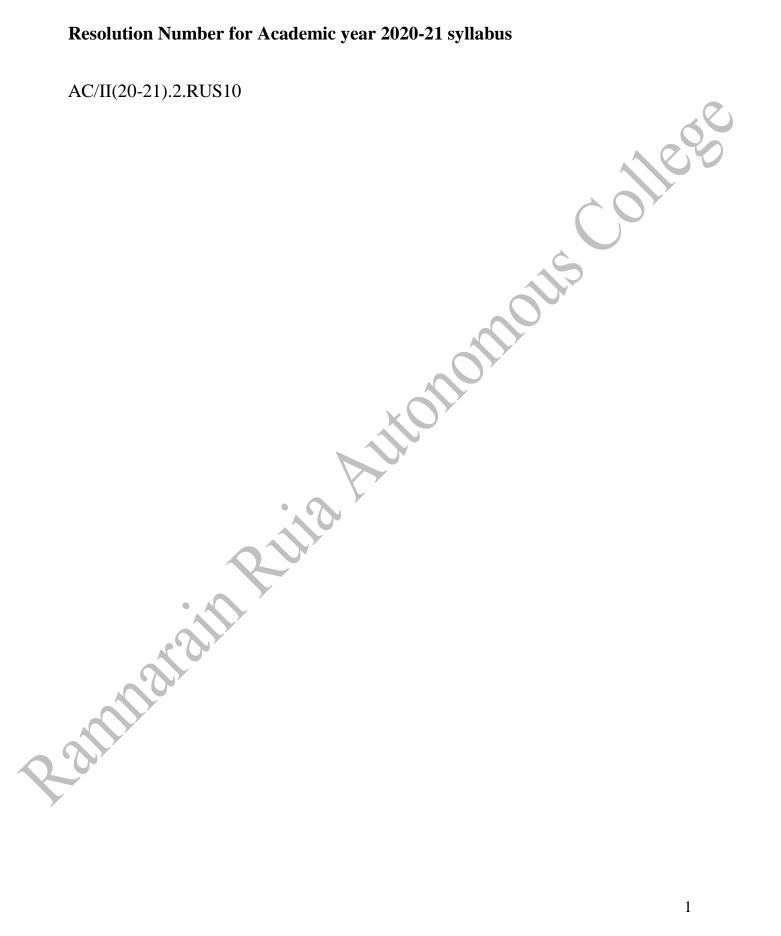
Resolution Number for Academic year 2020-21 syllabus



S.P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College



Syllabus for UG

Program: B.Sc. (Physics)

Course: RUSPHY

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2020–2021)

SEMESTER III

	UNUNIT	TITLE	Cr edete its	L ectotre
CODBE CODBE				/ Wakek
RUSPHY301		Mechanics & Thermodynamics	2	3
	 	Mechanics		
	II	Thermal Physics		O
	III	Thermodynamics & Statistical Physics	. 6	
RUSPHY302		Vector calculus, Analog and Digital Electronics	2	3
	I,	Vector Calculus		
	II	Analog Electronics	<u> </u>	
	III	Analog and Digital Electronics	•	
RUSPHY303	Ì	Applied Physics I	2	3
	I	Acoustics , laser and Fiber		
	II	Biophysics		
	III	Materials- Properties and Applications		
RUSPHP03	Practic	als based on above three	3	9
	course	es.		
~		Total	9	18

SEMESTER IV

RUSPHY401		Optics, Applied optics	2	3
	I	Interference in thin films, Diffraction- Fresnel & Fraunhofer		
	II	polarization		4
	III	Applied Optics		100
RUSPHY402		Introduction to Quantum Mechanics	2	3
	I	Origin of Quantum Mechanics	~ (2
	II	Quantum Mechanics		
	III	Applications of Schrodinger's Steady State Equation		
RUSPHY403		Applied Physics II	2	3
	Ī	Synthesis of Nano-materials		
	II	Analysis techniques		
	III	Microprocessor-8085		
RUSPHP 04	Pract	icals based on above three courses	3	9
		Total	9	18

SEMESTER III

Course Code: RUSPHY301

Course Title: Mechanics and Thermodynamics

Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the concepts of mechanics & properties of matter, how to apply them to problems
- Comprehend the basic concepts of thermodynamics & its applications in physical situation
- c. Learn about situations at low temperature
- d. Demonstrate cautious problem solving skills in all above areas

Detail Syllabus

SEMESTER III								
Course Code	Title	2 Credits						
RUSPHY 301	Mechanics and thermodynamics							
Unit I	Mechanics by H. S Hans & S. P Puri (HP)	15 lectures						
	Compound pendulum: Expression for period, maximum and minimum time period, centers of suspension and oscillations, reversible compound pendulum. Kater's reversible pendulum, Advantages of a compound pendulum over a simple pendulum; Problems from all topics HP: 9.1.1 (pages 279 to 289) Center of Mass, Motion of the Center of Mass, Linear momentum of a Particle, Linear momentum of a System of Particles, Linear momentum with respect to CM coordinate (i.e. shift of origin from Lab to CM), Conservation of Linear Momentum, Some Applications of the Momentum Principle, System of Variable Mass							

	Halliday and Resnik -Physics part I 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6 Torque Acting on a Particle, Angular Momentum of a Particle, Angular Momentum of System of Particles, and total angular momentum with respect to CM coordinates. Conservation of Angular Momentum. Halliday and Resnik -Physics part I 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 13.4 Oscillations, The Simple Harmonic Oscillator, Relation between Simple Harmonic Motion and Uniform Circular Motion, Two Body Oscillations, Damped Harmonic Motion , Forced Oscillations and Resonance. Halliday and Resnik -Physics part I 15.1, 15.2, 15.6, 15.8, 15.9, 15.10	
Unit II	Thermal Physics by A. B Gupta & H. Roy (ABG)	15 lectures
	(Review of Zeroeth and first law of thermodynamics) Heat engine, Carnot's cycle, Second law of Thermodynamics, Statement, Equivalence of Kelvin & Planck Statement, Carnot's Theorem, Reversible & Irreversible Process, Absolute scale of Temperature. ABG: 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.5, 7.5.1, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8 Clausius theorem, Entropy, Entropy of a cyclic process, Reversible process, Entropy change, Reversible heat transfer, Principle of increase in entropy, generalized form of first and second law, entropy change of an ideal gas, entropy of steam, entropy and unavailable energy, entropy and disorder, absolute entropy ABG: 7.9, 7.10, 7.11, 7.12, 7.12.1, 7.12.2, 7.13, 7.14, 7.14.1, 7.14.3, 7.15, 7.16, 7.17	
Unit III	Heat, Thermodynamics & Statistical Physics	15 lectures
	Third law of thermodynamics, Nernst heat theorem, Consequences of the third law, Maxwell's thermodynamic relations, Clausius – Clapeyron equation. ABG: 10.12, 10.12.1, 10.12.2 BS: 6.3, 6.11 Steam engine, Rankin cycle ABG: 11.2, 11.3 Low temp Physics: Different methods of liquefaction of gases, methods of freezing mixtures, Cooling by evaporation under reduced pressure, cooling by adiabatic expansion. BS: 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4	

	Joule - Thompson effect, JT effect of Van der Waal's gas, Liquefaction of helium, properties and uses of liquid Helium ABG: 10.2, 10.2.2, 10.6,10.6.1	
	References:	
	Resnick and Halliday: Physics – I Mechanics – H. S. Hans and S. P. Puri, Tata McGraw Hill (2nd ED.) Thermal Physics, AB Gupta and H. Roy, Book and Allied (P) Ltd, Reprint 2008, 2009. Heat thermodynamics and Statistical Physics, Brijlal, N. Subramanyam, P. S. Hemne, S. Chand, edition 2007. Additional reference: a) Mechanics by K.R Symon b) Classical Dynamics of particles and systems by Thornton and Marian, (CENGAGE Learning) c) Basic Thermodynamics: Evelyn Guha (Narosa Publications) d) Classical mechanics by Kleppener, Kollenkov e) A treatise on heat: Meghanad Saha and BN Srivastava, 1969, India Press f) Mechanics and Electrodynamics Rev Edn. 2005 by Brijlal and Subramanyan and Jeevan Seshan g) Thermal Physics: Philip M. Morse (W.A. Benjamin Inc. New York) h) Heat & Thermodynamics: Robert and Miller (ELBS)	
2		

Course Title: Vector calculus, Analog and Digital Electronics Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- a) Understand the basic concepts of mathematical physics and their applications in physical situations
- b) Understand the basic laws of electrodynamics and be able to perform calculations using them
- c) Understand the basics of transistor biasing, operational amplifiers, their applications
- d) Understand the basic concepts of oscillators and be able to perform calculations using them
- e) Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skill in all the topics covered

	SEMESTER III	
Course Code	Title	2
		Credits
RUSPHY 302	Vector calculus, Analog and Digital Electronics	4
Unit I	Vector Calculus	15
	A	lectures
	Line, Surface and Volume Integrals, The Fundamental	
	Theorem of Calculus: The Fundamental Theorem of Gradient, The Fundamental Theorem of Divergence, The Fundamental	\mathcal{O}
	Theorem of Curl (Statement and Geometrical interpretation is	
	included, Proof of these theorems are omitted). Problems	
	based on these theorems are required to be done.	
	DG: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 Curvilinear Coordinates: Spherical Coordinates, Cylindrical	
	Coordinates	
	DG: 4.1, 4.2	
Unit II	Analog Electronics	15
		lectures
	Transistor Biasing, Inherent Variations of Transistor	
	Parameters, Stabilization, Essentials of a Transistor Biasing Circuit, Stability Factor, Methods of Transistor Biasing, Base	
	Resistor Method, Emitter Bias Circuit, Circuit analysis of	
	Emitter Bias, Biasing with Collector Feedback Resistor,	
	Voltage Divider Bias Method, Stability factor for Potential	
	Divider Bias. MM: 9.2 to 9.13	
	General amplifier characteristics: Concept of amplification,	
	amplifier notations, current gain, Voltage gain, power gain,	
	input resistance, output resistance, general theory of feedback, reasons for negative feedback, loop gain.	
	AM: 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.7, 17.1, 17.2, 17.3	
	SC: 9.3, 9.4	
	Practical circuit of transistor amplifier, phase reversal,	
	frequency response, Decibel gain and Band width. MM: 13.4, 13.5	
Unit III	Analog and Digital Electronics	15
		lectures
,	Oscillators: Introduction, effect of positive feedback.	
	Requirements for oscillations, phase shift oscillator, Wien	
	Bridge Oscillator, Colpitt's oscillator, Hartley oscillator MM: 14.1 to 14.11, 14.13, 14.14.	
	Operational Amplifiers: Introduction, Schematic symbol of	

OPAMP, Output voltage from OPAMP, AC analysis, Bandwidth of an OPAMP, Slew rate, Frequency Response of an OPAMP, OPAMP with Negative feedback, Inverting Amplifier, Non-Inverting Amplifier, Voltage Follower, Summing Amplifier, Applications of Summing amplifier, OPAMP Integrator and Differentiator, Critical frequency of Integrator, Comparator Digital Electronics Flip-flops and counters: R-S flip flops, Clocked R-S, D Flip flop, J K Master slave flip flop, counters: Synchronous and Asynchronous: 3 bit ripple up counter, mod-3. Digital Principles and Applications – Donald Leach, A Malvino, Goutam Saha (13th Edition): 8.1, 8.2,8.5, 8.8, 10.1 555 Timer: Block diagram, Monostable and Astable Operation Electronic Principles – A. P Malvino and D. J Bates (7th Ed.): 23.7, 23.8, 23.9	
References: 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics 3rd Ed by D.J. Griffith	
 Principles of Electronics – V. K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta. 	
(S. Chand – Multi-colored illustrative edition)	
3. Electronic devices and circuits – An introduction Allan	
Mottershed (PHI Pvt. Ltd.– EEE – Reprint – 2013)	

Course Title: Applied Physics - I

Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

On completion of this, it is expected that

- a) Students will appreciate the role of Physics in 'interdisciplinary areas related to Materials, Nano-sciences, Bio-physics, Acoustics etc.
- b) The learner will understand the scope of the subject in Industry & Research
- c) Experimental learning opportunities will faster creative thinking

	SEMESTER III					
Course	Title	2				
Code		Credits				
RUSPHY303	Applied Physics – I					
Unit I	Unit I Acoustics, Lasers and fiber optics					
		lectures				
	1) Acoustics of Buildings : Reverberation, Sabine's formula (without derivation) Absorption coefficient, Acoustics of Buildings, factors affecting Acoustics of Buildings, Sound distribution in an auditorium. Reference : Properties of matter and Acoustics – R Murugeshan and K. Shivaprasath, S Chand & Co.Ltd. (2005-					

	Ed)—5.9,5.10, 5.12,5.13,5.14, 5.15 2) Laser: Introduction, transition between Atomic energy states (without derivation), Principle of Laser, Properties of Laser, Helium–Neon Laser, Application of Laser, Holography. Reference:- Modern Physics Concept and Applications – Sanjeev Puri, Narosa Publication—9.1 to 9.6, 9.10, 9.11 3) Fiber Optics: Light propagation through Fibers, Fiber Geometry, Internal reflection, Numerical Aperture, Step-Index and Graded-Index Fibers, Applications of Fibers. Reference: Modern Physics Concept and Applications – Sanjeev Puri, Narosa Publication—13.3, 13.5, 13.9	
Unit II	Biophysics	15
Oille II	Бюрпузісэ	lectures
	Introduction, definition, History & scope of biophysics,	lectures
	biological fluids, physico-chemical properties, viscosity, surface tension, pH, osmosis, osmotic pressure. Diffusion, Ficks' laws of diffusion, dialysis, Cell is unit of life, fundamental understanding prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell structure and function, eukaryotic cell membrane, Fundamentals of transport process through biological membrane, membrane channels. electrical properties of cell, Action potential, propagation of action potential, methods of measurement of action potential, Nernst equation, Golman equation, The Hodgkin-Huxely model of action potential, voltage clamp technique, Patch clamp technique, cell impedance and capacitance. Reference:- Biophysics-principles and techniques by M.A. Subramanian-MJP publishers-chapter3 and 8 full. Other References: 1. Cellular and Molecular Biology: Concept and Experiment by Gerald Karp 2. The Cell: A Molecular Approach by Geoffery Cooper 3. Introductory Biophysics: Perspective on living state by James Claycomb 4. Medical Physiology by Guyton 5. Molecular Biology of Cell by Bruce Albert 6. Text Book of Biophysics by R N Roy	
Unit III	Materials – properties and applications	15
		lectures
	Classification and selection of materials: Classification of	

materials, organic, inorganic and biological materials, semiconductor materials, current trends and advances in materials. Material structure and examination, selection of materials.

Crystal geometry and structure: Crystals, single crystal, Whiskers, lattice point and space lattice. Unit cell, primitive cell, Atomic radius, Density of crystal, Direction lattice planes, Miller indices, Inter planar spacing, Crystal planes in cubic unit cell, common planes in simple cubic structure. Coordination number, Crystal growth.

KK: CHAPTER 1(3 TO 9) KK CHAPTER 3 (1 TO 18, 33) References:

- 1. Material Science S. K. Kakani and Amit Kakani, New Age International (P) Ltd. Reprint 2004 (**KK**)
- 2. Electronic Properties of Materials, Rolf E Hummel
- 3. Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course by
- V. Raghavan

RUSPHYP03 - Physics Laboratory Course

The S.Y.B.Sc. Syllabus integrates the regular practical work with a series of demonstration and skill experiments. During the teaching and examination of Physics laboratory work, simple modifications of experimental parameters may be attempted. Attention should be given to basic skills of experimentation which include:

- i) Understanding relevant concepts
- ii) Planning of the experiments
- iii) Layout and adjustments of the equipment
- iv) Recording of observations and plotting of graphs
- Calculation of results and estimation of possible errors in the observation of results
- ➤ Note: Exemption of two experiments from section A and / or B and / or C may be given if student carries out any one of the following activity.
 - Execute a mini project to the satisfaction of teacher in-charge of practical
- Each experiment will be of three hours' duration. Minimum 5 from each group A/B/C and in all minimum 15 experiments from three groups A+B+C must be reported in certified journal along with 9 skill experiments
- All the skill experiments are required to be completed compulsorily.
- Internal component of Practical examination Evaluation is based on regular experiments and skill experiments.
- A learner will be allowed to appear for the semester end practical examination only if he/she submits a certified journal of Physics (9 Skill experiments and 15 regular experiments for certified Journal)
- For external practical examination, the learner will be examined in three experiments (one from each group)

Skill skill-Group-A 1. Drawing of graph on Semi-logarithmic or Logarithmic Scale 2. Radius of ball bearings (single pan balance) 3. Spectrometer: mean μ of yellow doublet of mercury source. Skill-Group-B 4. Component testing: resistor, capacitor, diode, transistor on CRO 5. Use of Digital Storage Oscilloscope (DSO)	
 2. Radius of ball bearings (single pan balance) 3. Spectrometer: mean μ of yellow doublet of mercury source. Skill-Group-B 4. Component testing: resistor, capacitor, diode, transistor on CRO 	
 3. Spectrometer: mean μ of yellow doublet of mercury source. Skill-Group-B 4. Component testing: resistor, capacitor, diode, transistor on CRO 	
Skill-Group-B 4. Component testing: resistor, capacitor, diode, transistor on CRO	
on CRO	
5. Use of Digital Storage Oscilloscope (DSO)	
j j j coo of Digital Otorago Coomooopo (DOO)	
6. Wiring of a simple circuit on a Bread Board	
Skill-Group-C	
7. Study of LT-Spice, free software for simulation of electronic circuits	
8. Using Eagle Software draw PCB pattern for Electronic circuit	
9. Study of SRIM (Stopping and range of ions in matter)- free software	
Y by bending(metal beam)	Credit
2. Flat spiral spring (Y)	1
3. Optical lever: determination of refractive index of glass (μ)	•
Resolving Power of telescope.	
RUSPHP03 (A) 5. Finding moment of inertia of flywheel	
6. Determination of wavelength of He-Ne laser using grating	
7. Determination of refractive index of liquid by diode laser	
Figure of merit of a mirror galvanometer.	Credit
Common emitter transistor(NPN) amplifier	1
3. OpAmp: Inverting amplifier with different gains	•
RUSPHP03 (B) 4. OpAmp: Non inverting amplifier with different gains	
5. Passive low pass filter/high pass filter	
6. MS-JK flip-flop	
7. Transistorized Wien Bridge Oscillator	-
1. Standardization of pH meter	Credit
Surface tension of Biological fluid	1
Solar cell panel- study of Current-voltage characteristics	
4. Determination of thermal conductivity of bad conductor by Lee's Method	
RUSPHP03 (C) 5. Specific heat of a graphite	
6. Concept of beats	
7. Thermal relaxation time constant of a series bulb—checking with apparatus requirement	
sinesimg min apparatus regulionioni	

References:

- 1. Advanced course in Practical Physics D. Chattopadhya, PC Rakshit & B Saha. (6th Edition) Book and Allied Pvt Ltd
- 2. B.Sc Practical Physics Harnam Singh S.Chand & Co. Ld. 2001
- A test book of advanced practical PHYSICS _ SAMIR Kumar Ghosh, New Central Book Agency (3rd edition)
- 4. B.Sc. Practical Physics CL Arora (1st Edition) -2001 S. Chand and Co Ltd
- 5. Practical Physics CL Squires (3rd Edition) Cambridge University
- 6. University Practical Physics DC Tayal. Himalaya Publication
- 7. Advanced Practical Physics Worsnop &Flint.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT SEM---III

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Course	RUSPHY 301			RI	JSPHY3	302	Rl	JSPHY;	303	Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Int.	Ext.	Total	Int.	Ext.	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	20	30	50	150

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment (40% of 100 marks) = 40 marks.

Theory Paper- Paper code	Internal test marks	Assignment	Marks distribution	Total Marks per paper
Mechanics & Thermodynamics RUSPHY301	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40
Vector calculus, Analog and Digital Electronics RUSPHY302	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40
Applied Physics- I RUSPHY303	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40

B) Internal test pattern (half an hour test)

Questions	options	Marks
Q.1	20 objective questions, all compulsory, each question with 4 options;	10
	(half mark each)	
Q.2	Attempt any two numerical out of four.(3 marks each)	06
Q.3	Attempt any one numerical out of two.(4 marks each)	04
	Total marks	20

C) External examination - 60 % of 100 marks = 60 MARKS, Semester End Theory Question paper of 60 marks

- I. These examinations shall be of **2 hours** duration.
- II. Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within.

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit I
Q.1)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.2)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit II
Q.2)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.3)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit III
Q.3)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.4)A)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit I
Q.4)B)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit II
Q.4)C)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit III
Total marks		60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

(A) Internal Examination:

Sr. No.	Activity	Practical- Group-A	Practical- Group-B	Practical- Group-C
	(1.5 marks per experiment/ 5 regular and 3 skill experiment)	12 mark	12 mark	12 mark
	2. Main Journal (one mark per experiment for 5 regular and 3 skill experiment)	8 mark	8 mark	8 mark
	Total (=1 + 2)	20 mark	20 mark	20 mark
	9 Skill experiments required for certified Journal. 15 Main experiments required for certified Journal.			

(B) External (Semester-end practical examination):

Particulars	Practical-Group-A	Practical-Group-B	Practical-Group-C
Laboratory work	25	25	25
Viva	5	5	5
Total	30	30	30

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of the department / laboratory In-charge of the respective class by presenting working(rough) journal to the HOD. If the student did not present such lost certificate at the practical examination, he/she will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

SEMESTER-IV

Course Code: RUSPHY401

Course Title: Optics, Applied optics
Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1) Understand the diffraction and polarization processes and applications.
- 2) Understand the applications of interference in design and working of interferometers.
- 3) Introduction to application of optics- fiber optic sensors, non –reflecting and high reflecting thin films, grating structure in optical fiber
- 4) Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.

Detail Syllabus

	SEMESTER IV	
Course	Title	2
Code		Credits
RUSPHY	Optics, Applied optics	
401		
Unit I	Interference in thin films, Diffraction-Fresnel & Fraunhofer	15
		lectures
	Interference: Interference in thin films, Fringes in Wedge shaped films, Problems	
	SBA: 15.1, 15.2.1 to 15.2.5, 15.3, 15.5, 15.6.1, 15.6.2, 15.6.3	
	A text book of Optics –Subramanyam, Brijlal, Avadhanulu (SBA)	
	Fresnel's diffraction: Introduction, Huygen's-Fresnel's theory,	

	Fresnel's assumptions, Distinction between interference and diffraction, Fresnel and Fraunhofer types of diffraction, diffraction due to single edge, position of maximum and minimum intensity, intensity at a point inside a geometrical shadow, diffraction due to a narrow slit, diffraction due to narrow wire. Fraunhofer diffraction: introduction, Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit, intensity distribution in diffraction pattern due to single slit, Fraunhofer diffraction due to double slit, distinction between single slit and double slit diffraction patterns, plane diffraction grating, theory of plane transmission grating, width of principal maxima, prism and grating spectra. SBA: 17.1, 17.2, 17.3, 17.6, 17.7, 17.10, 17.10.1, 17.10.2, 17.11, 17.12, 18.1, 18.2, 18.2.1, 18.4, 18.4.2, 18.7, 18.7.1, 18.7.2,	
1114-14	18.7.8(i to vi)	45
Unit II	Polarization	15
		lectures
	Types of polarization, Plane polarized light, circularly polarized light, Elliptically polarized light, Partially polarized light, Production of Plane polarized light, Polarization by reflection from dielectric surface, Polarization by refraction –pile of plates, Polarization by scattering, Polarization by selective Absorption, Polarization by double refraction, Polarizer and Analyser, Malus' Law, Anisotropic crystal, Calcite crystal, Optic Axis, Double refraction in calcite crystal, Huygens' explanation of double refraction, Ordinary and Extra ordinary rays, Positive and Negative crystals, Superposition of waves linearly polarized at right angles, Superposition of e-Ray and o-Ray, Retarders, Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate, Production of linearly polarized light, Production of elliptically polarized light, Production of circularly polarized light, Analysis of polarized light, Applications of polarized light. AG: 19.1, 19.2.1, 19.2.2, 19.2.3, 19.3, 19.4, 19.4.1, 19.5, 19.6. Optics by Ajoy Ghatak 4th Ed (AG) Additional References: 1. Fundamentals of Optics – Jenkins and White. (4th Ed) 2.Optics by C. L Arora	
Unit III	Applied Optics	15
		lectures
	Non-reflecting films (13.4 but not 13.4.1, 13.4.2), high reflectivity by thin film deposition (13.5), reflection by a periodic structure (13.6), Fiber –Bragg gratings (13.6.1) Newton's rings (13.10, Ex. 13.2,Ex. 13.3), Michelson interferometer (13.11) Self focusing phenomenon (16.11) Fiber optic sensors (24.14) Reference: OPTICS by Ajoy Ghatak-3rd edition, McGraw-Hill publications.	

Course Title: Quantum Mechanics Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- (1) Understand the postulates of quantum mechanics and to understand its importance in explaining significant phenomena in Physics
- (2) Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered

	SEMESTER IV			
Course	Title	2 Credits		
Code				
RUSPH	Introduction to Quantum Mechanics			
Y 402				
Unit I	Origin of Quantum Mechanics:	15		
A		lectures		
	Historical Background: Review Black-body Radiation, Photoelectric effect, Matter waves –de Broglie Hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Concept of wave packet, phase velocity, group velocity and relation between them. Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle (with thought experiments e.g. γ-ray microscope, electron diffraction experiment) Different form of Uncertainty relation Physical interpretation of wave function – Max Born Interpretation of wave function, Requirements of wave function			

	Schrodinger's Equation: Schrodinger's time dependent wave equation and time independent wave function (Steady State) Analogy between wave equation and Schrodinger's wave equation. Linearity and Superposition, Problems from all topics. Reference: AB: 2.2, 2.3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 MJ: 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and numericals from chapter 1, 4 and 5 GA: 2.1 to 2.10 1. Concepts of modern physics by Arthur Beiser (AB) 2. Quantum Mechanics: A text book for undergraduates by Mahesh Jain (MJ) 3. Quantum Mechanics by G. Arul Das 4. Quantum Mechanics (2nd edition) by H. C Verma - Additional Reference))]e
Unit II	Quantum Mechanics	15
		lectures
	Probability current density, equation of continuity, and its physical significance Definition of an operator, Eigen value and Eigen function Operators in Quantum Mechanics –Position, Momentum, and total energy (Hamiltonian) operators Basic Commutator Algebra in Quantum Mechanics Commutator brackets using position and momentum operators Expectation Values, Problems from all topics. Reference: SPS: 4.9 MJ: 6.1 to 6.8 1. Quantum Mechanics by S. P Singh, M. K Bagade, Kamal Singh 2. Quantum Mechanics: A text book for undergraduates by Mahesh Jain	
Unit III	Applications of Schrodinger's Steady State Equation:	15
		lectures
	Particle in an infinitely deep potential well (in detail – its relation with Heisenberg's uncertainty principle), Particle in a cube, Step potential, free particle, barrier potential and tunneling- infinitely deep potential well, concepts of cube, step potential, free particle, barrier potential and tunneling (no mathematical formulations required) Problems from all topics References: SPS: 5.1 to 5.6, 6.1 to 6.3 MJ: 6.9, 7.1 to 7.4 GA: 4.1 to 4.3 1. Quantum Mechanics by S. P Singh, M. K Bagade, Kamal Singh, Chand 2004 Edition	

	2. Quantum Mechanics by G. Aruldhas	
16	Additional References: 1. Basic Quantum Mechanics – Ajoy Ghatak 2. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics by D. J Griffith 3. Introductory Quantum Mechanics (4th Edition) by R. Liboff 4. The Feynman Lectures on Physics, Volume III by Leighton, Feynman, and Sands (transcribed from a lecture series given by Richard Feynman at Caltech) 5. Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei, and Particles 2nd Edition by Robert Eisberg, Robert Resnick	
	 Introductory Quantum Mechanics (4th Edition) by R. Liboff The Feynman Lectures on Physics, Volume III by Leighton, Feynman, and Sands (transcribed from a lecture series given by Richard Feynman at Caltech) Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei, and 	

Course Title: Applied Physics – II
Academic year 2020-21

Learning Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students would acquire the following knowledge & skills:

- (1) The ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems
- (2) The ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results in the areas of physics
- (3) The ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data
- (4) The ability to communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters
- (5) A comprehensive, quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, including mechanics, optics, thermodynamics, electrostatics, electrodynamics at a level attuned with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Learning Outcomes: On completion of this, it is expected that

- a) Students will appreciate the role of Physics in interdisciplinary areas related to Nano-sciences, Nano-materials, Acoustics etc.
- b) The learner will understand the scope of the subject of Microprocessors.
- c) The learner will understand the scope of Analysis Techniques used regularly in material science.
- d) The learner will understand the scope of the subject in Industry & Research
- e) Experimental learning opportunities will faster creative thinking

	SEMESTER IV	
Course Code	Title	2 Credits
RUSPHY403	Applied Physics – II	
Unit I	Synthesis of Nano-materials	15 lectures
	Synthesis of Nano-materials – Physical Methods: Introduction, Mechanical Methods – High Energy Ball Milling, Melt Mixing; Methods based on Evaporation – Physical, Vapor Deposition, Ionized cluster beam deposition, Ablation (laser vaporization), Laser Pyrolysis, Chemical Vapor Deposition SK: 3.1, 3.2. 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.3, 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.3.3, 3.3.4, 3.5 Synthesis of Nano-materials – Chemical Methods Introduction, Colloids & Colloids in Solution, Nucleation& Growth of Nanoparticles, Langmuir-Bodgett (LB) Method, Micro-emulsions, Sol-Gel Method SK: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8 Synthesis of Nanomaterials – Biological Methods Introduction, Synthesis using Microorganisms, Synthesis using Plant extracts, Use of Proteins, Templates like DNA, S-Layers, etc., Synthesis of Nanoparticles using DNA SK: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5	
Unit II	Analysis Techniques	15 lectures
	Introduction, Microscopes, Electron Microscope – Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM), Diffraction Techniques – X-Ray Diffraction (XRD), Atomic Scattering Factor, Bragg's Law of Diffraction, Diffraction from different types of Samples. SK: 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.3.1, 7.3.2, 7.5, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, 7.5.4 Reference:- Sulabha Kukarni – Nanotechnology Principles and Practices (SK)	
Unit III	Microprocessors	15 lectures
	8085 Microprocessor and Basic Assembly Language Programming Introduction, Historical Perspective, Organization of a Microprocessor Based system, how does the Microprocessor works, Machine Language, Assembly Language, High Level	

RUSPHP04	PRACTICALS- Group-C	1 credit
	7. Op-Amp: Integrator and Differentiator-	
	6. Colpitt's oscillator-	
,	5. CE amplifier: variation of gain with load	
,0,	4. Passive band pass filter.	
	3. Transistorized Astable multivibrator -	
	shunting)	
	Determination of absolute capacitance using BG Measurement of resistance of galvanometer (G by	
NOOI TIF 04	Determination of absolute capacitance using BG	1 Credit
RUSPHP04	7. Single slit diffraction PRACTICALS- Group-B	1 credit
	6. Cylindrical obstacle: determination of λ	
	5. R.P. of grating	
	4. Brewster's/ Malus's law verification	
	3. Optical fiber: transmission of signal	
	2. Young's modulus by Koenig's method.	
	Flat spiral spring (n)	
RUSPHP04	PRACTICALS-Group-A	1 credit
	RG: 3.1.1, 2.1.1, 2.1.2, 4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.1.3, 4.1.4, 4.1.5 Basic definitions: Instruction, Op-code, operand. Instruction word Size, instruction Format, data format, Addressing Modes, The 8085 Instruction Set(Classification) Data transfer Operations, Arithmetic Operations, Logical Operations Branch Operations, Introduction to Advanced Instructions Flowchart RG: 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 6.11, 2.11, 6.1, 7.2.1, 7.2.2, 7.3.3, 6.2, 7.2.4, 7.3.1, 6.3, 7.4, 7.5, 6.4, 9.2 (omit 9.2.1, 9.2.2), 9.3, 10.7, 6.1.2 References: Microprocessor Architecture, programming and Applications with 8085 - Ramesh Gaonkar, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India (RG)	318
	Languages, Writing and executing an Assembly Language Program. RG: 1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.2 (omit 1.2.4) 8085 Bus Organization, 8085 Programming Model, The 8085 Microprocessor, Pin connection diagram and function of each pin, A detailed look at 8085 Microprocessor.	

		1
	Study of 8085 microprocessor kit and commands	
	8 -bit addition, subtraction and display	-
	3. 8 -bit addition, subtraction with carry and display	
	4. 8 -bit multiplication	
	5. Memory block transfer from one location to another	
	6. Find largest/smallest number in given block.	1
	7. Arrange given number in ascending/descending order	
1 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8	erences: Advanced course in Practical Physics D. Chattopadhya, PC Rakshit & B Saha. (6th Edition) Book and Allied Pvt Ltd B. Sc Practical Physics – Harnam Singh S. Chand & Co. Ld. 2001 A test book of advanced practical PHYSICS _ SAMIR Kumar Ghosh, New Central Book Agency (3rd edition) B.Sc. Practical Physics – CL Arora (1st Edition) -2001 S. Chand and Co Ltd Practical Physics CL Squires (3rd Edition) Cambridge University University Practical Physics – DC Tayal. Himalaya Publication Advanced Practical Physics – Worsnop & Flint. Constration Experiments: Error Analysis and Concept of Beats Study of stepper motor Wave-form Generation using Op-amp Double Refraction Straight Edge Fresnel Diffraction Hysteresis Experiment Coupled Oscillations and Resonance First Order Active Filter-LP and HP PC simulation of 8085.	
	0. Use of DAD instruction in programming of 8085.	

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

SEM---IV

Theory Examination Pattern: Internal Assessment (40% of 100 Marks) = 40 Marks.

Theory Paper- Paper code	Internal test marks	Assignment	Marks distribution	Total Marks per paper
Optics, Applied optics RUSPHY401	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40
Introduction to Quantum Mechanics RUSPHY402	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40
Applied Physics- II RUSPHY403	20	15 questions on units1,2,3	Assessment- 15 Viva on it05 Total= 20 mark	40

B) External examination - 60 % of 100 marks = 60 MARKS

Semester End Theory Assessment - 60 marks

i. Duration - These examinations shall be of **2 hours** duration.

ii. Paper Pattern: All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within

Questions	Options	Marks	Questions on
Q.1)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit I
Q.1)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.2)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit II
Q.2)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.3)A)	Any 2 out of 4	14	Unit III
Q.3)B)	Any 1 out of 2	01	
Q.4)A)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit I
Q.4)B)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit II
Q.4)C)	Any 1 out of 2	5	Unit III
Total marks		60	

Practical Examination Pattern: (A) Internal Examination:

Sr. No.	Activity	Practical- Group-A	Practical- Group-B	Practical- Group-C				
1.	Continuous Assessment (1.5 marks per experiment/ 5 regular and 3 demo experiment)	12 mark	12 mark	12 mark				
2.	Main Journal 8 mark 8 mark 8 mark regular and 3 demo experiment)							
	Total (=1 + 2) 20 mark 20 mark 20 mark							
	9 demo experiments required for certified Journal.15 Main experiments required for certified Journal.							

(B) External (Semester-end practical examination):

Particulars	Practical-Group-A	Practical-Group-B	Practical-Group-C	
Laboratory work	25	25	25	
Viva	5	5	5	
Total	30	30	30	

PRACTICAL BOOK/JOURNAL

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of the department / laboratory In-charge of the respective class by presenting working(rough) journal

to the HOD. If the student did not present such lost certificate at the practical examination,

he/she will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern Semester IV

Internal External Total Int. Ext. Total Int. Ext. Total Int. Ext. Total Int. Ext. Total Int. I	Course	RUSPHY 401		RUSPHY 402		RUSPHY 403			Grand Total		
		Internal	External	Total	Int.	Ext.	Total	Int.	Ext.	Total	
Practicals 20 30 50 20 30 50 20 30 50 150	Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
	Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	20	30	50	150