



Resolution number: AC/II(23-24).2.RPS1

S. P. Mandali's
Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for
Program: M.Sc. in Bioanalytical Sciences
(Postgraduate Syllabus)

Program Code: RPSBAS

(As per the guidelines of National Education Policy
2020- Academic year 2024-25)

(Choice based Credit System)



Graduate Attributes

S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College has adopted the Outcome Based Education model to make its science graduates globally competent and capable of advancing in their careers. The Bachelors Program in Science also encourages students to reflect on the broader purpose of their education.

GA	GA Description A student completing Bachelor's/Master's Degree in Science program will be able to:
GA 1	Demonstrate in depth understanding in the relevant science discipline. Recall, explain, extrapolate and organize conceptual scientific knowledge for execution and application and also to evaluate its relevance.
GA 2	Critically evaluate, analyze and comprehend a scientific problem. Think creatively, experiment and generate a solution independently, check and validate it and modify if necessary.
GA 3	Access, evaluate, understand and compare digital information from various sources and apply it for scientific knowledge acquisition as well as scientific data analysis and presentation.
GA 4	Articulate scientific ideas, put forth a hypothesis, design and execute testing tools and draw relevant inferences. Communicate the research work in appropriate scientific language.
GA 5	Demonstrate initiative, competence and tenacity at the workplace. Successfully plan and execute tasks independently as well as with team members. Effectively communicate and present complex information accurately and appropriately to different groups.
GA 6	Use an objective, unbiased and non-manipulative approach in collection and interpretation of scientific data and avoid plagiarism and violation of Intellectual Property Rights. Appreciate and be sensitive to environmental and sustainability issues and understand its scientific significance and global relevance.
GA 7	Translate academic research into innovation and creatively design scientific solutions to problems. Exemplify project plans, use management skills and lead a team for planning and execution of a task.
GA 8	Understand cross disciplinary relevance of scientific developments and relearn and reskill so as to adapt to technological advancements.



PROGRAM OUTCOMES

PO	Description
	A student completing Master's Degree in Science program in the subject of Bioanalytical Sciences will be able to:
PO 1	Gain high quality science education in a vibrant academic ambience with the faculty of distinguished teachers and scientists.
PO 2	Take up the challenge of doing quality research and teaching and also contribute to industrial production and R & D in the fields of Bioanalysis, Bioinformatics and Nutraceutical Sciences.
PO 3	Amalgamate classical analytical chemical techniques with modern genomic and proteomic technologies of manufacturing and analysis to better characterize the products useful as medicines as well as nutraceuticals.

PROGRAM OUTLINE

Syllabus for M. Sc I				
Semester	Paper Type	Paper Code	Paper Title	Credits
I	Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Paper I	RPSBAS.0501	Modern Pharmaceutical Industry	3
	Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Paper-II	RPSBAS.0502	Pharmacology, Toxicology & Bioassays	3
	Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Paper-III	RPSBAS.0503	Spectroscopy & Chromatography I	3
	Discipline Specific Core (DSC) Paper-IV	RPSBAS.0504	Extraction methodologies in Biological Analysis	2
	RM	RPSRMBAS.0505	Research Methodology	4
	Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) I	RPSBAS.0506	Analytical Chemistry I	3



	Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) II	RPSBAS.0507	Biochemistry & Molecular Biology I	
		RPSBASP.0501	Practical based on RPSBAS.0501	1
		RPSBASP.0502	Practical based on RPSBAS.0502	1
		RPSBASP.0503	Practical based on RPSBAS.0503	1
		RPSBASP.0506	Practical based on RPSBAS.0506	1
		RPSBASP.0507	Practical based on RPSBAS.0507	1
	Total Credits			22

Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

Core Course: RPSBAS.0501
Course Title: Modern Pharmaceutical Industry

**Academic year 2024-25****COURSE OUTCOMES**

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Elaborate upon the concepts of pharmaceutical chemistry.
CO 2	Explain the different types of terms used in pharmaceutical industry.
CO 3	State the important features of pharmaceutical manufacturing.
CO 4	Summarize the fundamentals of GAP and GHP.
CO 5	Make use of theoretical aspects for performing some crucial microbiological assays.
CO 6	Evaluate the quality control parameters for herbal extracts and some modern medicines.



DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester I- Paper I	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.0501	Modern Pharmaceutical Industry	3/45
501.1 Pharmaceutical Chemistry		
1. Definition of a drug, Requirements of an ideal drug, Classification of drugs (based on therapeutic action) 2. Nomenclature of drugs: Generic name, Brand name, Systematic name 3. Definition of the following medicinal terms: Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics, Prodrug, Half life efficiency, LD50, ED50, Therapeutic Index. 4. Brief idea of the following terms: Receptors, Drug-receptor interaction, Bioavailability, Drug toxicity, Drug addiction, Pharmacopoeia. 5. Formulations, Different dosage forms (emphasis on sustained release formulations.) Drug development from Natural Sources: Anti-infective agents, Anti-cancer agents, CNS agent		15
501.2 Overview of Pharmaceutical Industry		
1. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing 2. Pharmaceutical Microbiology- Clean areas, clean rooms, aseptic filling in pharmaceutical industry, Sterility testing 3. Packaging in pharmaceutical industry 4. Marketing in Pharmaceutical industry		15
501.3 Herbal Drug Industry		
1. Introduction, Plants and their medicinal uses example of one plant to be given 2. Concepts of ethnobotany, ethno medicines and pharmacology 3. Herbaria evaluation to include Plant collection, Authentication, storage and drying techniques. 4. Evaluation of Crude drugs 5. Concepts of GAP and GHP for medicinal plants (only introduction) 6. Classification of Plant Secondary metabolites 7. Chemistry of Phenolics, Terpenoids, Alkaloids 8. Phytochemicals as Drugs		15
RPSBASP.0501: PRACTICAL		
1. Total viable count of a formulation 2. Sterility Testing of a formulation 3. Preparation of Herbaria 4. Macroscopic and microscopic evaluation of Crude drugs 5. Estimation of Tannins from suitable plant material using Folin Denis Method 6. Effect of drying on phytoconstituent 7. Turbidometric & Nephelometric analysis of Pharmaceutical Products		1/30

References:

1. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook, Production and Processes, Edited by: Shayne Cox Gad
2. Hugo and Russell's Pharmaceutical Microbiology
3. Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology: Willey, Sherwood and Woolverton
4. Remington The Science and Practice of Pharmacy- Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
5. Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook: Edward Bauer



6. Remington, Essentials of Pharmaceutics: Linda Felton
7. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
8. Quality Standards of Medicinal Plants by Pullok Mukherjee

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Core Course: RPSBAS.0502
Course Title: Pharmacology, Toxicology & Bioassays
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Design and perform the different types of Bioassay.
CO 2	Discuss the importance of toxicological studies for ensuring safe administration of pharmaceuticals.
CO 3	Develop the suitable techniques in immunoassay.
CO 4	Evaluate the parameters of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester I- Paper II	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.0502	Pharmacology, Toxicology & Bioassays	3/45
502.1: Pharmacology		
1. Scope of Pharmacology 2. Routes of Drug Administration 3. Dose- Response Relationship 4. Factors influencing drug dosage and drug action. 5. Drug disposition & Pharmacokinetics Drug Metabolism: Introduction, Absorption, Distribution, Bio-transformation, Excretion 7. Mechanisms of Drug Action- Pharmacodynamics Different Pharmacokinetic & Pharmacodynamics parameters and their meanings and basic techniques to evaluate the parameters 9. Basic types of models in Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics		15
502.2: Toxicology		
1. Introduction, History, Scope and types of toxicological studies 2. Toxicants and their classification 3. Mode of action of Toxicants (Toxicokinetics and Toxicodynamics) 4. Dose Toxicity Relationship 5. Adverse drug reaction & treatment of Poisoning 6. Concept of LC 50, LD50, ED50 7. Applications of Toxicology		15



8. Introduction to Regulatory Toxicology 9. Types of toxicity tests 10. OECD Guidelines on Toxicological studies- Design considerations, Evaluation of results, Extrapolation to man 11. Risk analysis of Food & Drug related substances 12. Environmental impact assessment	
502.3: Bioassays & Immunoassays	
Bioassays (08 L) 1. General idea about bioassay systems used in pharmaceutical evaluations 2. <i>Invitro</i> assays and <i>invivo</i> assays 3. Alternatives to animal assays – one or two examples Immunoassays (07 L) 1. Requirements for immunoassay 2. Principles and instrumentation in immunoassay 3. Types of Detection systems in immunoassay 4. Applications of immunoassay 5. Advantages & Disadvantages of immunoassay	15
RPSBASP.0502: PRACTICAL	
1. Immunoassays for detection of Hepatitis B/Dengue 2. Study of hepatotoxicity using suitable animal model 3. Study of LC 50 4. Bioassay of Penicillin 5. Bioassay of Vitamin B ₁₂ 6. Electrophoresis of Proteins (SDS-PAGE)	1/30

References:

1. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology: K.D. Tripathi, Jaypee Publications
2. Pharmacology: George M. Brenner, Craig Stevens:
3. Casarett & Doull's Toxicology, The basic Sciences of Poisons: Dr. Curtis Klaassen 4. Fundamentals of toxicology: Pandey, Shukla, Trivedi
5. Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry: Heinrich, Barnes, Gibbons and Williamson 6. Text book of Pharmacognosy: G.E. Trease, W.C. Evans
7. Pharmacognosy: Chandrakant Kokate
8. Herbal Drug Technology: Agrawal, Paridhavi
9. Pharmacognosy: Tyler, Brody, Robbers
10. Pharmacogenomics: Challenges and Opportunities in Therapeutic Implementation- Yui-Wing Francis Lam & Stuart Scott
11. Principles of Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacogenomics- Altman, Flockhart & Goldstein
12. Immunology: Essential and Fundamental- Palan and Pathak
13. Kuby Immunology: Kindt, Goldsby & Osborna



Core Course: RPSBAS.0503
Course Title: Spectroscopy & Chromatography
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Highlight the importance of Electromagnetic spectrum and introduce the students to components of optical instruments.
CO 2	Summarize atomic absorption as well as atomic emission spectroscopy.
CO 3	Elaborate upon Principles and applications of different molecular spectroscopy techniques and light scattering techniques.
CO 4	Analyze sample preparation and handling of atomic and molecular spectroscopic.
CO 5	Evaluate the operations of techniques based upon the light scattering.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester I- Paper III	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.0503	Spectroscopy & Chromatography	3/45
503.1 Atomic Spectroscopy		
Atomic Spectroscopy (07L) 1. The electromagnetic spectrum and general properties of electromagnetic radiation 2. Components of optical instruments 3. Instrumentation, Sample preparation and applications of: Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, Atomic Emission Spectroscopy and Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP AES & ICP-OES) Molecular Spectroscopy Techniques (08L) Principle, Instrumentation, precautions for sample preparation and applications of : 1. UV-Visible and fluorescence spectroscopy: Derivative spectroscopy (Zero order, First order and Second order) 2. IR spectroscopy: Principles of Diffuse Reflectance Spectroscopy and Attenuated Total Reflectance 3. Difference between Raman and IR spectroscopy		15
503.2 Chromatography basics		
1. Principles of chromatographic separation 2. Classification of Chromatographic methods 3. Elution in Column Chromatography, The chromatogram 4. Migration rates of solutes a. Distribution constant		15



b. Retention time c. Retention factor d. Selectivity factor 5. Band Broadening and column efficiency Optimization of Column Performance	
503.3 Planar Chromatography	
1. Paper Chromatography & Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Principles and Practice b. Significance of mobile phase c. Applications d. Derivatization 2. High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. TLC vs HPTLC b. In Situ Densitometric scanning c. Troubleshooting d. HPTLC Fingerprinting and other applications 3. Preparative HPTLC	15
RPSBASP.0503: PRACTICAL	
1. Standardization of mobile phase for Separation of plant pigments using paper chromatography 2. Qualitative (TLC) tests for modern drugs, secondary metabolites 3. Liquid Liquid Extraction of a modern drug from Plasma 4. Analysis of Urine 5. HPTLC analysis of modern drug from plasma 6. HPTLC analysis of modern drug from formulations	1/30

References:

1. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy: Gordon M. Barrow
2. Molecular Luminescence Spectroscopy Methods and Applications: John Wiley and sons
3. Concept Instrumentation and techniques in Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Pekin-Elmer
4. Principles of instrumental analysis: Douglas a. Skoog
5. Introduction to Spectroscopy: Donald L. Pavia



Core Course: RPSBAS.0504
Course Title: Extraction methodologies in Biological Analysis
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Comment on the different safety protocols while handling the biofluids.
CO 2	Justify the appropriate techniques for extraction and isolation from biological matrices.
CO 3	Classify and identify the applications of biological matrix.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester I- Paper IV	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.0504	Extraction methodologies in Biological Analysis	2/30
504.1: Sample handling and Biomatrices		
1. Introduction to Bio-matrices-Microbial, Plant & Animal 2. Collection and storage of Biological samples 3. Microbes-Bacteria, Algae, Fungi, Protozoans 4. Plants- different parts & stages of growth 5. Animals & Humans a. Blood, or whole blood, Plasma and serum b. Urine, Faeces c. Saliva d. Cerebrospinal Fluid, Synovial fluid e. Hair and Nails f. Tissue (Biopsies)		15
504.2: Extraction, Isolation & Purification of analytes from Biological Matrices		
1. Physico-chemical properties of drugs and solvents 2. Concept of partition & Partition Coefficient 3. Solvent properties 4. Introduction to Liquid-liquid Extraction & Liquid-Liquid Micro-extraction, Solid Phase extraction & Solid Phase Micro-Extraction Techniques 5. Ionization and its effect on the extraction of drugs 6. Matrix components & analyte isolation a. Concentration of extracts b. Isolations of fractions		15



7. Purification of isolate	
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References:

1. Fundamentals of pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry: Heinrich, Barnes, Gibbons and Williamson
2. Phytochemical methods: A guide to modern techniques of plant analysis: Harborne
3. Phytochemical extraction, separation and analysis: Dr. Deep Panhekar, Ms. Trupti P. Sawant and Dr. D.P. Gogle
4. Fundamentals of Phytochemical analysis: Mr. Vishnu Balamurugan
5. Herbal Drg Technology: Agrawal, Paridhavi
6. Pharmacognosy: Tyler, Brody, Robbers
7. Textbook of Pharmacognosy: G.E. Trease and W.C. Evans
8. Pharmacognosy: Chandrakant Kokate
9. High Performance Liquid Chromatoraphy in Phytochemical analysis (Chromatographic Science Series): Monika Waksmundzka-Hajnos, Joseph Sherma
10. Solvent extraction: Classical and Modern Approaches- Vladimir K. Kislik
11. Analytical Supercritical Fluid Extraction Techniques - E.D. Ramsey



Core Course: RPSRMBAS.0505
Course Title: Research Methodology
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Compare the knowledge about data types and its collection methods in biostatistics.
CO 2	Summarize the concepts of descriptive statistics and test of significance for accurate statistical calculations in research.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester I- Paper V	Credits/ Hours
RPSRMBAS.0505	Research Methodology	4/60
505.1: Research Methodology		
1. Meaning, objectives and motivation of Research 2. Various Types of Research: a. Descriptive v/s Analytical b. Applied v/s Fundamental c. Quantitative v/s Qualitative d. Conceptual v/s Empirical 3. Overview & flowchart of research process. 4. Literature review: Surveying, synthesizing, critical analysis, reading materials, reviewing, rethinking, critical evaluation, interpretation Research Purposes Ethics in research – APA Ethics code.		15
505.2: Research design		
1. Definition of research design & its importance 2. Features of Good Research Design 3. Important Concepts regarding Research Design: a) Dependent, Independent, Extraneous variables b) Importance of control c) Research hypothesis, experimental & non-experimental hypothesis testing d) Treatment, experimental & experimental units Research designs: Exploratory research, Descriptive & diagnostic research, Hypothesis testing research Informal experimental design: Before & after without control, After- only without control, Before & after with control		15
505.3: Descriptive Statistics & Regression Analysis		



<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concepts: Population, Sample, sample size, Normal distribution, Level of significance, Confidence limits, Power of test 2. Sampling Design: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Different Types of Sampling Design: Simple Random Sampling Stratified Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling, Cluster Sampling, Area Sampling, Multistage Sampling. b. Steps in sample design 3. Data Collection <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Primary Data collection through Questionnaire & Schedules b. Collection of Secondary Data 4. Data Analysis: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode) b. Measures of dispersion (range, sample deviation, variance, CoV) 5. Introduction to correlation & regression analysis 	<p>15</p>
<p>505.4: Test of Significance</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction to hypothesis testing & Errors in Testing 2. Introduction to parametric tests- Z-test, t-test, Chi-Square test, F-test, ANOVA (One way and Two way). 3. Introduction to non-parametric test- Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test 4. Design of experiments: Block designs (CRD, RBD), Latin square design 5. Introduction to statistical packages for data analysis 	<p>15</p>

References:

1. Methods in Biostatistics: B.K. Mahajan
2. Basic Concepts of Biostatistics: Arumugam
3. Biostatistics, Basic concepts and Methodology for the Health Sciences: Daniel & Cross
4. Fundamentals of Applied Statistics: Gupta and Kapoor: S. Chand and sons
5. Introduction to Biostatistics and Research Methods: Rao and Richard



Core Course: RPSBAS.E511
Course Title: Practices in Pharmaceutical Industry
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Discuss the important operations and need of regulations in Bioanalytical Operations.
CO 2	Describe the good practices followed in industrial operations.
CO 3	Explain the importance of documentation and strict adherence to protocol in bioanalytical industries.
CO 4	Summarize the stability guidelines and associated Quality control (QC& QA).

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester II- Paper I	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.E511	Practices in Pharmaceutical Industry	3/45
511.1: Drug Act & Regulations in Pharma		
1. Indian Drugs and Cosmetics Act with respect to Schedule 1,2 and Schedule A, H, M, S, T, X, & Y 2. Introduction to foreign guidelines (for import of drugs) with respect to US, EU, Australia & Japan 3. Introduction to 21 CFR Part 11		15
511.2: Good Laboratory Practices & Good Manufacturing Practices		



<p>Good Laboratory Practices (07 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Guidelines to GLP 2. Documentation of Laboratory work 3. Preparation of SOPs 4. Calibration records 5. Significance of validation in GLP 6. Transfer of methods 7. Documentation of results <p>Good Manufacturing Practices (08 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Requirements of GMP implementation 2. Documentation of GMP practices 3. Regulatory certification of GMP 4. GMP in production of ASU drugs 5. Harmonization of SOP of manufacture 6. Audit for GMP compliances 	<p>15</p>
<p>511.3: Quality Assurance & Stability studies</p>	
<p>Quality Assurance (07 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction to QC & QA 2. Requirements for implementing QA 3. QA concepts in ASU drugs 4. Standardizing an Analytical method 5. Factors affecting standardization 6. Support work & documentation, Validation 7. Audit requirements, audits and audit reports 8. Personnel Responsibility in QA <p>Stability Studies (08 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Types of Stability studies 2. Stability Chambers 3. Regulatory requirements for stability studies 4. Factors affecting stability of Products 5. Predicting shelf life of a finished product 6. Guidelines for Stability studies 	<p>15</p>
<p>RPSBASP.E511: PRACTICAL ON RPSBASP.E511</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Preparation of Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for any one analytical instrument 2. Study of Certificate of Analysis (COA) 3. Study of Shelf life of herbal drugs 4. Stability studies of drugs (API & Formulation) with respect to the effect of pH, Temperature, Moisture and Light (any 4 experiments) 	<p>1/30</p>

References:

1. Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945
2. Remington, Essentials of Pharmaceutics: Linda Felton
3. GLP Essentials: A Concise guide to Good Laboratory Practice, 2nd Edition: Milton A. Anderson
4. The Certified Pharmaceutical GMP Professional Handbook, Second Edition: Mark Allen Durivage
5. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations: Sandy Weinberg
6. Handbook of Stability testing in pharmaceutical development: regulations, methodologies and best practices: Springe



Core Course: RPSBAS.E512

Course Title: Process of Drug Discovery & Development Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Elaborate upon the significance and stages of preclinical and clinical research.
CO 2	Explain the concept of new chemical entity and get an idea about the entire process of new drug development.
CO 3	Discuss the ethical issues to be addressed while conducting a clinical trial.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester II- Paper II	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.E512	Process of Drug Discovery & Development	3/45
512.1: Drug discovery and development process		
1. Introduction to Drug Discovery, Design and Development 2. Target identification 3. Discovery of a Lead compound: Screening, drug metabolism studies and clinical observation. 4. Concept of New Chemical Entity (NCE) 5. Stages in the development of NCE 6. Current Status		15
512.2: Preclinical Research and Basics of Clinical Trials		



<p>Preclinical Research(07 lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Importance of preclinical studies 2. Types of preclinical studies 3. Design of animal trial in compliance with CPCSEA guidelines 4. Ethical considerations in animal testing 5. Model organisms used in drug testing studies 6. Extrapolation of data to humans <p>Basics of Clinical Trials(08 lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Importance of clinical trials 2. Phases involved in clinical trials 3. Types of clinical trials 4. Regulatory requirements for clinical trials 5. Schedule Y compliance 	<p>15</p>
<p>512.3: Ethical guidelines in Clinical Trials and GCP</p>	
<p>Ethics (08 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Origin of Ethical issues 2. Dealing with Ethical issues 3. Ensuring compliance of ethical issues 4. Ethical committees & their setup 5. Regulatory powers of ethical committees 6. Compliance to ethical guidelines 7. Dealing with Ethical issues (subject compensation and subject rights) 8. Compliance to current ethical guidelines <p>Good Clinical Practices (07 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Origin of GCP & Earlier Guidelines for GCP 2. GCP Guidelines of ICH 3. Ensuring GCP Compliance 4. Documentation of GCP Audit of GCP compliance 	<p>15</p>
<p>RPSBASP.E512: PRACTICAL ON RPSBASP.E512</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. LC50 evaluation using a suitable model (Daphnia/Rice weevils/<i>Chyromous larvae</i>) 2. Study of Hepatoprotective action of a herbal drug against CCl₄ liver dysfunction in rats (an experimental comparison using suitable groups of controls, natural recovery & treatment with known hepatoprotectants to be carried out) 3. Study of Disintegration and Dissolution of a tablet as per IP/USP (enteric coated) 4. Study of an Informed consent form 	<p>1/30</p>

References:

1. Principles of Good Clinical Practice: McGraw, George, Shearn, Hall and Thomas
2. Good Clinical Practice Standard Operating Procedures for Clinical Researchers: Graeme Scott, Josef Kolman, Paul Meng.
3. Clinical Trials Audit Preparation: A Guide for Good Clinical Practice (GCP) Inspections: Vera Mihajlovic-Madzarevic.



Core Course: RPSBAS.E513

Course Title: Spectroscopy & Chromatography II
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Summarize the instrumentation and applications of Gas Chromatography and will be able to effectively use chromatographs for analysis of samples and interpret the results.
CO 2	Analyze the principles and applications of electrophoretic techniques.
CO 3	Illustrate the advances in chromatography.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester II- Paper III	Credits/ Hours
RPSBAS.E513	Spectroscopy & Chromatography II	3/45
513.1 High Performance Liquid Chromatography		
1. Principles and Instrumentation 2. Column chemistry, Column switching in HPLC, Column condition 3. System parameters 4. Automation in HPLC 5. Types of HPLC a. Reverse-Phase HPLC b. Gradient reverse-phase HPLC c. Ion-pair HPLC d. Ion-exchange HPLC e. Normal-phase HPLC f. Affinity Chromatography g. Gel permeation Chromatography 6. HPLC detectors 7. Data Processing: Manual and Electronic 8. Applications of HPLC 9. Recent advances (Fast LC, online extractions, add on pumps, online Derivatization, multi-dimensional LC) 10. Troubleshooting		15
513.2 Gas Chromatography		
1. Principles and Instrumentation 2. Factors that affect the chromatographic separation (Temperature, Type of		15



<p>column etc.) 3. GC techniques 4. Types of columns and their application 5. Selection of liquid stationary phases (Packed and capillary columns) 6. GC hardware a. Introduction to flow and pressure controllers b. Injection techniques- on column injection, large volume injection, split - split less, PTV and various auto injectors- gas sampling as well as liquid sampling c. Column Oven- temperature programming, (High /cryogenic oven temperature) 6. Universal and specific Detectors in GC (FID, TCD, ECD, FPD and NPD) 7. Derivatization for GC 8. GC strategy for analysis involving biological matrices 9. Troubleshooting 10. Applications</p>	
<p>513.3 Advances in Chromatography</p>	
<p>Advances in Chromatography(07 Lectures): 1. Specialized columns &detectors in HPLC and GC 2. Ultra Performance Liquid Chromatography (UPLC) 3. Preparative HPLC, 2D-HPLC Principles, Instrumentation, Sample preparations and Applications of (08 Lectures): 1. Size exclusion chromatography&Affinity chromatography for protein separation 2. Ion exchange chromatography 3. Electrophoresis(Agarose, SDS-PAGE, IEF & Capillary Electrophoresis)</p>	<p>15</p>
<p>RPSBASP.E513: PRACTICAL ON RPSBASP.E513</p>	
<p>1. Qualitative analysis of organic solids using IR spectroscopy 2. IR analysis of modern drug (any one example) 3. Purification of caffeine by Prep HPLC 4. Purification of gallic acid by Prep HPLC 5. Separation of Proteins by SDS-PAGE 6. Separation of Eugenol by GC/HPLC</p>	<p>1/30</p>

References:

1. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy: Gordon M. Barrow
2. Molecular Luminescence Spectroscopy Methods and Applications: John Wiley and sons
3. Concept Instrumentation and techniques in Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Pekin Elmer
4. Principles of instrumental analysis: Douglas a. Skoog
5. Introduction to Spectroscopy:Donald L. Pavia
6. Principles and practices in Biochemistry: Wilson and Walker



Course: RPSBAS.E514

Course Title: Medicinal Systems and Standardization of ASU drugs
Academic year 2024-25
COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Summarize the Indian Systems of Medicine and regulatory aspects of ASU drugs.
CO 2	Explain importance of Bioanalytical techniques for standardization of traditional medicines.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester II- Paper IV	Credit s/ Hours
RPSBAS.E514	Medicinal Systems and Standardization of ASU drugs	2/30
514.1: Indian Medicinal Systems		
1. Principles and practices of ASU systems of medicine 2. Diagnosis & treatment as per Ayurveda (Special emphasis on Panchakarma) 3. Types of Drug formulations as per ASU systems 4. Dosage forms as per ASU system 5. Mode of action of drugs according to Ayurveda		15
514.2: Standardization of ASU drugs		
1. Need of standardization of Ayurvedic, Siddha & Unani drugs 2. Sources of Raw materials & Finished products as per ASU drugs 3. Methods of manufacture-raw materials to finished products 4. Quality control of ASU drugs in India 5. Shelf-life studies on finished products 6. Analytical tools for standardization 7. Clinical studies in Standardization 8. Regulatory Aspects of ASU Drugs		15

References:

1. Database on medicinal plant used in Ayurveda: Sharma, Yelne and Dennis
 2. Globalisation of Ayurvedic & Herbal products, challenges and strategies



RP Course: RPSBAS.E515
Course Title: Field project
Academic year 2024-25

COURSE OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOME	DESCRIPTION
CO 1	Explain the hypothesis and conduct literature survey based on the relevant survey.
CO 2	Analyze field data using statistical tools and softwares to interpret the scientific data for the field project.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Paper Code	Semester II- Paper V	Lectures
RPSBAS.E515	Field project	4/60

Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College



<p>Field project</p> <p>A. Survey based projects on the theme given by the department B. Compliance studies w.r.t GMP, GLP,GCP or any other relevant criteria in Industries visited during the Industry visit</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Students should submit the detailed report regarding of the above mentioned course. 2. Students should consult the teacher mentor allotted by the department and HOD for taking up modules from the course. 3. After getting approval from the mentor/HOD, student should provide the weekly update to the mentor. 4. For internal component students are required to present the learning outcome(s) of the module twice in a semester and submit necessary assignments given by the mentor. 5. Thorough literature review should be carried out by the students. 6. Students should report and update the allotted mentor regarding the field project. 7. Students are expected to support detailed report of the field project such as Laboratory notebooks 8. Final hardbound report as well as the soft copy report of the field project work should be prepared by the student as per the guidelines/ format provided by the institution & should submit the same to the department before the examination 9. Student is expected to prepare a PowerPoint presentation and present the same at the time of Practical examination and should face Viva voce based on the field project. 	
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Modality of Assessment

Semester I/II

Class	Semester	Course	Credits	Marks for the First Internal Class Test	Pattern of the Exam (Class Test/Assignment etc)	Marks for the Second Internal Assessment	Pattern of the Exam (Class Test/Assignment etc)	Marks for Semester End Examination
MSc	I/II	DSC 1	3	20	Class Test	10	Assignment	45
		DSC 2	3	20	Class Test	10	Assignment	45
		DSC 3	3	20	Class Test	10	Assignment	45
		DSC 4	2					50
		DSE 1	3	20	Class Test	10	Assignment	45
		RM	4	20	Class Test	20	Assignment	60
		Practical DSC 1	1	-	-	-	-	50
		Practical DSC 2	1	-	-	-	-	50
		Practical DSC 3	1	-	-	-	-	50
		DSE 1	1	-	-	-	-	50