bee
- 6. Study of ethological aspects:
 - a) Warning Colouration
 - b) Instincts
 - c) Imprinting
 - d) Communication in animals: Chemical signals and sound signals
 - e) Displacement activities in animals: Courtship and mating behavior in animals andritualization
- 7. Study of Protozoan parasites:
 - a) Trypanosoma gambiense
 - b) Giardia intestinanalis
- 8. Study of Helminth parasites:
 - a) Ancylostoma duodenale
 - b) Dracunculusmedenensis
- 9. Parasitic adaptations: Scolex and mature proglottid of Tapeworm
- 10. Study of Ectoparasites:
 - a) Leech
 - b) Tick
 - c) Mite
- 11. **Project** Suggested topics on economic Zoology (eg. Apiculture, sericulture/ lac culture / Vermicompost Technique / Construction of artificial beehives /Animal husbandry/ aquaculture etc.)

REFERENCE BOOKS

Semester –III - RUSZOO301

- 1. Principles of Genetics. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J and Snustad, D.P. John Wiley and Sons
- 2. Concepts of Genetics. Klug, W.S., Cummings M.R., Spencer, C.A. Benjamin Cummings
- 3. Genetics- A Molecular Approach. Russell, P. J Benjamin Cummings
- 4. Genetics: Analysis of Genes and Genomes. Daniel L., Hartl, Elizabeth W. Jones Jones & Bartlett Publishers
- 5. Introduction to Genetic Analysis. Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler. S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. W. H. Freeman and Co.
- 6. Cell Biology Genetics, Molecular Biology Evolution and Ecology Verma P.S. and Agrawal P.K., 9th edition, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi
- 7. Principles of Genetics Eight edition- Eldon john Gardner, Michael J. Simmons, D.PeterSnustad
- 8. Genetics- Weaver, Hedrick, third edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 9. Genetics A Mendelian approach Peter J.Russel, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
- 10. Genetics A conceptual approach, Benjamin A. Pierce, Southwestern University, W.H. Freeman and company, New York
- 11. Genetics, Third Edition, Monroe W. Strickberger
- 12. Genetics from gene to genome, third edition, Leeland H. Hartwell, LeeroyHood,Michael 7. L. Goldberg, Ann E. Reynolds, Lee M. Silver, McGraw Hill Education

Semester -III - RUSZ00302

- 1. Vertebrate Zoology Volume I- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Invertebrate Zoology Volume II- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology- Majupuria T. C., NaginS.and Co.
- 4. Chordate Zoology- Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K., R. Chand and Co.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology- Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K., R. Chand and Co.
- 6. Introduction to Vertebrates- Moore Cambridge University- Low Priced Edition.
- 7. Zoology- Miller S. A. and Harley J. B., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Modern Textbook of Zoology, Invertebrates, Kotpal R. L.
- 9. Biological Science, Taylor D.J., Stout G.W., Green N.P.O, SoperR., Cambridge University Press.

Semester –III - RUSZ00303

- 1. Animal Behaviour- David McFarland
- 2. Animal Behaviour- Mohan Arora
- 3. Animal Behaviour- ReenaMathur
- 4. An introduction to Animal Behaviour- Dawkins
- 5. Animal Behaviour-Agarwal
- 6. Animal Behaviour-Tinbergen
- 7. Biology of Insects- 1992 Saxena S. C. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta
- 8. A Text Book of Entomology- 1974Mathur V. K. and Upadhayay K GoelPrintingpress, Barani.
- 9. Bee and Bee Keeping- Roger A. Morse, Conell University Press London
- 10. Vermiculture Technology Clive A. Edwards, Norman Q. Arancon and RhondaSherman
- 11. Parasitology- Chatterjee K.D., Chatterjee Medical Publishers.
- 12. Medical Parasitology- Arora
- 13. Textbook of Medical Parasitology-. C.K JayaramPaniker, Jaypee Brothers.
- 14. A text book of Parasitology- Kochhar S.K. Dominant Pub. & Dis, New Delhi.
- 15. Essentials of Parasitology- Gerald and Schmidt: Universal Bookstall, New Delhi.
- 16. Parasitology- Sharma P.N.andRatnu L.N., Chand S & Co.Pvt.Ltd.
- 17. Introduction to Parasitology- Chandler and Read John Wiley & Sons
- 18. Economic Zoology- Biostatistics and Animal behaviour S.Mathur, RastogiPublicatons.
- 19. Economic Zoology- Shukla G.S. & Upadhyay V.B., Rastogi Publications.
- 20. A handbook on Economic Zoology, S.Chand& Co.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

A] Internal assessment - 40%

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Objective and Descriptive)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Research project/	20
	Group Discussion/ Presentation/ Viva	

B] External examination- 60%

Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 Marks

(Duration – These examinations shall be of **two hours** duration for each paper.)

Class test duration-30min 20M

Q1.A) Fill in the blanks 05M

Q1.B) Match the Columns 05M

Q.2. Write short notes on (Any two) 10M

a)

b)

c)

B] External examination - 60%

Semester End Theory Assessment

60 Marks

(Duration -two hours for each paper.)

Theory Question Paper Pattern -

- There shall be three questions each of 20 marks.
- On each unit there will be one question.
- All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- Question may be subdivided into sub-questions a, b, c... and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic

S.Y.B.Sc. Skeleton Question Paper Pattern

Three Units- Each Unit 20 Marks [Total	marks = 60]
Q.1. A) Answer any two of the following: 1) 2)	(10M)
3) Q.1. B) Write short note on: (Any two): 1) 2)	(10M)
3) Q.2. A) Answer any two of the following: 1) 2)	(10M)
3) Q.2. B) Write short note on: (Any two) 1) 2)	(10M)
3) Q.3. A) Answer any two of the following: 1) 2)	(10M)
3) Q.3. B) Write short note on: (Any two)	(10M)
2) 3)	

PRACTICAL (Based on RUSZOO301) Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrs		Marks: 50
Major Question (10 marks)		
Q1. Extraction and detection of DNA	OD	
Q1. Extraction and detection of RNA	OR	

Minor Question (07 marks) **Q2**. Study of drumstick in female neutrophils. OR Q2. Study of polyploidy-Temporary squash preparation of Garlic root tip OR Q2. Detection of blood groups and Rh factor Q3. Problems on Genetics and Molecular biology (Transcription/Genetic code) (10 marks - 01 problem each) Q4. Identification (10 marks) a) Chromosome morphology b) Pedigree analysis Q5. Projectreport submission and viva on 'Survey of inheritable Human traits/ **Fingerprint** analysis using family tree along with graphical presentation of the data' **(10 marks)**

(03 marks)

Q.6. Journal

PRACTICAL

(Based on RUSZOO302) Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrs Marks: 50

Major Question (15 marks)

Q1. Urine analysis—Normal and abnormal constituents

Minor Question (10 marks)

Q2. Detection of ammonia in water excreted by fish OR

Q2. Detection of uric acid from excreta of Birds

Q3. Study of operculum movement of fish OR

Q3. Study of nutritional apparatus of Hydra/Prawns/Sepia

Q4. Identification (15 marks)

- a) Nutritional apparatus
- b) Respiratory structures
- c) Locomotory organs
- d) Study of hearts
- e) Permanent slides on reproduction

Q5. Viva and Journal (05 marks)

PRACTICAL (Based on RUSZOO303)

Skeleton -Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrsMarks: 50 **Major Question(12 marks)** Q1. Extraction of Casein from Milk and its qualitative estimation Q1. Preparation of paneer from the given milk sample and measurement of density of milk using different samples by lactometer Q1. Quantitative estimation of Lipid content from two samples of milk. **Minor Question** (10 marks) Q2. Life Cycle of Honey Bee and Bee Hive OR **Q2**. Mouthparts of Honey Bee OR Q2. Legs of Honey Bee OR Q2. Sting Apparatus of Honey Bee Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions (15 marks) a) Ethology b) Protozoan parasites c)Helminth parasites d)Ectoparasites e) Parasitic adaptations

Q5. Journal (03 marks)

S.Y.B.Sc. ZOOLOGY (THEORY) SEMESTER IV

Paper code: RUSZOO401 Evolution and Population Genetics

Objective:

 To impart scientific knowledge to the learner about how life originated and evolved on our planet in order to enhance their understanding of genetic variability within a population and how the change in the gene pool leads to evolution of species along with different skills necessary for research and scientific writing.

Desired Outcomes:

• Learner will gain insight about origin of life and will know about the different theories of evolution, whichwould help them understand the forces that cause evolutionary changes in natural populations and comprehend the mechanisms of speciation. In addition, learners will develop research aptitude and understand the ethical aspects of research.

Unit I: Origin and evolution of Life

(15 lectures)

1.1: Introduction

- 1.1.1 Origin of universe
- 1.1.2 Chemical evolution Miller-Urey experiment, Haldane and Oparin theory
- 1.1.3 Origin of life
- 1.1.4 Origin of eukaryotic cell.

1.2: Evidences in favor of organic evolution

1.2.1 Evidences from: Geographical distribution, Paleontology Anatomy, Embryology, Physiology and Genetics.

1.3: Theories of organic evolution

- 1.3.1 Theory of Lamarck
- 1.3.2 Theory of Darwin and Neo Darwinism
- 1.3.3 Mutation Theory
- 1.3.4 Synthetic theory
- 1.3.5 Weisman's germplasm theory
- 1.3.6 Neutral theory of molecular evolution

1.4: Evolution of Man

Unit II: Population genetics and evolution

(15 lectures)

2.1: Introduction to population genetics (Definition)

2.1.1 Definition and Brief explanation of the following terms:Population, gene pool, Allele frequency, genotype frequency, phenotype frequency, microevolution

2.2: Population genetics

- 2.2.1 Hardy-Weinberg Law
- 2.2.2 Factors that disrupt Hardy Weinberg equilibrium— Mutation, Migration (Gene flow), Non-random mating (Inbreeding, inbreeding depression, Assortative mating, Positive and Negative, Dis-assortative mating), Genetic drift (Sampling error, fixation, Bottleneck effect and Founder effect), Natural Selection
- 2.2.3 **Patterns of Natural Selection** Stabilizing selection, Directional Selection (Examples: Peppered moth, Antibioticresistance in bacteria, Pesticide resistance), Disruptive selection

2.3: Evolutionary genetics

- 2.3.1 **Genetic variation** Genetic basis of variation: Mutations and Recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization).
- 2.3.2 **Nature of genetic variations** Genetic polymorphism,
 Balancedpolymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balancedpolymorphism:
 Heterozygote advantage andFrequencydependent selection, Neutral variations,
 Geographic variation (Cline)
- 2.3.3 **Species Concept** Biological species concept and evolutionaryspecies concept
- 2.3.4 **Speciation and Isolating mechanisms** Definition and Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric Parapatric and Peripatric), Geographical isolation, Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (Pre-zygotic and Post-zygotic)
- 2.3.5 **Macroevolution**-Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (Stasis, Preadaptation/Exaptation, Mass extinctions, Adaptive radiation and Coevolution)
- 2.3.6 Megaevolution

Unit III: Scientific Attitude methodology, writing and ethics (15 lectures)

3.1: Process of science: A dynamic approach to investigation

- 3.1.1 **The Scientific method** Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Criticalthinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery
- 3.1.2 **Scientific Research** Definition, difference between method and methodologycharacteristics, types

- 3.1.3 **Steps in the Scientific Method** Identification of research problem, Formulation of researchhypothesis, Testing the hypothesis using experiments orsurveys, Preparing research/study design including methodology and execution (Appropriate controls, samplesize, technically sound, free from bias, repeat experiments forconsistency), Documentation of data, Data analysis and interpretation, Results and Conclusions
- 3.1.4 **Dissemination of data** Reporting results to scientific community (Publication in peer-reviewedjournals, thesis, dissertation, reports, oralpresentation, poster presentation)
- 3.1.5 **Application of knowledge** Basic research, Applied research, Translational Research, Patent

3.2: Scientific writing

3.2.1 **Structure and components of a research paper**(Preparation of manuscript forpublication of research paper) - Title, Authors and their affiliations, Abstract, Keywords and Abbreviations, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, Acknowledgement, Bibliography; Figures, Tables and their legends

3.3: Writing a review paper

- 3.3.1 **Structure and components of research report** -Report writing, Types of report
- 3.3.2 **Computer application** Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and itsapplication in research-Literature survey, Online submission ofmanuscript for publication

3.4: Ethics

- 3.4.1 **Ethics in animal research** The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethicsCommittee.
- 3.4.2 **Ethics in clinical research**-Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee, Informed consent
- 3.4.3 **Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities-**National Biodiversity Authority, State Biodiversity Board, Forest Department
- 3.4.4 Conflict ofinterest

3.5: Plagiarism

3.5.1Concept, its types and different ways of committing plagiarism and Ethics and prevention, Detection of plagiarism.

Paper code: RUSZOO402 Cell Biology and Biomolecules

Objective:

• To study the structural and functional organization of cell with an emphasis on nucleus, plasma membrane and cytoskeleton, Ultrastructure of cell organelles and their functions along withthe structure of biomolecules, and their role in sustenance of life.

Desired outcome:

Learner would acquire insight of the intricacy of endomembrane system
and transport mechanisms for maintenance and composition of cell
leading to the interlinking of endomembrane system for functioning of
cell, besides they will realize the importance of biomolecules and their
clinical significance.

Unit I: Cell Biology

(15 lectures)

1.1: Introduction to cell biology

- 1.1.1 Definition and scope
- 1.1.2 Cell theory
- 1.1.3 Generalized prokaryotic, eukaryotic cell: size, shape and structure

1.2: Nucleus

- 1.2.1 Size, shape, number and position
- 1.2.2 Structure and functions of interphase nucleus
- 1.2.3 Ultrastructure of nuclear membrane and pore complex
- 1.2.4 Nucleolus: general organization, chemical composition and functions
- 1.2.5 Nuclear sap/ nuclear matrix
- 1.2.6 Nucleo-cytoplasmic interactions

1.3: Plasma membrane

- 1.3.1 Fluid Mosaic Model
- 1.3.2 Junctional complexes
- 1.3.3 Membrane receptors
- 1.3.4 Modifications: Microvilli, Desmosomes and Plasmodesmata

1.4: Transport across membrane

- 1.4.1 Diffusion and Osmosis
- 1.4.2 Transport: Passive and Active
- 1.4.3 Endocytosis and Exocytosis

1.5: Cytoskeletal structures

- 1.5.1 Microtubules: Composition and functions
- 1.5.2 Microfilaments: Composition and functions

Unit II: Endomembrane System

(15 lectures)

2.1: Endoplasmic reticulum

- 2.1.1 Discovery, occurrence and Types
- 2.1.2 Ultrastructure and Functions
- 2.1.3 Disorder of endoplasmic reticulum- Cystic Fibrosis

2.2: Golgi complex

- 2.2.1 Origin, occurrence and morphology
- 2.2.2 Ultra structure and functions
- 2.2.3 Disorder of Golgi complex- Congenital disorders of glycosylation

2.3: Lysosomes

- 2.3.1 Origin, occurrence and polymorphism
- 2.3.2 Ultrastructure and Functions
- 2.3.3 Disorder of lysosomes- Tay Sach's disease

2.4 Mitochondria

- 2.4.1 Origin, occurrence and morphology
- 2.4.2 Ultrastructure and functions
- 2.4.3 Marker enzymes, Mitochondrial biogenesis, Semi-autonomousnature of mitochondria
- 2.4.4 Disorder of mitochondria- Mitochondrial encephalopathy

Unit III: Biomolecules

(15 lectures)

3.1: Chemistry of Water molecule

- 3.1.1 Properties Polarity, Osmolarity, Ionization of water,
- 3.1.2 Buffering against pH changes.

3.2: Biomolecules

3.2.1 Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules.

3.3: Carbohydrates

- 3.3.1 Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond
- 3.3.2 Structure of–Monosaccharides (Glucose and Fructose), Disaccharides (Lactose and Sucrose), Polysaccharides (Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin)
- 3.3.3 Biological role and their Clinical significance

3.3: Amino Acids and Proteins

- 3.3.1 Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond
- 3.3.2 Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary
- 3.3.3 Types of proteins Structural (Keratin, Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin)
- 3.3.4 Biological role and their Clinical significance

3.4: Lipids

- 3.4.1 Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage
- 3.4.2 Physical and Chemical properties of lipids
- 3.4.3 Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids, Essential fatty acids
- 3.4.4 Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids (Cholesterol)
- 3.4.5 Biological role and their Clinical significance

3.5: Vitamins

- 3.5.1 Water soluble vitamins (e.g. Vit C, Vit B12)
- 3.5.2 Lipid soluble vitamins (e.g. Vit A, Vit D)
- 3.5.3 Biological role and their Clinical significance

Paper Code: RUSZOO403 Embryology, Human Reproduction and Pollution

Objective:

 To acquaint the learner with key concepts of embryology, different aspects of human reproduction in order to create awareness regarding the causes of infertility, different techniques to overcome infertility and the concept of birth control and also to provide a panoramic view of impact of human activities leading to pollution and its implications, thus creating environmental awareness.

Desired Outcomes:

Learner will learn to compare the different pre-embryonic stages, the
functional aspects and classification of extra-embryonic membranes and
placentae in order to understand human reproductive Physiology along
with advances in Artificial Reproductive Technology and related ethical
issues. In addition, they will be sensitized about the adverse effects of
pollution and its control measures to focus on current environmental
issues.

Unit I: Comparative Embryology (15 lectures)

- 1.1. Types of Eggs-Based on amount and distribution of yolk
- 1.2. Structure and Types of Sperms
- 1.3. Types and Patterns of Cleavage
- 1.4. Types of Blastulae (Amphioxus, Frog, Aves, Chick.)
- 1.5. Gastrulation
 - 1.5.1. Coelom–Formation and types
- 1.6: Extra embryonic membranes
 - 1.6.1. Types of Placentae (Based on histology, morphology and implantation)

Unit II: Aspects of Human Reproduction (15 lectures)

- 2.1: Human Reproductive system and Hormonal regulation
 - 2.1.1. Anatomy of human male and female reproductive system
 - 2.1.2. Hormonal regulation of Reproduction and Impact of age on reproduction Menopause and Andropause

2.2: Contraception & birth control

- 2.2.1. Difference between contraception and birth control
- 2.2.2. Natural Methods: Abstinence, Rhythm method, Temperature method,

- Cervical mucus or Billings method, Coitus interruptus, Lactation amenorrhea
- 2.2.3. Artificial methods: Barrier methods, Hormonal methods, Intrauterine contraceptives, Sterilization, Termination, Abortion

2.3: Infertility

2.3.1. Female infertility -

- Causes Failure to ovulate, production of infertile eggs, damage to oviducts (oviduct scarring and PID or Pelvic inflammatory disease, TB of oviduct), Uterus (T. B. of uterus and cervix)
- Infertility associated disorders (Endometriosis, Polycystic Ovarian syndrome -(PCOS), POF (Primary ovarian failure), STDs (Gonorrhea, Chlamydia, Syphilis

and Genital Herpes), Antibodies to sperm, Genetic causes -Recurrent abortions.

Role of endocrine disruptors)

2.3.2. Male infertility –

• Causes - Testicular failure, infections of epididymis, seminal vesicles or prostate, hypogonadism, cryptorchidism, congenital, Varicocele, Blockage, Azoospermia, Oligospermia, abnormal sperms, autoimmunity, ejaculatory disorders and Idiopathic infertility

2.4: Treatment of Infertility

- 2.4.1. Removal /reduction of causative environmental factors
- 2.4.2. Surgical treatment
- 2.4.3. Hormonal treatment- Fertility drugs
- 2.4.4. Assisted Reproductive Technology
- 2.4.5. Sperm banks, cryopreservation of gametes and embryos
- 2.4.6. Surrogacy

2.5: Techniques and Ethical considerations of Artificial Reproductive Technology(ART)

2.5.1. In vitro fertilization, Embryo transfer (ET), Intra-fallopian transfer (IFT), Intrauterine transfer (IUT), Gamete intra-fallopian transfer (GIFT), intrazygote transfer (ZIFT), Intra-cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) with ejaculated sperm and sperm retrieved from testicular biopsies —Testicular sperm extraction

Unit III: Pollution and its effects on organisms (15 lectures) 3.1: Air Pollution

- 3.1.1. Types and sources of air pollutants
- 3.1.2. Effects and control measures

3.2: Water Pollution

- 3.2.1. Types and sources of water pollutants
- 3.2.2. Effects and control measures

3.3: Soil Pollution

- 3.3.1. Types and sources of soil pollutants
- 3.3.2. Effects and control measures

3.4: Noise pollution

- 3.4.1. Different means of noise pollution
- 3.4.2. Effects and control measures

3.5: Radioactive pollution

3.6: Solid waste Pollution

- 3.6.1. Types and sources,
- 3.6.2. Effects and control

3.7: Pollution – Climate change and Global warming

SEMESTER IV Practical based on RUSZOOP401

- 1 Study of population density by Line transect method & Quadrant method and calculate different diversity indices.
 - a) Index of Dominance.
 - b)Index of frequency.
 - c) Rarity Index.
 - d) Shannon Index.
 - e) Index of species diversity
- 2 Study of Prokaryotic cells (bacteria) by Crystal violet staining technique.
- 3 Study of Eukaryotic cells (WBCs) from blood smear by Leishman's stain.
- 4 Identification and study of fossils
 - a) Arthropods: *Trilobite*
- b)Mollusca: Ammonite
 - c) Aves: Archaeopteryx
- 5 Identification of
 - a) Allopatric speciation (Cyprinodon species)
 - b) Sympatric speciation (hawthorn fly and apple maggot fly)
 - c) Parapatric speciation (Snail)
- 6 Bibliography/ Abstract writing.
- 7 Preparation of Power point presentation
- 8 Detection of Plagiarism
- 9 Report submission on 'Current leading Research institutions in India'

SEMESTER IV Practical based on RUSZOOP402

- 1. Study of permeability of cell through plasma membrane (Osmosis in blood cells).
- 2. Measurement of cell diameter by occulometer (by using permanent slide)
- **3.** Qualitative tests for carbohydrates (Molisch's test, Benedicts test, Barfoed's test, Anthrone test)
- **4.** Qualitative tests for protein (Ninhydrin test, Biuret test, Millon's test, Xanthoproteictest)
- 5. Qualitative test for lipids (solubility test, Sudan III test)
- **6.** Study of rancidity of lipid by titrimetric method.
- 7. Ultra structure of cell organelles (Electron micrographs)
 - a) Nucleus
 - b) Endoplasmic reticulum (Smooth and rough)
 - c) Mitochondria.
 - d) Golgi apparatus
 - e) Lysosomes
- **8.** Study of clinical disorders due to carbohydrates, proteins and lipids imbalance (photograph to be provided / significance to given and disorder to be identified)
 - a) Hyperglycemia, Hypoglycemia
 - b)Thalessemia, Kwashiorkar
 - c) Obesity, Atherosclerosis

SEMESTER IV Practical based on RUSZOO403

- 1. Comparative estimation of salinity of given water sample by Argentometric method and refractometer.
- 2. Estimation of conductivity by conductometer in milli Q water, Distilled water and double distilled water samples.
- 3. Fate Mapping Technique: Vital staining (Demonstration practical)
- 4. Detection of Creatinine in urine.
- 5. Determination of blood sugar by GOD and POD method
- 6. Study of bleeding time and clotting time.
- 7. Study of the following permanent slides, museum specimens and materials.
 - a. Mammalian sperm and ovum.
 - b. Egg types –Fish eggs, Frog eggs, Hen's egg.
 - c. Cleavage, blastula and gastrula (Amphioxus, Frog and Bird).
- 8. Study of commercially important fishery (*Catla*, Rohu, Catfish, Mackerel, Pomfret,Bombay duck, Prawn/ Shrimp, Crab, Lobster, Edible oyster)
- 9. Review writing based on programs telecast by Doordarshan, Discovery channel, Gyandarshan, UGC programs, Animal planet
- 10. **Project** related to environmental pollution and submission of report.
- 11. Study of natural ecosystem and field report of the visit

REFERENCE

Semester IV – RUSZOO401

- 1. Theory of Evolution- Smith, Cambridge Press, and Low price Ed.
- 2. Evolution Strickberger, CBS publication
- 3. Evolution- P.S. Verma and Agarwal
- 4. Introduction to Evolution by Moody
- 5. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L. R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole
- 6. Biology -The Unity and Diversity of Life. C. Starr, R. Taggart, C. Evers, L. Starr, Brooks/Cole Cengage learning International Edition
- 7. Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques- by C.R. Kothari, Wiley Eastern Ltd. Mumbai
- 8. Practical research planning and design 2nd edition- Paul D Leedy, Macmilan Publication

Semester IV – RUSZOO402

- 1. Cell Biology by Singh and TomoarRastogiPublication..
- 2. Cell and molecular Biology E.D.P De Robertis and E.M.R Robertis .CBSPublishersand Distributors
- 3. The cell A molecular Approach GoeffreyM.Coper ASM Press Washington D.C.
- 4. A textbook of cytology SuruchiTyagi Dominant Publishers and Distributors NewDelhi.
- 5. Cell and molecular biology Gupta P.K ,Rastogi Publication, India.
- 6. Cell Biology Pawar C.B. Himalaya publication
- 7. Molecular Biology of the cell (6th edition) by the Insertus
- 8. Campbell Biology (9th edition)
- 9. Principles of Biochemistry, 2005, 2nd and 3rd edition Lehninger A.L. Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M.
- 10. Biochemistry, Dushyant Kumar Shrma, 2010, Narosa Publishing house PVT.Ltd.
- 11. Fundamentals of Biochemistry, Dr AC Deb, 1983, New Central Book Agency
- 12. A Textbook of Biochemistry, 9thedition, Dr. Rama Rao A.V.S.S and DrASuryalakshmi.
- 13. Biochemistry-G Zubay, Addison Wesley, 1983
- 14. Biochemistry, L Stryer, 3rd/4th/5th ed, 1989, Freeman and Co. NY
- 15. Harper's Biochemistry,1996, 26th edition, Murray R.K. Granner D.K. Mayes P.A.Rodwell V.M. Hall international USA
- 16. Outline of Biochemistry, 1976, E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf. John Wiley and SonsUSA

Semester IV – RUSZOO403

- 1. Developmental Biology- Subramoniam T., Narosa Publishers.
- 2. Developmental Biology- Berril N.J., Tata McGraw –Hill Publication.
- 3. Essential Reproduction-Martin H. Johnson, Wiley-Blackwell Publication.
- 4. Chick Embryology- Bradley M. Pattern.
- 5. Embryology- Mohan P. Arora.
- 6. Chordate Embryology- Dalela, Verma and Tyagi
- 7. Human Anatomy and Physiology. E. L. Marieb, Pearson Education Low PriceEdition
- 8. Biological Science. Taylor, Green and Stout. Cambridge Publication
- 9. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L. R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole
- 10. Human Biology-Daniel D Chiras Jones and Bartlett
- 11. The Physiology of Reproduction Vol I & II E.K .Nobil and JU. D.Neil, Raven Press, New York.
- 12. Air Pollution, Kudesia V.P. PragatiPrakasan, Meerut
- 13. Fundamentals of Air Pollution Daniel A. Vallero, Academic press 5th Edition
- 14. Principles and Practices of Air Pollution Control and Analysis J.R. Mudakani I KInternational Pub. House Pvt. Ltd.
- 15. Text Book of Air Pollution and its Control, S.C.Bhatia Atlantic
- 16. Water Pollution, Kudesia V.P., PragatiPrakasan, Meerut
- 17. A text book of Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control, S.S.Dogra, SwasticPub, New Delhi
- 18. Practical Methods for water and Air Pollution Monitoring,S.K.Bhargava,New Age
- 19. InternationalHand Book of Water and waste water Analysis, KanwaljitKaur, AtlanticAquatic Pollution by Edward A. Laws
- 20. Environmental Science and Technology, StanelyE.Manahan
- 21. Environmental Chemistry, A.K. De, New Age International
- 22. A Text Book of Environmental Studies, GurdeepR.Chatwal, Harish Sharma, MadhuArora, Himalaya

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

A] Internal assessment - 40%

Sr. no.	Evaluation type	Marks
1.	One class test (Objective and Descriptive)	20
2.	Two Assignments/ Case study/ Research project/	20
	Group Discussion/ Presentation/ Viva	

B] External examination- 60%

Semester End Theory Assessment-60 Marks

(Duration – These examinations shall be of **two hours** duration for each paper.)

Class test duration-30min 20M

Q1.A) Fill in the blanks 05M

Q1.B) Match the Columns 05M

Q.2. Write short notes on (Any two) 10M

a)

b)

c)

B] External examination - 60%

Semester End Theory Assessment

60 Marks

(Duration -two hours for each paper.)

Theory Question Paper Pattern -

- There shall be three questions each of 20 marks.
- On each unit there will be one question.
- All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- Question may be subdivided into sub-questions a, b, c... and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

S.Y.B.Sc. Skeleton Question Paper Pattern

Three Units- Each Unit 20 Marks [Total marks = 60]

Q.1. A) Answer any two of the following: (10M)	
1)	
2)	
3)	
Q.1. B) Write short note on: (Any two): (10M)	
1)	
2)	
3)	
Q.2. A) Answer any two of the following: (10M)	
1)	
2)	
3) O 2 P) White short note one (Any two) (10M)	
Q.2. B) Write short note on: (Any two) (10M)	
2)	
3)	
Q.3. A) Answer any two of the following: (10M)	
1)	
2)	
3)	
Q.3. B) Write short note on: (Any two) (10M)	
1)	
2)	
3)	

PRACTICAL

(Based on RUSZOO401)

Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrsMarks: 50

Major Question (12 marks)

Q1. Study Population density by Line transect or Quadrant method and calculate biodiversity indices (any 2)

Minor Question (08 marks)

Q2. Prepare a smear to show prokaryotic cell.

OR

Q2. Prepare a smear to show eukaryotic cell.

Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions (8 marks)

a) Fossils

b) Speciation

Q4. From the given article prepare the bibliography/ abstract (06 marks)

Q5. Power point presentation (06 marks)

Q6. Submission of report on 'Current leading Research institutions in India'

(07 marks)

Q7. Journal (03 marks)

PRACTICAL

(Based on RUSZOO402)

Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrsMarks: 50

Major Question (15 marks)

Q1. Study of permeability of cell through plasma membrane (Osmosis in blood cells)

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Q1. Measurement of cell diameter by occulometer (by using permanent slide)

Minor Question (12 marks)

Q2. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates (Molisch's test, Benedicts test, Barfoed's test, Anthrone test)

OR

Q2. Qualitative tests for proteins (Ninhydrin test, Biuret test, Millon's test, Xanthoproteic test)

OR

Q2. Qualitative test for lipids (Solubility test, Sudan III test)

OR

- Q2. Study of rancidity of lipids by titrimetric method
- Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions (15 marks)
- 1. Ultra structure of cell organelles (a, b & c)
- 2. Clinical disorders (d & e)
- Q4. Viva (05 marks)
- Q5. Journal (03 marks)

PRACTICAL

(Based on RUSZOO403)

Skeleton -Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3hrsMarks: 50

Major Question (12 marks)

Q1. Detection of Creatinine in urine

OR

Q1. Determination of blood sugar by GOD and POD method

Minor Question (05 marks)

- Q2. Estimation of Salinity by argentometric method from the given water sample OR
- Q2. Estimation of conductivity by conductometer from the given water sample
- Q2. Study of bleeding time and clotting time
- Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions(15 marks)
 - 1. Permanent slides (a & b)
 - 2. Fishery (c, d & e)
- Q4. Field Report and viva based on it.(10 marks)
- **Q5**. Submission of project report related to Environmental pollution project and viva based on it.(**05 marks**)
- Q6. Journal (03 marks)