S. P. Mandali's

Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for MSc

Program: MSc (Microbiology)

Program Code: RPSMIC

(Choice Based Semester and Grading System for academic year 2022-2023)



GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES

In the post graduate courses, S.P.Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College is committed to impart conceptual and procedural knowledge in specific subject areas that would build diverse creative abilities in the learner. The College also thrives to make its Science post graduates research/ job ready as well as adaptable to revolutionary changes happening in this era of Industry 4.0.

GA	GA Description
	A student completing Master's Degree in Science program
	will be able to:
GA 1	Demonstrate in depth understanding in the relevant science
	discipline. Recall, explain, extrapolate and organize conceptual
	scientific knowledge for execution and application and also to
	evaluate its relevance.
GA 2	Critically evaluate, analyze and comprehend a scientific problem.
	Think creatively, experiment and generate a solution
	independently, check and validate it and modify if necessary.
GA 3	Access, evaluate, understand and compare digital information
	from various sources and apply it for scientific knowledge
	acquisition as well as scientific data analysis and presentation.
GA 4	Articulate scientific ideas, put forth a hypothesis, design and
	execute testing tools and draw relevant inferences. Communicate
	the research work in appropriate scientific language.
GA 5	Demonstrate initiative, competence and tenacity at the workplace.
	Successfully plan and execute tasks independently as well as with
	team members. Effectively communicate and present complex
Men.	information accurately and appropriately to
	different groups.
GA 6	Use an objective, unbiased and non-manipulative approach in
	collection and interpretation of scientific data and avoid plagiarism
	and violation of Intellectual Property Rights. Appreciate and be
	sensitive to environmental and sustainability issues and
	understand its scientific significance and global
	relevance.



GA 7 Translate academic research into innovation and creatively design scientific solutions to problems. Exemplify project plans, use
management skills and lead a team for planning and
execution of a task.
GA 8 Understand cross disciplinary relevance of scientific
developments and relearn and reskill so as to adapt to
technological advancements.
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PROGRAM OUTCOMES

РО	Description				
	A student completing Master's Degree in Science program in the				
	subject of Microbiology will be able to:				
PO 1	Recall the basic concepts of gene expression and regulation, exemplify				
	cytoplasmic inheritance and transposons. Analyse the genetics				
	underlying cancer and cell cycle. Solve problems based on allelic and genotypic frequencies				
PO 2	Apply the principles of thermodynamics to understand stability of				
	biological molecules, execute experiments for their detection and				
	estimation in samples. Summarize the metabolism of one and two				
	carbon compounds by microorganisms				
PO 3	Attribute pathogenesis of diseases to virulence mechanisms, outline the				
	pathogenesis, transmission and treatment of emerging bacterial and viral				
	infections. Recognize the role of microbiome in the overall				
	physiology of humans.				
PO 4	Acquire skills to work in a clinical laboratory. Execute antibiotic				
	susceptibility assays and evaluate efficacy in context of antibiotic				
	resistance. Also, implement diagnostic tests for infectious diseases.				
	Recall aspects in epidemiological study designs and public health				
	surveillance and detect agents that could be associated with				
	bioterrorism.				
PO 5	Formulate a hypothesis, design a research project, execute the				
	experiments including appropriate calibrations and controls, implement				
	appropriate methods for data collection and analyse data with				
MIL.	appropriate statistical tools.				
PO 6	Recall the structure and functions of cell membrane and cytoskeleton as				
	well as the concept of protein trafficking and transport. Compare various				
	transport mechanisms, and analyse the significance of cell to cell				
	communication. Explain the process of development and organogenesis				
	in higher animals and correlate it to genes with specific reference to				
	Drosophila.				



PO 7	Execute extraction, purification and analysis of various biomolecules.				
	Compare the mechanisms of enzyme catalysis of different classes of				
	enzymes and solve problems on enzyme kinetics. Recall different cell				
	signalling mechanisms. Outline the biochemistry of degradation of				
	various xenobiotics by microorganisms				
PO 8	Recall methods used to study microbial ecology and execute analysis of				
	samples from varied environments. Extrapolate potential of extremophilic				
	proteins to industrial applications, attribute problems like biofouling and				
	biocorrosion to microbial activity. Recall the role of microbes in soil and				
	demonstrate their role in plant growth. Outline, appreciate and apply the				
	principles of solid and hazardous waste management and appreciate				
	various regulations enacted with respect				
	to biosafety.				
PO 9	Access appropriate biological databases and apply various				
	bioinformatics tools for varied analysis, recall concepts of synthetic				
	biology and systems biology. Extrapolate understanding of contemporary				
	tools in Molecular Biotechnology for DNA sequencing, mutagenesis and				
	protein expression studies. Execute experiments for				
	preparation of nanoparticles and their analysis				
PO 10	Understand and evaluate the significance of viral genetics in				
	representative bacterial viruses and apply it in rDNA technology. Recall				
	and extrapolate the types of animal and plant viruses, describe their				
	mechanisms of infections, control and treatment. Explain and give an				
	overview of emerging & re-emerging viral infections responsible for				
	causing pandemics. Outline the mechanism of tumorigenesis by				
	oncogenic viruses.				
PO 11	Recall detailed mechanisms of innate and adaptive immunity, and				
Olhy,	emphasize the molecular interactions that help distinction of self from				
No.	non self in immune mechanisms. Outline the mechanisms of immune				
	tolerance and exemplify reasons for autoimmune diseases as well as				
	cancer. Apply principles of immunoassays for execution of diagnosis of				
	disorders and diseases. Summarize and illustrate concepts in				
	immunotherapy. Extrapolate basics of vaccine development to combat				
	emerging infections				



PO 12	Understand and implement different concepts in microbial approaches to quality control and management in industries. Check food and water samples for microbiological quality as per prescribed standards and maintain records. Recall concepts and monitor processes in food industry, bottled water manufacturing units and monitor processes and products of pharmaceutical industry with emphasis on BIS regulations, regulatory frameworks, GMP and HACCP, GLP, ISO standards and validation.
PO 13	Recall and explain the principle and working of techniques like spectroscopy, chromatography, hyphenated techniques, PCR based assays, microarrays, electrophoresis, X ray diffraction and SPR and compare all the different types included under each technique. Understand and extrapolate these concepts to analyse biological samples for biomolecular composition and/or structure.
PO 14	Understand, explain and Apply concepts in bioinformatics, proteomics, high throughput screening and pharmacogenomics for discovering new drugs
PO 15	Recall and apply various concepts in modern Biotechnology like gene therapy, stem cell technology, 16SrRNA sequencing in fields like diagnostics, therapeutics and genetic counselling. Summarize and evaluate the biotechnological potential of fungi and algae for production of commercial products like pharmaceutics, pigments, enzymes, biofuels etc. and in processes like bioremediation and wastewater treatment. Summarize and interpret the laws for IPR, biodiversity conservation and recall the perspectives of bioethics. Implement patent searches and outline prerequisites and steps in patentability.
PO 16	Categorize biofuels and outline fermentation technologies for their manufacture. Exemplify enzymes with industrial potential and recall and explore technologies like immobilization for their application in industrial products. Explain techniques in protein engineering for increasing activity and specificity.



PC) 17	Outline work plans and execute tasks independently and to completion. Coordinate and cooperate with team members for execution of experiments. Maintain records, make reports and interpret them for making summaries. Communicate information accurately and effectively. Follow ethical practices at workplace, take initiative, exhibit competency and imbibe other professional skills.
PC) 18 	Apply theoretical concepts effectively and think innovatively to translate ideas to research projects and projects to products. Understand the significance of microbiology as a science that has transdisciplinary relevance and immense potential to improve quality of life for all humankind.
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PROGRAM OUTLINE (2022-24)

YEAR	SEM	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CREDITS
		RPSMIC 101	MICROBIAL GENETICS	04
		(Core Course) RPSMIC 102	MICDODIAL DIOCUEMICEDY	
			MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY	04
		(Core Course) RPSMIC 103	MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND	<u> </u>
			HUMAN MICROBIOME	04
		(Core Course) RPSMICP 101		000
		RPSMICP 101	Practical-I Practical-II	02
				02
		RPSMICP 103	Practical-III	02
			ould select anyone of the following C	ourse
		RPSMIC 104	CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY	
		(Discipline	EPIDEMIOLOGY	
		Specific Course)		
	•	RPSBCH 104	DI ANT DIOCUENTATOV	0.4
		(Discipline	PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY	04
		Specific Course)		
		RPSBTK 104	OLINIOAL DATA MANAGEMENT	
		(Discipline	CLINICAL DATA MANAGEMENT	
		Specific Course)		
		RPSMICP 104/	Departicul IV	00
MSc I		RPSBCHP 104/	Practical-IV	02
		RPSBTKP 104 RPSMIC 105	X	
			EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING	
		(Ability Enhancement	THROUGH LOGIC-BASED	02
		Compulsory	THINKING	02
		Course)	I HINKING	
		Course)	Total Credits	26
		RPSMIC 201	i otai Credits	26
	10		CELL BIOLOGY	04
(The same	(Core Course) RPSMIC 202		
. 3	The	(Core Course)	MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY II	04
		RPSMIC 203	ENVIRONMENTAL	
BILL		(Core Course)	MICROBIOLOGY	04
21/		RPSMICP 201	Practical-I	02
	II	RPSMICP 202	Practical-II	02
		RPSMICP 203	Practical-III	02
			ould select anyone of the following C	
		RPSMIC 204	Cala solost arryone of the following o	
		(Discipline	MICROBIAL APPROACHES TO	04
		Specific Course) QUALITY MANAGEMENT	U4	
		RPSBCH 204	NUTRACEUTICALS AND	
		AF JDCH ZU4	NOT NACLUTICALS AND	



(Discipl		TIONAL FOODS	
RPSBTK (Discipli Specific Co	204 ine NANO ourse)	TECHNOLOGY	
RPSMICP RPSBCH: RPSBTK	204/ P 204	ractical-IV	02
RPSMIC (Ability Enhancen Course	RESEARC	H METHODOLOGY	02
	- 1	Total Credits	26



Course Code: RPSMIC 101 (Core Course) Course Title: Microbial Genetics

Academic year 2022-23 COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Recall the basic genetic mechanisms like transcription and translation mechanisms, post translational modifications, levels of gene expression
CO 2	Compare and contrast between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription and demonstrate an in depth understanding of gene
	regulation
CO 3	Implement the knowledge about oncogenes and cancer genetics
	in research
CO 4	Structure the medical and evolutionary relation of transposition
CO 5	Critique the best model organism for genetic studies
CO 6	Outline the factors leading to changes in genetic structure in a population
CO 7	To apply Hardy-Weinberg's Law and evaluate problems based on genotypic and allelic frequencies
CO 8	Outlining the significance of cytoplasmic inheritance, giving
70	emphasis to the evolutionary relationship of inheritance



DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		MICROBIAL GENETICS	4/60
101			., 55
(Core			
•			
Course)			450
	1.1	Gene expression and its regulation	15
	1.1	Gene expression a) Revision of prokaryote transcription and	05
		translation	
		b) Transcription process in eukaryotes	
		c) Pre-mRNA processing and Small RNA molecules	
		i. Structure of mRNA	,
		ii. Post transcriptional processing of pre-mRNA	
		Addition of 5"cap	
		Addition of Poly(A)tail	
		3. RNA splicing	
		4. RNA editing	
		ii. Small RNA molecules 1. RNA interference	
		2. Types	
		3. Processing	
		4. Function of micro RNAs	
		d) mRNA surveillance	
		e) Post translational modification of Proteins	
	1.2.	Regulation of gene expression	09
		a) Control of gene expression in prokaryotes	03
		i. Levels of gene regulation	
	0.4	ii. DNA binding proteins iii. Antisense RNA molecules	
	01	iv. Riboswitches	
1		v. Operon (Revision with examples)	
		b) Control of gene expression in eukaryotes	06
		i. Regulation through modification of gene structure	
ellen,		DNase I hypersensitivity	
		histone modifications	
		chromatin remodelling	
		4. DNA methylation.	
		ii. Regulation through regulatory molecules	
		 Transcriptional activators Co-activators 	
		3. Repressors	
		4. Enhancers	
		5. Insulators	
		iii. Regulation through RNA processing &	
		degradation	



		iv. Regulation through RNA interference	
	1.3	Chromosomal Rearrangements and effects on gene expression	01
		a) Amplification and deletion of genes	
		b) Inversions that alter gene expression	
		c) Phase variation in Salmonella	
II		Extensions and deviations from Mendelian	15
		Genetics	
	2.1	Mitochondrial Inheritance	04
		a) Mitochondrial genome structure	00
		b) Ancestral and derived mitochondrial genome	
		c) Mitochondrial DNA of Human, yeast and	
		flowering plants	
		d) Endosymbiotic theory), "
		e) General features of replication, transcription and	
		translation of mitochondrial DNA	
		f) Codon usage in Mitochondria	
		g) Damage to Mitochondrial DNA and aging.	
		h) Evolution of mitochondrial DNA	
		i) Mt DNA analysis for study of evolutionary	
		relationships	
	2.2	Chloroplast DNA (cp DNA)	03
		a) Gene structure and organization	
		b) General features of replication, transcription and	
		translation of cp DNA	
		c) Comparison of nuclear, eukaryotic, eubacterial	
		mitochondrial and chloroplast DNA cp DNA maps	
	2.3	Examples of extranuclear inheritance	03
		a) Leaf Variegation	
		b) Poky mutant of Neurospora	
		c) Yeast petite mutant,	
	- 1	d) Human genetic diseases	
	2.4	Horizontal Gene Transfer	02
	OK	Revision of	
	Maria	a) Transformation in bacteria	
		b) Conjugation	
	2.5	c) Transduction Epigenetics (Nature v/s Nurture)	03
	2.5	a) The concept of Epigenome	03
		b) Molecular Mechanisms of epigenetic Changes	
		c) Cause of epigenetic effects- Alterations in	
		Chromatin Structure	
		d) Examples of epigenetic effects	
III		Transposable genetic elements and population	15
***		genetics	15
	3.1	Transposable genetic elements	08
	3.1	a) Revision of prokaryotic transposable elements	00
		b) Transposable Elements in Eukaryotes	
		b) Transposable Elements in Eukaryotes	



	1		
		i. Ac and Ds Elements in Maize	
		ii. P Elements and Hybrid Dysgenesis in	
		Drosophila	
		iii. Retro-transposons Retrovirus like Elements	
		Retroposons	
		iv. Transposable elements in Humans	
		c) The Genetic and Evolutionary Significance of	
		Transposable Elements	
		d) Transposons and Genome Organization	
		Transposons and Mutation	~(C^)
		e) Transpositions that alter gene Expression	
		i. Antigenic variation in Trypansomes	
		ii. Mating type switching in yeast	
	3.2	Population genetics	07
		a) Population and gene pool	
		i. Genotypic and Allelic frequencies	7
		ii. Calculation of Genotypic frequencies and	
		Allelic frequencies for autosomal and X linked	
		loci	
		iii. Problems -calculation of allelic and genotypic	
		frequencies	
		iv. Hardy-Weinberg Law, genotypic frequencies	
		at HWE, Implications of the H-W Law	
		v. H-W proportions for multiple alleles,	
		vi. X-linked alleles	
		vii. Testing for H-W proportions and problems	
		viii. Genetic ill effects of in-breeding	
		b) Changes in the genetic structure of populations:	
		i. Mutation	
		ii. Migration and gene flow	
		iii. Genetic drift	
		iv. Natural selection and problems based on the	
	04	natural forces	
IV		Model organisms and Genetic basis of cancer	15
10	4.1	Model organisms	07
	4.1	a) Characteristics of an ideal model organism	07
0.0		b) Elaborating each model organism	
		i. <i>E. coli</i>	
		ii. Yeast	
BH.		iii. <i>C. elegan</i> s	
) Keep		iv. <i>A. thaliana</i>	
		v. Mus musculus	
	4.2	Genetic basis of cancer	08
	4.2		08
		a) Forms of Cancer, cancer and the Cell Cycleb) Genetics Basis for Cancer	
		,	
		c) Oncogenes d) Tumor-Inducing Retroviruses and Viral	
		Oncogenes	
		e) Cellular Homologs of Viral Oncogenes: The	



Proto-Oncogenes Mutant Cellular Oncogenes
and Cancer
f) Chromosome Rearrangement and Cancer
g) Tumor Suppressor Genes
h) Inherited Cancers and Knudson's Two-Hit
Hypothesis Cellular Roles of Tumor Suppressor
Proteins Genetic Pathways to Cancer

REFERENCES:

- a) Watson, Baker, Bell, Gann, Levine, Losick, Molecular Biology of the Gene , 5th Ed, Pearson Education (LPE)
- b) Russell, P.J., iGenetics- A Molecular Approach, 3rd Ed, Pearson International Edition
- c) Snustad & Simmons, Principals of Genetics, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & Sons Inc
- d) Pierce, B.A, Genetics- A Conceptual Approach, 2nd Ed, W.H. Freeman & Co
- e) Gray Micheal et al, The origin and early evolution of Mitochondrial, Genome Biology, 2001,
- f) Gray Micheal, The origin and evolution of Mitochondrial DNA||, Annual Reviews in Cell Biology, 1989, 25-50
- g) Howe Christopher J *et al*, Evolution of the chloroplast genome||, *The Royal Society*, 2003, 358, 99-107
- h) Kelchner, S. A., The Evolution of Non-Coding Chloroplast DNA and Its Application in Plant Systematics, 2000, *Annals of the Missouri Botanical Garden*, 87(4), 482.
- i) Ladoukakis Emmanuel *et al* "Evolution and inheritance of animal mitochondrial DNA: rules and exceptions||, *Journal of Biological Research*, 2017, 24:2.
- j) Wallace Douglas C., Mitochondrial DNA in evolution and disease||, *Nature*, 2016, 535(7613), 498-500.

PRACTICAL-I: RPSMICP101 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a. β galactosidase assay
- b. Separation of DNA using Agarose Gel Electrophoresis (AGE)
- c. Isolation of genomic DNA from yeast
- d. Problems on population genetics
- e. Transformation of yeast
- f. Artificial transformation of bacteria
- g. Bacterial conjugation
- h. Study of transduction



Course Code: RPSMIC 102 (Core Course) Course Title: Microbial Biochemistry-I

Academic year 2022-23 COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Recall the basics of biochemical calculations like SI units and
	expression of concentration
CO 2	Remember the basics of amino acids and peptides and understand
	further details about secondary structure of polypeptide chain.
CO 3	Differentiate between various polysaccharides like glycoproteins
	and proteoglycans
CO 4	Explain the method of transport of four major biomolecules into the
	cell
CO 5	Execute various chemical methods to characterize the
	biomolecules
CO 6	Understand chemical properties of water to understand aqueous
	biochemistry
CO 7	Understand the biochemical pathways for metabolism of one and
	two carbon compounds
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DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY I	4/60
102			
(Core			
Course)			ACX
	I	Biochemical Calculations and Water	15
	1.1	Biochemical Calculations	04
		a) SI Units Relevant to Biochemistry	
		i. Prefixes for Multiples and Fractions of Units	
		ii. Relative molecular mass (Mr)	
		iii. Stoichiometry b) Various units of expressing and inter-converting	
		concentration of solutions	
		i. Molarity	
		ii. Moles	
		iii. Normality	
		iv. Osmolarity	
		v. Molality	
		vi. Mole fraction	
		vii. Density	
		viii. Specific gravity	
		(Problem solving under all heads)	
	1.2	Water	11
		a) Physical properties of water	
		i. Water as polar molecule - Hydrogen bonding	
		ii. Hydrophilic Substances Dissolve in Water	
		iii. The Hydrophobic Effect Causes Nonpolar	
		Substances to Aggregate in Water iv. Water Moves by Osmosis and Solutes Move	
	2	by Diffusion	
	10	b) Chemical Properties of Water	
		i. Ionization of water	
	K.	ii. Acids and Bases Alter the pH	
The.		iii. Bronsted Concept of conjugate acid-	
Olym		conjugate base pairs	
		iv. Titration curves	
		v. Buffers: preparation, action and their use in	
		Biology	
		vi. Henderson-Hasselbalch equation	
		i. Buffer capacity	
II		Biomolecules	15
	2.1	Amino acids and Proteins	07
		a) Amino Acids and Peptides (Revision)	
		a. Properties of α-Amino Acids	



		1 A : I; ID : O: I O! :	
		b. Acidic and Basic Side Chains	
		c. The Peptide Unit	
		d. Polypeptides	
		b) Protein Structure	
		 a. Four Levels of Protein structure - Primary, 	
		Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary	
		b. Conformation of peptide group - Planar	
		Peptide bond	
		c. Ramachandran Plot	
		c) Secondary Structure	
		a. Alpha Helix	
		b. Beta Sheets	$\langle \cdot \rangle \rangle$
		c. Beta turns	
		d) Tertiary Structure	
		a. Supersecondary structures or Motifs b. Domains	
	2.2	i. Protein structure of Keratin and Collagen Glycoproteins	04
	2.2	a) Revision of Carbohydrates structures	04
		a) Glycoconjugates: Proteoglycans, Glycoproteins, and	
		Glycolipids	
	2.3	Lipids	04
		a) Revision of structure and classification of lipids	
		b) Lipids as Signals, Cofactors, and Pigments	
			4.5
III		One and two Carbon metabolism	15
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds	15 07
III	3.1		
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs	
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines	
III .	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria	
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens	
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis	
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH,	
III	3.1	a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines	
III	3.1	 a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in 	
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	3.1	a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation,	
	3.1	a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of	
		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism	07
	3.1	a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds	
2		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism	07
2		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA	07
2-1		a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA ii. Glyoxylate cycle	07
2		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA ii. Glyoxylate cycle iii. Modified citric acid cycle	07
2		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA ii. Glyoxylate cycle iii. Modified citric acid cycle iv. Carbon monoxide dehydrogenase pathway and	07
2		a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA ii. Glyoxylate cycle iii. Modified citric acid cycle iv. Carbon monoxide dehydrogenase pathway and disproportionation to methane	07
2		a) Metabolism of one carbon compounds a) Methylotrophs i. Oxidation of methane, methanol, methylamines ii. Carbon assimilation in methylotrophic bacteria and yeasts Methanogens b) Methanogenesis i. Methanogenesis form H2, CO2, CH3OH, HCOOH, methylamines ii. Energy coupling and biosynthesis in methanogenic bacteria c) Acetogens: autotrophic pathway of acetate synthesis and CO2 fixation, d) Carboxidotrophs: Biochemistry of chemolithoautotrophic metabolism Metabolism of two- carbon compounds a) Acetate i. TCA ii. Glyoxylate cycle iii. Modified citric acid cycle iv. Carbon monoxide dehydrogenase pathway and	07



		i. Dicarboxylic acid cycle	
		ii. Glycerate pathway	
		iii. Beta hydroxyaspartate pathway	
		 i. Oxalate- as carbon and energy source 	
IV		Transport of Biomolecules	15
	4.1	Transport of sugars	04
		a) Transport of D-Glucose and D-Fructose into E. coli	
		cell.	
		b) Glucose transporters of erythrocytes, various	
		glucose transporters present in humans (GLUT1-	0(0)
		GLUT12)	
	4.2	Transport of Fatty acid	04
		a) Mobilization of triacylglycerols stored in adipose	
		tissue	
		c) Fatty acid entry into mitochondria via the acyl-	
		carnitine/carnitine transporter	
	4.3	Transport of proteins	07
		a) Protein transport	
		a. Sec System	
		b. The Translocation of Membrane-Bound	
		Proteins	
		b) Extracellular Protein Secretion	
		b) The type I pathway - Hemolysin secretion by E. coli	

REFERENCES:

- a) Segel. R, Biochemical calculations, 3 rd edition John Wiley and Sons, 1995
- b) Lehninger A.L., Cox and Nelson, Principles of Biochemistry, 4th Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd. 1994
- c) David White, The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes||, 3 rd Edition Oxford University Press 2007
- d) Gottschalk, G., Bacterial Metabolism, 2nd edition, 1985, Springer Verlag.
- e) Laurence A. Moran, H. Robert Horton, K. Gray Scrimgeour, Marc D. Perry, Principles of Biochemistry, 5th Edition, 2012, Pearson
- f) Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, FUNDAMENTALS OF Biochemistry, 3 rd Edition, 2008 John Wiley and Sons



PRACTICAL-II: RPSMICP 102 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Preparation of buffers
- b) Determination of pK and PI value for an amino acid
- c) Extraction of total lipids

- PANNARAIN RUIN ANTONOMOUS CONLIFE GEL



Course Code: RPSMIC 103 (Core Course)

Course Title: Medical Microbiology and Human Microbiome Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

DESCRIPTION
Elaborate on pathogenesis, mode of transmission, epidemiology
and therefore modes of prophylaxis of some current and
emerging diseases
Understand nature of regulation of expression of pathogenicity,
evasion of host defense
Recognise and appreciate the importance of biofilms in
different environments
Identify and classify the nature and methods of eradication of
biofilms, especially those on implants and medical devices
Analysing and hypothesizing the effects of Human microbiome on
different aspects of human physiology



DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course	Sub-	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code	Unit		Lectures
RPSMIC		MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND HUMAN	04/ 60
103		MICROBIOME	
(Core			
Course)			
ı		Study of Infections – I	15
		Detailed Study of following infections including Etiology,	
		Transmission, Pathogenesis, Clinical Manifestations,	
		Lab. diagnosis, Prophylaxis, and Treatment:	
		MOTT (mycobacteria other than TB), MDR and XDR TB,	
		Legionellosis, Emerging infections like- Rickettsial	
		infections and C.auris, Conditions caused by Helicobacter	
		pylori, VRE (Vancomycin Resistant	
		enterococci), Listeriosis, Leptospirosis	
ll l		Study of Infections- II	15
		Detailed Study of following infections including Etiology,	
		Transmission, Pathogenesis, Clinical Manifestations,	
		Lab. diagnosis, Prophylaxis, and Treatment:	
		Chikungunya Dangua Swina flu and Hanatitia All tunas	
		Chikungunya, Dengue, Swine flu and Hepatitis - All types, Viral meningitis & encephalitis	
III		Virulence regulation and strategies to evade	15
		defense	13
	3.1 Revision of Virulence mechanisms in pathogens		02
	3.2	Mechanisms of virulence regulation	04
	0.2	a) Types of regulation	<u> </u>
	•	b) Quorum Sensing	
	3.3	Measuring Virulence	03
	3.4	Bacterial strategies for evading or surviving host	06
		defense systems	
	M.	a) Biofilms- Structure, development, biofilms on	
all of		implants and prosthetic devices, Biofilm	
Olhhi		eradication	
		b) Colonization of host surfaces	
		c) Evading host responses	
IV		Study of Human Microbiome	15
	4.1	Human Gut Microbiome	05
		a) Stomach, small and large intestinal microbiome	
		b) Function of the Human Gut Microbiotac) Gut Microbiota in health and disease	
		d) Gut-brain axis	
	4.2	Human Skin Microbiome	02
		a) Diversity of skin microbiome	



	b) Function of skin microbiome	
	c) Skin Microbiome in diseases	
4.3	Human Oral Microbiome	04
	a) Diversity of oral microbiome b) Oral microbiome & health	
4.4	Human Urogenital Microbiome	04
	 a) Male and female genital microbiome b) Diversity of urogenital microbiome c) Urogenital microbiome & health 	

REFERENCES:

- a) Ananthnarayan & Paniker, Textbook of Microbiology||, 8th edition, University press 2009
- b) Richard Goering, Hazel Dockerell *et al*, Mim's Medical Microbiology, 5th ed, Saunders, Elsevier, 2013
- c) David Greenwood *et al*, Medical Microbiology: A Guide to Microbial Infections: Pathogenesis, Immunity, Laboratory Diagnosis and Contro∥, 17th Edition, Churchill Livingstone/Elsevier, 2012
- d) Julian R. Marchesi, The Human Microbiota and Microbiome, Advances in Molecular and Cellular Microbiology||, CABI press, 2014
- e) Brenda Wilson, Abigail Salyers *et al*, Bacterial Pathogenesis- A molecular approach∥, 3rd ed, ASM press, 2011
- f) Jana Jass, Sussane Surma et al, Medical Biofilms. Detection Prevention and Controll, Wiley, 2003
- g) Kendra Rumbaugh, Iqbal Ahmed, Antibiofilm agents-From Diagnosis to treatment and Prevention||, Springer Series on Biofilms Vol 8, Springer, 2014
- h) Indira Kudva, Nancy Cornick *et al,* "Virulence Mechanisms of Bacterial Pathogens||, 5th ed, ASM Press, 2016
- i) A brief guide to emerging infectious diseases and zoonoses. WHO.
- j) Nett JE, Candida auris: An emerging pathogen incognito, *PLoSPathog*, 2019, 15(4): e1007638. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.
- k) Spivak ES, Hanson KE, Candida auris: an emerging fungal pathogen∥, *J Clin Microbiol*, 2018, 56:e01588-17.
- I) Abdad MY, Abou Abdallah R, Fournier P-E, Stenos J, Vasoo S, A concise review of the epidemiology and diagnostics of rickettsioses: Rickettsia and Orienti spp||, *J Clin Microbiol*, 2018, 56: e01728-17. https://doi.org/10.1128/JCM.01728-17.
- m) Narendra Rathi And Akanksha Rathi, Rickettsial Infections: Indian Perspective, Indian Pediatrics, 2010, Volume 47.
- n) Haake, D. A., & Levett, P. N., Leptospirosis in Humans||, Leptospira and Leptospirosis, 2014, 65-97. doi:10.1007/978-3-662-45059-8_5.



o) Yunjin Lee, Emily Puumala, Nicole Robbins, and Leah E. Cowen, Antifungal Drug Resistance: Molecular Mechanisms in Candida albicans and Beyond, Chemical Reviews, 2017

PRACTICAL-III: RPSMICP 103 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Diagnosis for HIV Trispot/ ELISA for AIDS (Demonstration)
- b) Mono Spot Test for diagnosis of Chikungunya (Demonstration expt.)
- c) Diagnosis of leptospirosis Kit method (Demonstration)
- d) Diagnosis for *Helicobacter pylori* HPSA (Helicobacter pylori) (Demonstration expt.) (kit method)
- e) Study of Quorum Sensing in C.violaecium
- f) Study of Quorum sensing inhibitors
- g) Detection of Biofilm formation on different surfaces
- h) Determination of Minimum Biofilm Inhibition Concentration of an antibiotic
- i) Study of biofilms in flow systems



Modality of Assessment for Core Courses:

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks (Except for AECC)

Sr No	Evaluation type	
1	One Review writing/ Review paper presentation/Research paper presentation and Assignment / Long Answer/ Case Study or any other	20
2	Class test	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper (Except for AECC)

- 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of **two hours and thirty minutes**.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern
 - a. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
 - b. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 1
Q.2)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 2
Q.3)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 3
Q.4)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 4
Q.5) a)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) b)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) c)	Any 2 out of 3	04	All four units



II) Practical Examination Pattern

	RPSMICP 101	RPSMICP 102	RPSMICP 103
Viva	05	05	05
Quiz	05	05	05
Laboratory work	40	40	40
Total	50	50	50

Journal

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.



DSE (Discipline Specific Elective) Students have to select any one of the following courses

Course Code: RPSMIC 104

Course Title: Clinical Microbiology and Epidemiology

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Apply appropriate methodologies to tackle the threat of
	antibiotic resistance
CO 2	Perform and analyze all kinds of clinical microbiological tests
	associated with antibiotic susceptibility testing
CO 3	Demonstrate a basic understanding of epidemiological strategies,
	study designs and evaluate the data for its statistical relevance.
CO 4	Discuss and understand the strategies to detect & monitor
	biological agents used for bioterrorism & exemplify the
	significance of biosecurity.



DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND	04/60
104		EPIDEMIOLOGY	
(Discipline			
Specific			
Elective)			$\mathcal{S}G$
Liective)		Clinical Microbiology- General principles	15
	1.1	General Principles of Clinical Microbiology	5
		 a) Laboratory Safety and Preventing the Spread of Disease b) Design of the Clinical Microbiology Laboratory c) Quality in the Clinical Microbiology Laboratory 	
		d) Legal and Ethical Issues	
	1.2	Clinical microbiology- Processes and Recent	10
		a) Phases of the diagnostic cycle	
		 b) Overview of Specimen Collection and Processing c) Specimen management and workup-Overview of classical and modern bacterial 	
		Identification Methods and Strategies d) Decontamination, Disinfection, and Sterilization during surgical procedures e) Automation and HTS in diagnosis f) Point of care diagnostics	
II		Clinical Microbiology- Antibiotic resistance	15
		and Antibiotic susceptibility testing	
	2.1	Antibiotic resistance in microbes	07
AR		 a) Antimicrobial resistance- General principles b) Mechanisms of antibiotic resistance in bacteria and fungi - overview c) Transfer of antibiotic resistance d) Maintaining antibiotic resistance through Selective Pressure 	
Elle.		e) Methods for detection of resistance f) Antimicrobial stewardship, surveillance of antimicrobial consumption, and its consequences	
	2.2	Antibiotic susceptibility testing	08
		 a) General considerations- selection, Indications, b) Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamics Principles, Clinical relevance of antibiotic sensitivity tests, Serum killing curves c) Susceptibility Test Methods: Dilution and Disk Diffusion Methods- standardization, QC, Procedures and interpretation 	



	1			
			Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing Systems	
			Special methods- Bactericidal tests, Testing	
			antibiotic combinations	
III			Epidemiology I	15
	3.1	Introdu	iction to Epidemiology	07
			Historical aspects-definition	
		,	Descriptive Epidemiology-aims and uses	
			Recent Applications of Epidemiology	
			Introduction	
		e)	Observational Versus Experimental	200
		,	approaches in Epidemiology	
		,	Overview of study designs used in	
			Epidemiology	
			Ecologic Studies	
			Cross-Sectional studies	
		,	Case-Control studies)
	3.2		health surveillance	04
			Purpose and characteristics	
			Identifying health problems for surveillance	
			Collecting data for surveillance	
			Analyzing and interpreting data	
		e) f)	Disseminating data and interpretation Evaluating and improving surveillance	
	3.3	Bioterr		03
	3.3		Introduction	
		,	Threat Agents by category	
			Sentinel Laboratory response to bioterrorism	
			The Potential for Misuse of Biotechnology	
			Some examples of biological agents as	
			warfare - Bacillus anthracis, Yersinia pestis	
	3.4	Biosec	urity	01
			Introduction	
	4	b)	Constituents of a Biosecurity hazard	
II			EPIDEMIOLOGY II	15
	2.1		care-associated infections	04
<	1/1/2	- /	Surveillance for HAIs	
			Major types of HAIs	
		,	The need for integrated infection control	
	2.2		programs Ilar and Genetic Epidemiology	07
	2.2		Definition – Molecular v/s Genetic	<u> </u>
		,	epidemiology	
			Epidemiologic evidence of genetic factors	
			Causes of Familial Aggregation	
			Gene Mapping: Segregation and Linkage	
			analysis	
		,	Genome Wide Association Studies (GWAS)	
			Applications of genes in Epidemiologic	
			designs	
	2.3		in Research involving Human Participants	03
		,	Introduction	
			Historical perspective	
		c)	International Ethical and Research Practice	



	guidelines d) Contemporary examples e) The informed Consent process	
2.4	Epidemiology as a Profession	01

REFERENCES:

- a) Patricia M. Tille, Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, 13th ed, 2014, Mosby Inc.
- b) Dawey et al., Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 7th ed. 2014, Oxford Univ Press
- c) Ed by Jorgensen et al., Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th ed., 2015, ASM Press Volume 1 and 2
- d) Lieseke, Zeibig, Essentials of Medical Laboratory Practice, 2012, F.A. davis Co.
- e) Brenda Wilson, Abigail Salyers et al, Bacterial Pathogenesis- A molecular approach, 3rd ed, ASM press, 2011
- f) J. Vandepitte, J. Verhaegen et al, Basic laboratory procedures in clinical bacteriology, 2nd ed, WHO, Geneva, 2003
- g) Gary Procop, Elmer Koneman et al, Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology||, 7th Edition, Wolters Kluwer, 2017
- h) Principles of epidemiology in public health practices 3rd Ed. (www.cdc.gov/training/products/ss1000)
- i) Ann Aschengrau, George R Seage, Essentials of Epidemiology in Public Health, 3rd Ed.
- j) Robert H. Friis and Thomas A. Sellers, Epidemiology for Public Health Practice, Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, 5th ed.
- k) Kenrad E. Nelson, Infectious Disease Epidemiology Theory and Practice, 3rd ed.

PRACTICAL-IV: RPSMICP 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) QC of laboratory media
- b) QC of laboratory reagents
- c) Use of chromogenic media for detection of antibiotic resistant bacteria
- d) Detection of Beta lactamase producing S.aureus using nitrocefin disc's
- e) Antimicrobial susceptibility testing- disc method according to CLSI guidelines
- f) QA of Antibiotic Susceptibility Test- disc method
- Antibiotic Susceptibility Test microdilution methods according to CLSI guidelines
- h) Checkerboard assay
- i) E-test
- i) Octa-disc method for AST
- k) Case Studies of epidemiological strategies
- I) Data analysis of epidemiological surveys
- m) Group project on collecting data for surveillance



Modality of Assessment for RPSMIC 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Clinical Microbiology and Epidemiology

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One Review writing/ Review paper presentation/Research paper presentation and Assignment / Long Answer/ Case Study or any other	20
2	Class test	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper

- 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern-
- a. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
- b. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 1
Q.2)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 2
Q.3)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 3
Q.4)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 4
Q.5) a)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) b)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) c)	Any 2 out of 3	04	All four units



II) Practical Examination Pattern

RPSMICP 104			
Particulars Marks			
Quiz/Viva	25		
Laboratory work	25		
Total	50		

Journal

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination. PANNARA INTO MARKANIA PANNARA PANNARA



Course Code: RPSBCH 104 (Discipline Specific Elective)

Course Title: Plant Biochemistry

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION	
CO 1	Study the structural details of the plant cell	
CO 2	Illustrate the chemistry of different plant pigments in order to explore their isolation, characterization and applications in various fields	
CO 3	Explain and understand the biochemistry of photosynthetic process and its relation to man and its environment.	
CO 4	Understand the mechanism of Nitrogen fixation and its importance in agricultural production and environment	
CO 5	Acquire knowledge about the importance of secondary metabolites and i industrial applications.	
CO 6	Identify the class and functions of secondary metabolites and appreciate their role in physiology of plants	
CO 7	Know the significance of plant growth regulators in the development plants	
CO8	Understand the basics of plant tissue culture as it is an important tool for both basic and applied aspects of plant-based research	
CO9	Become competent to explain relation between Photosynthesis, growth hormones and Plant growth	
CO10	Develop skills and knowledge to conduct basic research work in the field of Plant Biochemistry	



DETAILED SYLLABUS

Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSBCH		PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY	04/60
104			
(Discipline			
_			
Specific			< C ∧
Elective)			
	ı	Overview of Plant cell structure, plant	15
		pigments & plant metabolism	
	1.1	Plant cell wall (structure), Overview of Leaf structure	3
		a) Upper epidermis	
		b) palisade mesophyll	
		c) spongy mesophyll	
		d) lower epidermis e) Guard cells and stomata	
	1.2	Specialized plant cells	3
	1.2	a) Parenchyma, Sclerenchyma, Collenchyma,	3
		Xylem and phloem, Bulliform cells	
		b) Concept of apoplast, apoplastic and	
		symplastic pathways	
	1.3	Plant pigments	3
		a) Primary pigment - Chlorophyll (Types and	
		function)	
		b) Role of accessory pigments and their	
		biological significance	
		c) Carotenoids, Xanthophylls, Betalains,	
		Anthocyanins and other flavonoids	
	1.4	Plant Micronutrients	1
	1.5	Nitrogen metabolism	5
		a) Sources of Nitrogen, different forms of	
<u> </u>	11	nitrogen in plants	
		b) Conversion of nitrate to nitrite & finally to ammonia, biological nitrogen fixation in plants	
N. E.		c) Sulphur metabolism, Phosphorous	
$\sigma M_{B,a}$		metabolism	
	II	Photosynthesis, Photorespiration and plant	15
		movements	
	2.1	Photosynthesis	1
	2.2	a) Light reactions: Light harvesting complexes,	2
		Absorption of light, Photophoshorylation:	_
		Cyclic and Non-cyclic (Z scheme)	
		b) Dark reactions: Calvin cycle, regulation of	
		Calvin cycle, C4 cycle and CAM pathway,	5
		Synthesis of glucose, starch, sucrose	



	a) Dhotoroppiration Dhotoporiodism and	
	c) Photorespiration, Photoperiodism and	4
	photoinhibition	4
	d) Physiology of plant movements	3
	i. Physical movements – Xerochasy,	3
	Hydrochasy	
	ii. Vital movements – Protoplasmic	
	streaming, paratonic movements	
	iii. Tactic movements - Chemotaxis,	
	Phototaxis, Thermotaxis	
	iv. Tropic movements – Chemo / geo /	
	hydro / photo / thigmo tropism	
	v. Nastic movements - Seismonasty,	
	Nyctynasty, Photonasty, Chemonasty,	
	Thermonasty	
	Regulation of plant growth, secondary	15
	metabolites and Sexual reproduction in	
	plants	
3.	Plant Growth Substances	2
	Structure and Function of Auxins, Gibberellins,	
	Cytokinins, Ethylene and Abscisic Acid	
3.		4
	Nitrogen containing compounds (Alkaloids),	
	Terpenes & Phenolic compounds – Shikimic acid	
	pathway, Mevalonic acid pathway, MEP Pathway	
3.		7
	a) Asexual reproduction in gymnosperms.	<u> </u>
	b) Life Cycle of Gymnosperms	
	c) Sexual Reproduction in angiosperms:	
	Structure of plant gametes. Life cycle of	
	angiosperm	
	d) Double fertilization in plants	
	e) Post fertilization events in plants	
3.	·	2
9.	' '	15
4.	-	
4.	,	4
	mechanism contaminant removal,	
	General contaminants of air, water and soil	
4.	,	5
	a) Phytoextraction, phytostabilization,	
7	phytotransformation, phytostimulation,	
	phytovolatalization and Rhizofiltration	
	b) Enzymes involved in phytoremediation	
4.	· '	6
	Phytoremediation	
	a) Criteria for selection of plants	
	b) Phytoremediation of air, water and soil	
	pollutants and their Case studies	



REFERENCES:

- a) Biochemistry & Molecular Biology of Plants Bob B. Buchanan Wilhelm Gruissem and Russel L. Jones
- b) Plant Biochemistry Heldt H.-W., Piechulla B.
- c) Methods in plant biochemistry and molecular biology Dashek, William V
- d) Plant Secondary Metabolites: Occurrence, Structure and Role in the Human Diet Alan Crozier
- e) Plant Physiology Taiz and Zeiger Sinauer Associates Inc.
- f) Plant Biochemistry Caroline Bowsher, Martin steer, Alyson Tobin Garland science
- g) Plant Biochemistry P.M Dey and J.B. Harborne Academic Press
- h) Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers.

PRACTICAL - IV: RPSBCHP 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Study of medicinal plants for human health and their health benefits
- b) Extraction of essential oils from plants
- c) Phytochemical analysis Qualitative test
- d) Quantitative estimation of Total Phenolic content
- e) Study of effect of Eutrophication on water quality
- f) Preparation of growth media using plant waste
- g) Total carbohydrate content by Anthrone method
- h) Estimation of Vitamin C Content in plant by dye method.
- i) Effect of phytohormones on plant growth

2 RIMARIRA



Modality of Assessment for RPSBCH 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Plant Biochemistry

Theory Examination Pattern:

- A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks
- B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks
 - 1. Duration These examinations shall be of **02** ½ **HOURS** duration.

Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 1
Q.1.B)	Compulsory	7 C	
Q.2.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 2
Q.2.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.3.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 3
Q.3.B)	Compulsory	Z	
Q.4.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 4
Q.4.B)	Compulsory	7	
	Total	60	

II)Practical Examination Pattern:

Semester End Practical Examination:

RPSBCHP 104			
Particulars Marks			
Quiz/Viva	25		
Laboratory work	25		
Total	50		



RPSBTK 104 (Discipline Specific Elective)

Course Title: Clinical Data Management Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

	COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
	CO 1	Discuss the ethical issues in human subjects research
	CO 2	Imagine and understand the different phases of clinical trials
	CO 3	Analyse the roles and responsibilities of the investigator and the institution
	CO 4	Examine various regulatory issues related to clinical studies
	CO 5	Recall the companies and organizations associated in this field
	CO 6	Develop interest on medical writing and design a clinical study report
Q.S.		



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSBTK		CLINICAL DATA MANAGEMENT	04/60
104			
(Discipline			
Specific			
Elective)			00
	I	Drug discovery and Preclinical toxicology	15
		Pre-Clinical toxicology: General Principals, Systemic	
		toxicology, (Single dose and repeat dosetoxicity	
		studies), Carcinogenicity,)
		Mutagenicity, Teratogenicity, Reproductive toxicity,	7
		Local toxicity, Genotoxicity, animal toxicity	
		requirements	
	II	Introduction to Clinical trials	15
		Introduction to clinical trials, Historical guidelines in	
		clinical research (Nuremberg code, Declaration of	
		Helsinki and Belmonte report), ICH-GCP guidelines	
		(E6-R1), Phases of clinical trials.	
	III	Clinical study design	15
		Clinical study methodology and regulations:	
		Principles, types (single blinding, double blinding,	
		open access, randomized trials and their examples),	
		Design of protocol, CRF, e-CRF, IB, ICF and	
		preparation of trial reports, Regulations involved	
		(ICMR guidelines) and ethics.	
	IV	Medical Writing	15
		Medical Writing: Literature search and medical	
		articles, contract writing, publication, abstracts,	
		bibliography clinical study reports, principles and	
	W	softwares in CDM	

REFERENCES:

- a) ECR1 guidelines
- b) ICMR ethical guidelines
- c) D & C Rules ScheduleY
- d) Law Of Intellectual Property Rights Shiv Sahai Singh Deep& Deep Publications (p) Ltd
- e) WTO And Intellectual Property Rights By Talwar Sabanna (2007)Serials Publications.
- f) IPR: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy(2003) Prabuddha Ganguli Tata Mcgraw Hill publication



PRACTICAL-IV: RPSBTKP 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Action query based on various scenarios: vendor data query, eCRF data query, date Mis-Match query in ERCF on AE form and study conclusion form.
- b) design and Raise a query as per given scenario: data missing query,out of sequence data on AE/commed form.missing labs query on visits already performed etc.
- c) Designing eCRF form based on given protocol (only particular sections of protocol will be given)
- d) Designing of eCRF completion guidelines based on given protocol.
- e) Perform Screening process of various drug molecules before performing preclinical toxicity
- PANNARA IN PANNARA PAN f) Perform preclinical toxicity study on cell lines and microorganisms using drugs screened in



Modality of Assessment for RPSBTK 104 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Clinical Data Management

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One Assignment/ Case Study/ Project based/ Written Assignment / Presentation	20
2	Class test (Multiple Choice)	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper

- 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern-
- a. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
- b. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 1
Q.1.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.2.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 2
Q.2.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.3.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 3
Q.3.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.4.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 4
Q.4.B)	Compulsory	7	
	Total	60	



II) Practical Examination Pattern

Examination- 50 Marks Semester End Practical Examination

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Course Code: RPSMIC 105 (Ability Enhancement Course) Course Title: Emotional Well Being through Logic Based Thinking Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO 1	Understand the connection between thinking patterns, emotions,
COI	
	and behaviour
CO 2	Identify one's faulty thinking patterns (fallacies) and methods for
	refuting them
CO 3	Replace faulty thinking patterns with positive and rational thinking
	patterns.
CO 4	Using philosophical antidotes to promote a healthy state of mind
P. P. Marie P. C. Constitution of the Constitu	



Course Code	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
			Lectures
RPSMIC 105		EMOTIONAL WELL BEING THROUGH	02/30
(Ability		LOGICAL WELL BEING	
Enhancement			
Course)			
	I	Relation between Emotions and Thinking	15
		a) Fundamentals of emotional well-being. b) Tracing the thoughts behind an emotional problem. c) Some prominent faulty thinking patterns/fallacies causing harm to oneself and others: i. Demanding perfection ii. World Revolves Around Me iii. Damnation iv. Awfulizing v. Can'tstipation	
	II	Strengthening rational thinking	15
		patterns a) How to refute the fallacies	
	P	a) How to refute the fallacies	

REFERENCES:

a) Elliot D Cohen, What Would Aristotle Do: Self-Control through the Power of Reason, Prometheus Books, 2003.



Modality of Assessment:

AECC paper- Semester End examination -50 marks

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Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester I

Course RPSMIC 101		RP	SMIC	102	RP	SMIC	103	RPS	SMIC BCH SBTK	104/	RPSMIC 105			
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Total	Grand total
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	50	450
Practical	-	50	50	-	50 Tata	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	00	200
					Tota	al for S	Seme	ster					7	650



Semester II

Course Code: RPSMIC 201 (Core Course)
Course Title: Cell Biology

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Interpret the structure and analyze the function of cell membrane &
	Cytoskeleton.
CO 2	Discuss the concept of compartmentalization of cell and understand
	the process of membrane transport and protein trafficking.
CO 3	Interpret the phases of Cell cycle & discuss the apoptotic
	mechanisms.
CO 4	Exemplify cell communication strategies in plants & animals.
CO 5	Recall the basics of developmental biology and deconstruct the
	process of meiosis, embryonic cleavage, gastrulation &
	morphogenesis
CO 6	Justify the genetic basis of development in model organisms
CO 7	Analyze the entire genetically predisposed process of development
	in Drosophila.
CO 8	Execute & implement the techniques used to study cell structure &
and?	its components.



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		CELL BIOLOGY	4/60
201			., 00
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(Core			
Course)			
l	4.4	Cell structure and cytoskeleton	15
	1.1	Techniques to study cell and cellular structure.	02
	1.2	Cell membrane structure	03
		a) Lipid bilayer b) Membrane proteins	
		c) Spectrins	
		d) Glycophorin	
		e) Multi pass membrane protein	
		f) Bacteriorhodopsin	
	1.3	Cytoskeleton	05
		a) Cytoskeletal filaments	
		b) Microtubules	
		c) Actin regulation	
		d) Molecular motors	
		e) Cell behaviour	
	1.4	Cell Junctions and cell adhesion	05
		a) Anchoring	
		b) Adherence junctions	
		c) Desmosomes d) Gap junctions	
		e) Cell-cell adhesion	
		f) Cadherins	
II		Membrane Transport and Compartmentalization	15
	2.1	Membrane Transport (Revision)	05
		a) Principles of membrane transport	
•	(2)	i. Ion channels	
10		ii. electrical properties of membranes	
		b) Types of diffusion	
OU IN		i. Passive Diffusion, and Facilitated Diffusion,	
Oller.		ii. Ion channels - Ligand gated and voltage gated	
		channels,	
C		c) Active transport - ion pumps (e.g.: Na+-K+ pump)	
	2.2	Intracellular Compartments and protein sorting	07
		a) Compartmentalization of cells	
		b) Transport of molecules between the nucleus and	
		cytosol, peroxisomes, Endoplasmic reticulum c) Transport of proteins into mitochondria and	
		chloroplasts	
	2.3	Intracellular vesicular traffic	03



	1	a) Endantasia	
		a) Endocytosis	
		b) Exocytosis	
		c) Transport from the ER through the Golgi apparatus	45
III		Cell cycle & Cell communication	15
	3.1	Mechanism of cell division	04
		a) M-phase	
		b) Cytokinesis	
	3.2	Cell cycle and Programmed cell death	03
		a) Control system	4cX
		b) Intracellular control of cell cycle events	00
		c) Apoptosis	
		d) Extracellular control of cell growth and apoptosis	
	3.3	Cell communication	03
		a) Extracellular signal molecules	
		b) Nitric oxide gas signal	
		c) Classes of cell-surface receptor proteins	
	3.4	Signalling through enzyme linked cell surface receptors	04
		a) Docking sites	
		b) Ras	
		c) MAP kinase	
		d) PI-3kinase	
		e) TGF	
	3.5	Signalling in plants	01
		a) Serine/ Threonine kinases	
		b) Role of ethylene	
		c) Phytochromes	
IV		Developmental Biology	15
	4.1	The Process of Development in Animals	04
		a) Evo-Devo: The Study of Evolution and Development	
		b) Meiosis- Oogenesis, spermatogenesis and	
		fertilization	
	4	c) The Embryonic Cleavage Divisions and Blastula	
		Formation	
	2	d) Gastrulation and Morphogenesis	
	4.2	Genetic Analysis of Development in Model Organisms	01
		Molecular Analysis of Genes Involved in Development	
	4.3	Maternal Gene Activity in Development	03
		Maternal-Effect Genes	
BILL	4.4	Development of Drosophila	07
		a) Determination of the Dorsal-Ventral and Anterior-	
		Posterior Axes in Drosophila Embryos	
•		b) Zygotic Gene Activity in Development	
		c) Specification of Cell Types	
		d) Genes of drosophila	
		i. Drosophila signalling genes	
		ii. gradient of nuclear gene regulatory protein	
		iii. Dpp and Sog setup	
		iv. Neural development	
L	I	<u>'</u>	İ



REFERENCES:

- a) Albert, Johnson, Lewis, Raff, Roberts and Walter, Molecular Biology of The Cell, 5th Ed, Garland Science Publishing, 2008
- b) Lodish, Birk, and Zipursky, Molecular Cell Biology, Freeman Publishing, 2008
- c) Lipowsky and Sackmann, The Structure and Dynamics of Cell Membrane, 1st Ed, Elsevier, 1995
- d) Dennis Bray, Cell Movements: from Molecules to Motility||, 2nd Ed, Garland Publications, 2001
- e) Snustad &Simmons, Principles of Genetics||, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2002

PRACTICAL-I: RPSMICP 201 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Study of cell cytology using Phase contrast Microscopy-Demonstration
- b) Study of Cell structure using Confocal Microscopy- Demonstration
- c) Study of Cell structure using Fluorescence Microscopy- Demonstration
- d) Isolation of Chloroplasts.
- e) Isolation of Mitochondria from the cell.
- f) Study of cell viability
- g) Study of Mitosis.
- h) Study of Meiosis
- i) Estimation of NO (Nitric Oxide) produced by Macrophages.
- j) Study of Cell membrane integrity using up take of neutral red.
- k) Observing animal cells under a light microscope (Cheek epithelial cells)
- I) Preparation of liver tissue samples for histochemical analysis
- m) Observing microtubules by immunofluorescent labelling
- n) Separation of blood cells by density gradient centrifugation
- o) Measurement of chlorophyll concentration to analyse plant response to light availability
- p) Effect on plant growth in presence and absence of ethephon
- g) Demonstration of maintaining and cultivating Animal cell lines



Course Code: RPSMIC 202 (Core Course)
Course Title: Microbial Biochemistry-II

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Recall the basics of biochemical techniques for extraction and purification of biomolecules
CO 2	Compare models of regulation of enzyme activity at protein level
CO 3	Understand the details of mechanism of enzyme activity for the representative enzyme from each class
CO 4	Attribute various mechanisms to the response to various environmental stimuli
CO 5	Analyse the mechanism of biodegradation of various xenobiotics by microorganisms
CO 6	Check various properties of amylase enzyme in the laboratory



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY II	4/60
202			
(Core			
Course)			
I		Analytical Biochemistry	15
	1.1	Methods of purification of proteins	4
		a) Salting out of proteins using ammonium sulphate	
		b) Solvent precipitation of proteins	
		c) Purification of proteins using column	
		chromatography – Ion exchange, Gel filtration,	
		Affinity, HPLC d) Measures of purity - Enzyme units, specific activity	
	1.2	Methods of analysis of proteins	4
	1.2	a) 2D- Gel electrophoresis - SDS PAGE and Isoelectric	7
		focusing	
		b) Protein sequencing by Sanger Sequencing, Edman	
		Degradation, Mass spectrometry	
		c) Protein structure determination by X ray diffraction,	
		NMR	
	1.3	Methods of analysis of carbohydrates	2
	1.4	Methods of analysis of lipids	5
		a) Lipid Extraction using organic Solvent	
		b) Adsorption Chromatography	
		c) Gas-Liquid Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry	
II		Enzymology	15
	2.1	Introduction to enzymes	07
		a) Discovery of enzymes	
	7	b) Enzyme classification - E.C. number of enzymes	
	(0)	c) Lowering of activation energy of reaction by	
		enzymes d) Enzyme Kinetics - Steady state assumption and	
		Michaelis Menten Kinetics	
	5	e) Lineweaver Burk plot	
Oline.		f) Reversible enzyme inhibition - Competitive, non	
		competitive, uncompetitive – Mechanism, graph,	
K -, '		examples	
_		g) Irreversible enzyme inhibition	
	2.2	Enzyme regulation:	04
		a) General properties of allosteric enzymes	
		b) Two themes of allosteric regulations - Concerted	
		model and sequential model	
		Regulation by covalent modification	
	2.3	Mechanisms of enzyme catalysis	04



a) Detailed mechanisms of enzyme catalysis: i. RNaseA i. Lysozyme III Cell Signaling in Prokaryotes 3.1 Two-component signaling systems - I a) Introduction to two-component signaling systems - Components of two-component signaling systems b) Response by facultative anaerobes to anaerobiosis c) Response to Nitrate and Nitrite: The Nar Regulatory System d) Response to Nitrogen Supply: The Ntr Regulon e) Response to Inorganic Phosphate Supply: The Pho Regulon e) Response to Carbon Sources: Catabolite Repression - Cra and Cre system b) Chemotaxis IV Biodegradation of Xenobiotics 15 4.1 Microbial Degradation of a) Polychlorophenols b) Decolorization and Degradation of Azo Dyes c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments c) Microbial Degradation of Alkanes			a) Datailed machenisms of annume catalysis.	
ii. Lysozyme III Cell Signaling in Prokaryotes 15 3.1 Two-component signaling systems - 10 a) Introduction to two-component signaling systems - Components of two-component signaling systems - Components of two-component signaling systems			,	
III Cell Signaling in Prokaryotes 15				
3.1 Two-component signaling systems - I a) Introduction to two-component signaling systems - Components of two-component signaling systems b) Response by facultative anaerobes to anaerobiosis c) Response to Nitrate and Nitrite: The Nar Regulatory System d) Response to Nitrogen Supply: The Ntr Regulon e) Response to Inorganic Phosphate Supply: The Pho Regulon Regulon 3.2 Two-component signaling systems - II a) Response to Carbon Sources: Catabolite Repression - Cra and Cre system b) Chemotaxis IV Biodegradation of Xenobiotics 4.1 Microbial Degradation of a) Polychlorophenols b) Decolorization and Degradation of Azo Dyes c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Palostics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments				
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c) Response to Nitrate and Nitrite: The Nar Regulatory System d) Response to Nitrogen Supply: The Ntr Regulon e) Response to Inorganic Phosphate Supply: The Pho Regulon 3.2 Two-component signaling systems - II a) Response to Carbon Sources: Catabolite Repression - Cra and Cre system b) Chemotaxis IV Biodegradation of Xenobiotics 4.1 Microbial Degradation of a) Polychlorophenols b) Decolorization and Degradation of Azo Dyes c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			Components of two-component signaling systems	
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b) Decolorization and Degradation of Azo Dyes c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments		4.1	Microbial Degradation of	05
c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			a) Polychlorophenols	
Aromatic Hydrocarbons d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			b) Decolorization and Degradation of Azo Dyes	
d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons 4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			c) Degradation of High Molecular Weight Polynuclear	
4.2 Biodegradation by Fungus of a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			Aromatic Hydrocarbons	
a) Aromatic Pollutants b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			d) Bacterial Degradation of Petroleum Hydrocarbons	
b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi 4.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics 05 a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments		4.2	Biodegradation by Fungus of	05
Biodegradation of Xenobiotics A.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics A.3. Biodegradation of Xenobiotics A.3. Biodegradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			a) Aromatic Pollutants	
a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			b) Chloro-organic Pollutants by White Rot Fungi	
Polymers b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments		4.3.	Biodegradation of Xenobiotics	05
b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental Compartments			a) Microbial Degradation of Plastics and Water-Soluble	
Compartments			Polymers	
			b) Degradation of PAHs: Organisms and Environmental	
c) Microbial Degradation of Alkanes			Compartments	
			c) Microbial Degradation of Alkanes	

REFERENCES:

- a) Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, FUNDAMENTALS OF Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, 2008 John Wiley and Sons
- b) Horton and Moran, Principles of Biochemistry, 5th Ed, Scrimgeour Pears Rawn, 2011
- c) Lehninger A.L., Cox and Nelson, Principles of Biochemistry, 4th Ed, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd. 1994
- d) White D, The physiology and biochemistry of prokaryotes||, 2nd Ed, Oxford University Press, 2000
- e) Shree Nath Singh, Microbial Degradation of Xenobiotics Springer, 2012.



PRACTICAL-II: RPSMICP 202 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Isolation of Amylase from Aspergillus spp and its Purification strategy
- b) Purification of an extracellular enzyme (βamylase) by salting out and dialysis
- c) Extraction of enzyme (βamylase) by precipitation with Acetone
- d) Enzyme kinetics: effect of enzyme concentration, substrate concentration, pH, temperature and inhibitors on enzyme activity,
- e) Demonstration of proteolytic activity
- f) Determination of glucose isomerase present intracellularly in Bacillus sp.
- g) Adaptation of E. coli to anaerobiosis
- h) Chemotaxis of Pseudomonas
- i) Effect of temperature and water activity on swarming of Proteus
- j) Microbial degradation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) enrichment, isolation and screening of bacteria
- k) Aqueous two-phase partitioning
- I) Separation of proteins using Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (PAGE)



Course Code: RPSMIC 203 (Core Course) Course Title: Environmental Microbiology

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Recollect basic concepts of microbial ecology
CO 2	Design, execute and implement a protocol for sample collection from a natural environment and its microbiological analysis
CO 3	Discriminate and select the best genomic technique for microbial studies of different environmental samples
CO 4	Demonstrate an in depth understanding of microbial ecology of soil and marine environments
CO 5	Apply the understanding on industrial applications of extremophiles to explore and innovate for newer products
CO 6	Summarize the significance of microbes in elemental cycles
CO 7	Interpret the role of rhizosphere bacteria in plant growth and implement techniques for exploring them for commercial applications
CO 8	Explain and appreciate various regulations enacted with respect to biosafety and hazardous waste management



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY	04/60
203			
(Core			
•			<
Course)		Manual for England	45
I	4.4	Microbial Ecology	15
	1.1	Basic concepts of Microbial Ecology, Sample collection and processing	07
		a) Revision of basic concepts of Microbial	
		Ecology	
		i. Concepts	3
		ii. Niche	
		iii. Habitat	
		iv. Ecosystem	
		v. Microbial diversity	
		vi. Interactions between micro-organisms	
		vii. Ecological succession	
		b) Environmental sample collection and	
		processing	
		i. Soils and Sediment	
_	4.0	ii. Water	00
	1.2	Techniques for microbial analysis a) Cultural Methods	08
		b) Physiological Methods: Measuring microbial	
		activity in pure culture	
		i. Carbon respiration	
		ii. Stable isotope probing	
		iii. Use of radioisotopes as tracers	
		iv. Adenylate energy charge	
0		v. Enzyme assays	
		c) Functional genomics, Metagenomics &	
		Proteomics- based approach	
" " JETIN		d) Immunological methods	
		e) Nucleic acid-based methods	
		f) Recombinant DNA Techniquesi. RFLP	
1		ii. Denaturing/Temperature gradient	
		iii. Plasmid analysis	
		iv. Reporter genes	
		v. Rep PCR fingerprinting and Microbial	
		diversity	
II		Study of Marine Ecosystem & Extremophiles	15
	2.1	Marine microbiology	03
		a) Marine and estuarine habitats	



	1		
		b) Characterization and stratification of the oceans:	
		Vertical and horizontal zones of marine habitats	
		c) Marine microbes	
		i. Characteristics	
		ii. Distribution	
		iii. Composition & activity	
		d) Marine pathogens	
	2.2	Extremophiles	08
		a) Habitat	- C/
		b) Effect of extreme conditions on cellular	
		components	
		c) membrane structure	
		d) nucleic acids	
		e) proteins	
		7 1	
		,	
		diverse environments	
		g) Study, Industrial Applications and	
		Biotechnological applications of proteins from:	
		i. Thermophiles	
		ii. Psychrophiles	
		iii. Halophiles	
		iv. Piezophiles	
		v. Acidophiles	
		vi. Alkaliphiles	
		vii. Xerophiles	
		viii. Radiation resistant organisms ix. Methanogens	
	2.3	Mechanisms of metal resistance, Metal	02
	2.3		UZ
	2.4	transformations, Microbial metal remediation Geomicrobiology	02
		a) Biofouling	<u> </u>
	22	b) Biocorrosion	
	01	c) Bioleaching	
		,	A E
III	AI	Soil and Agricultural Microbiology	15
	3.1	Soil Microbiology	03
NILS:		a) Litho ecosphere	
UNIL.		i. Soil formation	
OLINA,		ii. Properties (physical and chemical)	
		b) Soil communities	
	3.2	Agricultural microbiology	04
		a) Factors affecting microbial load of soils	
		b) Relationship between plants and microbe's	
		rhizosphere, phyllosphere.	
		c) Beneficial uses of microorganisms for plant	
		growth and development	
		d) Interactions with aerial plant structure	
	3.4	Biofilms in plant-associated habitats	03



		a) In the phyllosphere (impact on survival and	
		bacterial interactions, interaction of plants with	
		epiphytic biofilms,)	
		b) In the Rhizosphere (ubiquity and importance for	
		rhizosphere bacteria, impact of rhizosphere	
		biofilms on plant biology)	
	3.5	Biogeochemical cycles and Degradation	05
		a) Biogeochemical cycles	
		i. Carbon	
		ii. Nitrogen	-SC^
		iii. Oxygen	
		b) Degradation of complex polymers	
		i. Cellulose	
		ii. Lignin	
		iii. Lignocellulose	
IV		Environmental & natural resources	15
		management and safety standards	13
	4.1	Environmental Impact Assessment and	01
	7.1	Sustainable Development	01
	4.2	Microbes and global warming	03
	7.2	a) Microbial contribution to green-house gases	- 03
		, ,	
	4.0	c) Concept of carbon credits	00
	4.3	Solid waste management	02
		a) Solid waste generation and Characterization	
		b) Material recycling	
		c) Biological Treatment of Solid waste	
	4.4	Hazardous waste management bioremediation	03
		a) Biological Principles	
		b) Treatment Approaches	
		c) Hazardous Waste Biodegradation	
	0.00	d) Mixed, Aerobic, Anaerobic hazardous Waste	
		Reactors	
	4.6	Biohazards	03
	A	a) Introduction	
		b) levels of biohazards	
J. B. J. L.		c) Risk assessment	
M_{II}		d) Proper cleaning procedures	
		e) Biomedical waste management	
Mer.	4.7	Biosafety guidelines for GMOs and LMOs	03
		a) Role of Institutional biosafety committee.	
		RCGM, GEAC, etc. for GMO applications in food	
		and agriculture. Environmental release of	
		GMOs.	
		b) Overview of national regulations and relevant	
		international agreements.	
		c) Ecolabelling, IS 22000, Generally Recognized	
		as Safe (GRAS)	
	1	45 54.5 (4.1.6)	



REFERENCES:

- a) Brock Madigan, Martinko, Dunlap, Clark, Biology of microorganisms∥, 12th Ed, Pearson Intl, 2011
- b) R. M. Atlas and R. Bartha, Microbial Ecology Fundamentals and Applications Addison Wesley Longman Inc, 1998
- c) Johri and Satyanarayana, Microbial Diversity- Current Perspective and Potential Application||, International Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, India, 2005
- d) Fred Rainey, Aharon Oren, Methods in Microbiology- Extremophiles, Vol 35, Academic press, 2006
- e) R.M Maier, I. L. Pepper and C. P. Gerba, Environmental Microbiology||, Academic Press, 2010
- f) Colin Munn, Marine Microbiology: Ecology and Applications, Garland publishing. ISBN: 0815365179
- g) G. Rangaswami, D. J. Bagyaraj, D.G. Bagyaraj, Agricultural Microbiology||, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2004
- h) Iqbal Ahmad, Farah Ahmad, John Pichtel, Microbes and Microbial Technology: Agricultural and Environmental Applications, Springer, 2011.
- i) Thomas H. Christensen, Solid Waste Technology and Management∥, Blackwell Publishing Limited, 2011
- j) Deepak Yadav, Pradeep Kumar, Hazardous Waste management: An overview of cost effective solutions||, Elsevier, 2022.

PRACTICAL-III: RPSMICP 203 (Core Course) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Enrichment & isolation of thermophiles from hot springs/compost heaps & extraction of thermophilic enzymes & determination of their specific activity.
- b) Physical analysis of soil
 - i. Particle size analysis
 - ii. Water retention capacity
 - iii. Bulk density and tap density
- c) Chemical analysis of soil
 - i. Phosphorus
 - ii. Chloride
 - iii. Organic matter
 - iv. Calcium carbonate content
- d) Microbial analysis of soil
 - i. Microbial load
 - ii. Presence of cellulose, lignin & xylan degraders



- iii. Detection of siderophore producing bacteria
- iv. Isolation of Plant Growth Promoting bacteria from Rhizosphere (IAA producers)
- v. Dehydrogenase Activity of Soils
- e) Visit to CETP



Modality of Assessment for Core Courses:

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One Review writing/ Review paper presentation/Research paper presentation and Assignment / Long Answer/ Case Study or any other	20
2	Class test	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper

- 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern-
- a. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
- b. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 1
Q.2)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 2
Q.3)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 3
Q.4)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 4
Q.5) a)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) b)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) c)	Any 2 out of 3	04	All four units



II) Practical Examination Pattern

	RPSMICP 201	RPSMICP 202	RPSMICP 203
Viva	05	05	05
Quiz	05	05	05
Laboratory work	40	40	40
Total	50	50	50

Journal

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.



(Discipline Specific Elective) Students have to select any one of the following courses

Course Code: RPSMIC 204

Course Title: Microbial Approaches to Quality Management
Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Execute collection, processing and microbiological analysis of food, water, pharmaceutical and cosmetic samples
CO 2	Implement monitoring protocols for the quality of food and water using principles of HACCP
CO 3	Apply basic knowledge of microbial analysis and standards to evaluate current techniques and improvise technology in industries like food, bottled water, cosmetic and pharmaceutical manufacturing units
CO 4	Recall the principles and terminologies used in pharmaceutical industry
CO 5	Design experiments on bioburden determination
CO 6	Execute microbial and sterility testing of pharmaceutical products
CO 7	Monitor the factors which affect the quality of a pharmaceutical product
CO 8	Outline the process of validation and audit validation
CO 9	Design effective antimicrobial preservation methods for cosmetic products
2 AMARIA	



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSMIC		MICROBIAL APPROACHES TO	04/60
204		QUALITY MANAGEMENT	
(Discipline			~(C)
Specific			
Elective)			
I		Introduction to Quality Control and Quality	15
		Assurance	
	1.1	Basics of Quality and Audits a) Introduction to Basics of Quality b) Total Quality Management c) Quality Assurance d) Audits e) Manufacturing Audits: Control of Processing Operations	08
	1.2	Good Manufacturing Practices and HACCP a) Plant Sanitation: Good Manufacturing Practice Audits b) Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points	07
II		Quality Control and Quality Assurance in Food and Water Industry	15
	2.1	Quality Assurance in Food Industry a) Food Safety Assurance and Standards b) Microbiological Examination Methods for food c) Role of International and National Organisations i. FDA Food Safety Modernization Act. ii. ISO 9001:2008: A Quality Management System Standard iii. Food Safety Management System Standards (FSMS) iv. Global Food Safety Initiative v. GFSI Recognized Schemes vi. ISO 22000:2005 vii. ISO 9001 and FSSC 22000 viii. FSSAI	09
	2.2	Quality Assurance in Water Industry a) General considerations and principles b) A conceptual framework for implementing the Guidelines c) Verification of drinking-water quality	06



	d) Drinking-water regulations and supporting policies and programmes	
III	Quality Control and Quality Assurance in	15
	Pharmaceutical Industry	
	A. Laboratory management and design B. Introduction to Pharmacopoeia- IP, BP, USP C. Microbiological examination of nonsterile products D. Sterility Testing E. Antibiotic Potency Testing	S.C.
IV	Quality Control and Quality Assurance in	15
	Pharmaceutical and Cosmetic Industry	
	A. Pyrogen Testing and Bioburden determination	8
	B. Antimicrobial Effectiveness Testing and	7
	Preservation of Cosmetics	
	a) Preservative Effectiveness Testingb) Preservation of cosmeticsc) Aspects of cosmetic preservation	

REFERENCES:

- a) Rosamund M.Baird, Norman A.Hodges, Stephen P.Denyer, Handbook of Microbiological Quality Control: Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Taylor and Francis
- b) Food And Drug Administration, Office Of Regulatory Affairs, Office of Regulatory Science, Document Number:ORA.007, Pharmaceutical Microbiology Manual, Revision #: 02 Revised: 25 Aug 2020
- c) Tim Sandle, Pharmaceutical Microbiology- Essentials for Quality Assurance and Quality control, Woodhead Publishing, Elsevier, 2016
- d) Philip A, Taylor and Francis, Cosmetic Microbiology a practical approach ||, 2nd Ed. 2006
- e) WHO drinking water guidelines, Manual For Packaged Drinking, Water Bureau Of Indian Standards, January 2005
- f) Food Safety Management Programs by Debby Newslow
- q) Microbiological Examination Methods for Food and Water by Neusely da Silva
- h) Food Safety Management A Practical Guide for the food Industry by Yasmine Motarjem
- i) Quality Assurance for Food Industry- A Practical Approach. 3rd Edition, J. Andres Vasconcellos
- j) Government of India, Ministry of Health. (1955). Pharmacopoeia of India: (the Indian pharmacopoeia). Delhi: Manager of Publications,
- k) The United States pharmacopeia. The National formulary. (1979). Rockville, Md. :United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc.,
- I) British Pharmacopoeia Commission. British Pharmacopoeia 2016. London: TSO; 2016.



PRACTICAL-IV: RPSMICP 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Sterility testing and reporting (as per Pharmacopoeia)
- b) Preparation of cosmetic product and its stability study
- c) Microbial load in cosmetic product as per IS 14648:2011 w.r.t heterotrophic counts, presence of *Pseudomonas spp, Staphylococcus spp, P.acne*
- d) Efficacy testing of preservatives like parabens as per ISO 11930
- e) Performance of an audit of a test with proper documentation
- f) Bioburden determination of manufacturing unit
- g) Determination of efficacy of sterilization methods.
- h) Demonstration of endotoxin/pyrogen testing
- i) Microbiological load in carrot and apple juice, salad, mayonnaise
- j) Quality Assessment and Analysis of Raw and Pasteurized milk
- k) To detect coliform and faecal coliform bacteria in water by the membrane filtration method
- I) Study of efficiency of water purifiers and comparative assessment
- m) MIC of food preservative
- n) Determination of Thermal Death Point (TDP) and Thermal Death Time (TDT)
- o) Potability testing of drinking Water.
- p) Film medium for detection of coliforms in water and food
- q) Dip slide technique for detection of organisms from food and water samples



Modality of Assessment for RPSMIC 204 (Discipline Specific Elective)

Course Title: Microbial Approaches to Quality Management

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One Review writing/ Review paper presentation/Research paper presentation and Assignment / Long Answer/ Case Study or any other	20
2	Class test	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper

- 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern-
- a. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
- b. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 1
Q.2)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 2
Q.3)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 3
Q.4)	Any 2 out of 3	12	Unit 4
Q.5) a)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) b)	Any 4 out of 5	04	All four units
Q.5) c)	Any 2 out of 3	04	All four units



II) Practical Examination Pattern

RPSMICP 204			
Particulars Marks			
Quiz/Viva	25		
Laboratory work	25		
Total	50		

Journal

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / Incharge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.



Course Code: RPSBCH 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Nutraceutical and Functional Foods

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Understand the Basics of Nutraceuticals as Science
CO 2	Comprehend the Properties, structure and functions of various Nutraceuticals
CO 3	Demonstrate the use of Nutraceuticals as remedies
CO 4	Develop Novel Food and food Ingredients: Polysaccharides, low caloric sweeteners
CO 5	Illustrate the effect of Anti-nutritional factors and Limitations of Nutraceuticals & Functional foods
2. RAMARIA	



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSBCH		NUTRACEUTICALS AND FUNCTIONAL	04/60
204		FOODS	
(Discipline			
Specific			
Elective)			
	I	Nutraceutical Science	15
	1.1	Introduction to Nutraceuticals as Science	1
	1.2	Classification, scope & future prospects of the Nutraceutical Science	3
	1.3	Sources of Nutraceuticals	3
		Plant sources, Animal sources, Microbial sources and Minerals	
	1.4	Applied aspects of the Nutraceutical Science.	1
	1.5	Relation of Nutraceutical Science with other Sciences	4
		Medicine, Human physiology, genetics, food technology, chemistry and nutrition	
	1.6	Analysis of nutraceuticals- Techniques (Spectroscopic, Voltammetric, Chromatographic)	3
	II	Bioceuticals	15
	2.1	Properties, structure and functions of various Nutraceuticals	
	RI	 a) Glucosamine, Octacosanol, Lycopene, Carnitine, Melatonin and Ornithine alpha ketoglutarate b) Use of proanthocyanidins, grape products, flaxseed oil, minor millets as Nutraceuticals. 	3
	2.2	Development of Novel Food and food Ingredients:	6
		Naturally produced flavour modifiers, Single Cell Proteins, Marine Algae as food supplements	
Kill	2.3	Food supplements and food ingredients as by products - Fishery, poultry/animal husbandry and agriculture/dairy industries.	3
	III	Food remedies	15
	3.1	Food as a remedy	
		a) Nutraceuticals bridging the gap between food and drugs	3
		b) Nutraceuticals in treatment for cognitive decline	2



	c) Nutraceutical remedies for common disorders	4
	like Arthritis, Bronchitis, circulatory problems,	
	hypoglycemia, Nephrological disorders, Liver	
	disorders, Osteoporosis, Psoriasis and Ulcers	
3.2	Brief idea about some Nutraceutical rich supplements	6
	a) Bee pollen, Caffeine, Green tea, Lecithin,	
	Mushroom Extract	
	b) Chlorophyll, Kelp and Spirulina	
IV	Anti-nutritional Factors & Limitations of	15
	Nutraceuticals	
4.1	Anti-nutritional factors present in foods	2
	Types of inhibitors present in various foods and how	
	they can be inactivated	
4.2	General idea about role of Probiotics and Prebiotics	4
	as nutraceuticals. Recent advances in techniques &	
	feeding of substrates	
4.3	Assessment of nutritional status and Recommended	2
	Daily allowances	
4.4	Non Nutrient Effect of Specific Nutrients: Proteins and	4
	Peptides and Nucleotides, Trans fats, Vitamins,	
	Minerals	
4.5	Issues on functional foods and nutraceuticals in	3
	animals	

REFERENCES:

- a) Nutraceuticals: Efficacy, Safety and Toxicity by Ramesh C. Gupta
- b) Nutraceuticals: The Complete Encyclopedia of Supplements, Herbs, Vitamins and Healing Foods by Arthur J. Roberts, Genelle Subak-Sharpe, et al.
- c) Advances in Nutraceutical Applications in Cancer: Recent Research Trends and Clinical Applications (Nutraceuticals) by Sheeba Varghese Gupta and Yashwant V Pathak
- d) Nutraceuticals in Health and Disease Prevention (Infectious Disease and Therapy Book 6) by PETER. PAUL HOPPE, Klaus Kramer, et al.
- e) Nutrigenomics and Nutraceuticals: Clinical Relevance and Disease Prevention by Yashwant V. Pathak and Ali M. Ardekani
- f) Pharmaceuticals to Nutraceuticals: A Shift in Disease Prevention by Dilip Ghosh and R.B.Smarta
- g) Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods (Modern Nutrition) by Robert E.C. Wildman and Richard S. Bruno



PRACTICAL-IV: RPSBCHP 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) To determine the lactose present in the Soy-milk by Cole's method
- b) Determination of reducing sugars by Nelson: Somogyi Method
- c) Protein Estimation by Bradford's method
- d) Determination of Hardness of water
- e) Estimation of Cholorogenic acid (Anti-Nutritional Factor)
- f) Estimation of phytic acid by Heubner and Stadler Method
- g) Estimation of Vitamin C by Folin Phenol method
- h) Optimization and Analysis of probiotics



Modality of Assessment for RPSBCH 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Nutraceutical and Functional Foods

Theory Examination Pattern:

- A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks
- B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper
 - 1. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
 - 2. Theory question paper pattern-

Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 1
Q.1.B)	Compulsory	70	
Q.2.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 2
Q.2.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.3.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 3
Q.3.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.4.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 4
Q.4.B)	Compulsory	7	
	Total	60	

II) Practical Examination Pattern:

Semester End Practical Examination:

RPSBCHP 204				
Particulars Marks				
Quiz/Viva	25			
Laboratory work	25			
Total	50			



Course Code: RPSBTK 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Nanotechnology

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION		
CO 1	Discuss the basics of nanotechnology, tools used for characterising nanomaterials and specific applications of nanotechnology.		
CO 2	Examine the nanorobotics devices of nature.		
CO 3	Analyse and interpret the latest developments in nanotechnology in the field of medical sciences.		
CO 4	Explain drug delivery systems using nanotechnology.		
CO 5	Apply nanomaterials in food, cosmetics, agriculture, environment management.		
CO 6	Assess and appreciate the thrust in the domain and encourage it to take ahead in research.		



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code			Lectures
RPSBTK 204		NANOTECHNOLOGY	
(Discipline			
Specific			
Elective)			
	I	Nutraceutical Science Introduction to nanotechnology - principles and applications	15
		Introduction, synthesis of nanomaterials, biological methods, use of microbial systems & plant extracts, use of proteins & templates like DNA. Characterization of nanomaterials, analysis techniques, properties of nanomechanical, optical, magnetic properties, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity	
	II	Carbon nanotubes, Nanorobotics devices of nature: ATP synthase, the kinen, myosin, dynein, flagella modulated motion	15
	III	Nanomedicine	15
		Nanomedicine: biopharmaceuticals ,implantable materials,implantable chemicals,surgicals aids,diagnostic tools ,nanosensors and nanoscanning,nano enabled drug delivery system,nanorobotics in medicine	
	IV	Applications of nanotechnology	15
		Application of nanomaterials in food, cosmetics, agriculture, environment management	

REFERENCES:

- a) The Nanoscope encyclopedia of nanoscience and nanochehnology, Vol I, V and VI (2005)

 Dr. Parag Diwan and Ashish Bhardwaj Pentagon Press New Delhi.
- b) Nano forms of carbon and its applications (2007) Prof. Maheshwar Sharon and Dr. Madhuri Sharon Manad Nanotech Pvt.Ltd.
- c) Biotech Nanotechnology lessons from Nature (2004) David Goodsell Wiley-Liss A John Wiley and sons.
- d) Nanotechnology- Basic science and emerging technologies (2005) Willson Kannangava, Smith, Simmons, RaguseOverseasePress.
- e) Textbook of Biotechnology (2005) R. C. Dubey S. Chand and Co.



f) Nanotechnology- Principles and practices S. K. Kulkarni Capital PublishingCo.

PRACTICAL-IV: RPSBTKP 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) (60 CONTACT HRS)

- a) Antibacterial studies of silver nanoparticles by MIC method.
- b) Testing the cell viability of metal oxide nanoparticles using tissue culture technique.
- c) Synthesis of Metal Nanoparticles by Chemical reduction method and their UV-VIS absorption studies.
- d) Synthesis of nanoparticles using bacterial system and their UV-VIS absorption studies.
- e) Synthesis of nanoparticles using plant extract and their UV-VIS absorption studies.
- f) Synthesis of nanoparticles using fungal system and their UV-VIS absorption studies.
- PANNARA IN g) Analysis of nanoparticles using UV vis spectrophotometer, TEM, SEM-data interpretation



Modality of Assessment for RPSBTK 204 (Discipline Specific Elective) Course Title: Nanotechnology

I) Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One Assignment/ Case Study/ Project based/ Written Assignment / Presentation	20
2	Class test (Multiple Choice)	20
	Total	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks per paper

- 3. Duration- These examinations shall be of two hours and thirty minutes.
- 4. Theory question paper pattern-
- c. There shall be **five** questions each of **12** marks. On each unit there shall be one question and the fifth question will be based on all the three units.
- d. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

Paper pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions based on
Q.1.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 1
Q.1.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.2.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 2
Q.2.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.3.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 3
Q.3.B)	Compulsory	7	
Q.4.A)	Any 1 out of 2	8	Unit 4
Q.4.B)	Compulsory	7	
	Total	60	



II) Practical Examination Pattern

Examination- 50 Marks Semester End Practical Examination

RPSBTKP 2	204	
Particulars	Marks	
Laboratory Work	40	40
Journal	05	
Viva	05	
Total	50	



Course Code: RPSMIC 205 (Ability Enhancement Course) Course Title: Research Methodology

Academic year 2022-23

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO 1								
	Summarize the basics of research methodology							
CO 2	Execute the experiments including appropriate calibrations at controls, with a carefully written record of the outcomes							
CO 3	Implement different methods of data collection and process t collected data by conventional and modern methods.							
CO 4	Hypothesize a solution to a research problem							
CO 5	Design a research project							
CO 6	Distinguish between laws, theory, postulates, and research type							



Course Code	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
			Lectures
RPSMIC 205		RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	2/30
(Ability			
Enhancement			
Course)		Barrier I Francisco I Francisc	
	1	Research Fundamentals and Terminology	15
	1.1	Introduction to research	02
		a) Definition of researchb) Scientific research	
		c) General characters of research	
		d) Objectives of research	
		a) Classification and types of research	
	1.2	Research methodology	03
		a) Types of research methods	
		b) Research methods verses methodology	
		c) Research and scientific method	
		d) Research process	
		e) Criteria of good research	
	1.3	Strategies and analysis	03
		a) Research conditions	
		b) Importance of controls	
		 e) Experimental protocol and experimental routine 	
	1.4	Research problem	02
		a) Selection of a research problem	
	. (2)	b) Necessity of defining a research problem	
	11/11	c) Technique involved in defining a research	
	4 5	problem	05
	1.5 II	Study designs and Sampling Preparation for research project and data	05 15
(21)	11	collection methods	13
	2.1	Literature search	02
	2.1	a) Concept of Information literacy	02
		b) Method: Systematic literature search	
Billian.		c) Literature Search Technique	
		d) Methodology filters	
		e) Concept of Quality of literature	
		f) Impact factor	
	2.2	Personal reference database	02
		a) Introduction to principal bibliographic	
		databases	
		b) Medical and scientific internet search engines	
		c) Reference management softwares	
		d) Significance of cite when you write	



	g) Bibliographic format: output styles	
2.3	Hypothesis and testing of hypothesis	04
	a) Meaning, nature of hypothesis,	
	b) Functions of hypothesis,	
	c) Importance of hypothesis,	
	d) Kinds of hypothesis,	
	e) Characteristics of good hypothesis,	
	e) Formulation of hypothesis	
2.4	Methods and techniques of data collection	03
	a) Types of data	00
	b) methods of primary data collection	
	(observation/ experimentation/ questionnaire/	
	interviewing/ case/ pilot study, methods)	
	c) methods of secondary data collection	
	(internal/external), schedule method	
2.5	Experimental data processing	04
	a) Processing operations	
	b) Problems in processing	
	c) Elements of analysis in data processing	
	d) Software for data processing	

REFERENCES:

- a) Kothari, C.R, Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques||, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited. 1985
- b) Petter Laake, Haakon Breien Benestad and Bjorn Reino Olsen, Research methodology in the medical and biological sciences 1st Ed, Academic Press, 2007
- c) Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A step-by-step Guide for beginners||, 3rd Ed, Sage publications, 2005

Modality of Assessment:

AECC paper- Semester End examination -50 marks



Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester II

	Course	RPSMIC 201		RPSMIC 202		RPSMIC 203			RPSMIC 204/ RPSBCH 204/ RPSBTK 204			RPSMIC 205			
		Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Total	Grand total
	Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	50	450
	Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	00	200
												To	tal fo	r Semester	650
~															