S. P. Mandali's Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for

Program: BSc

Program Code: RUSBCH

Choice Based Credit System for the academic year 2023-24



GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES

GA	GA Description
	A student completing Bachelor's Degree in SCIENCE program
	will be able to:
GA 1	Recall and explain acquired scientific knowledge in a
	comprehensive manner and apply the skills acquired in their
	chosen discipline. Interpret scientific ideas and relate its
	interconnectedness to various fields in science.
GA 2	Evaluate scientific ideas critically, analyse problems, explore
	options for practical demonstrations, illustrate work plans and
	execute them, organise data and draw inferences.
GA 3	Explore and evaluate digital information and use it for
	knowledge upgradation. Apply relevant information so
	gathered for analysis and communication using appropriate
	digital tools.
GA 4	Ask relevant questions, understand scientific relevance,
	hypothesize a scientific problem, construct and execute a
	project plan and analyse results.
GA 5	Take complex challenges, work responsibly and independently,
	as well as in cohesion with a team for completion of a task.
, and the second	Communicate effectively, convincingly and in an articulate
	manner.
GA 6	Apply scientific information with sensitivity to values of
	different cultural groups. Disseminate scientific knowledge
	effectively for upliftment of the society.
GA 7	Follow ethical practices at workplace and be unbiased and
	critical in interpretation of scientific data. Understand the
	environmental issues and explore sustainable solutions for it.
GA 8	Keep abreast with current scientific developments in the
	specific discipline and adapt to technological advancements for
	better application of scientific knowledge as a lifelong learner



PROGRAM OUTCOMES

РО	Description
	A student completing Bachelor's Degree in SCIENCE program
	in the subject of BIOCHEMISTRY will be able to:
PO 1	Achieve better understanding of the major thrust areas of the
	disciplines like Chemistry of Biomolecules & their metabolism,
	Cell biology (Basics, Membrane biochemistry, Cancer),
	Enzymology, Genetics, Plant Biochemistry, Pharmacology,
	Microbiology & Immunology.
PO 2	Gain acumen of the fundamental biochemical processes
	occurring at the molecular and gene level.
PO 3	Understand the role of Biochemistry in food, human nutrition
	and environmental science.
PO 4	Get insights into multiple important analytical tools for
	Biochemical testing and apply contextual knowledge and tools
	of biochemical research for problems solving.
PO 5	Acquire and empower technical knowledge by connecting
	disciplinary and interdisciplinary aspects of biochemistry.
PO 6	Compile and interpret Biological data using Biostatistics and
	Bioinformatics tools.
PO 7	Express ideas persuasively through scientific writing and oral
	presentation which will help in the development of the
	leadership qualities.
PO 8	Possess scientific temperament by research project-based
	learning.
PO 9	Procure hands-on real time experience in industries.
PO 10	Get exposure to the strong theoretical and practical
	understanding of various dimensions of Biochemistry and take
	up research-oriented courses in the fields of Biochemistry,
	Nutrition & Dietetics, Molecular Biology, etc.



PROGRAM OUTLINE

YEAR	SEM	CORE	COURSE TITLE	CREDITS
		COURSE		
		RUSBCH301	Analytical Techniques in Biochemistry	2
		RUSBCH302	Enzymology	2
	III	RUSBCH303	Metabolism I	2
	111	RUSBCHP301	Practicals based on RUSBCH301	1
		RUSBCHP302	Practicals based on RUSBCH302	1
SYBSc		RUSBCHP303	Practicals based on RUSBCH303	1
31630	IV F	RUSBCH401	Microbiology & Industrial Biotechnology	2
		RUSBCH402	Plant Biochemistry	2
		RUSBCH403	Metabolism II	2
		RUSBCHP401	Practicals based on RUSBCH401	1
		RUSBCHP402	Practicals based on RUSBCH402	1
		RUSBCHP403	Practicals based on RUSBCH403	1



Course Title: Analytical Techniques in Biochemistry

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Demonstrate broad knowledge in basic analytical instrumentation
	with deep knowledge in its core concepts and its applications.
CO 2	Illustrate the principle, Instrumentation, working of spectroscopic
	techniques (Flame photometry & AAS) and its applications in
	various research fields
CO 3	Summarize the basics and latest developments in Biochemical
	investigation tools and importance of plant and animal model in
	biochemical investigation
CO 4	Explain the principle, Bioinstrumentation and applications of protein
	purification techniques like Electrophoresis (IEF, 2D PAGE) and
	Chromatography in various research fields.
CO 5	Outline cognitive, technical and creative skills which enables
	students to gain an established knowledge and practice concerning
	basic analytical instrumentation and measurement techniques
CO 6	Choose and apply suitable analytical technique to identify different
	biomolecules
CO 7	Develop skill in carrying out research projects by employing the
	basic biochemical and molecular techniques.
CO8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Analytical Techniques in
	Biochemistry and develop experimental acumen



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	_
Code		Analytical Techniques in Biochemistry	Credits/
		RUSBCH301	Hours
		. (00201.1801	2 / 45 Hours
	1	Spectroscopic techniques	15
	1.1	Concept of Electromagnetic radiation,	
		Electromagnetic spectrum, Emission,	
		Luminescence, Scattering, Transmittance,	
		Absorbance	
•	1.2	Flame Photometry	
	1.3	Principle, Components, Structure of flame,	
		Interferences in analysis, Applications	
	1.4	Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy	
	1.5	Principle, Instrumentation and Applications	
	2	Biochemical Investigations	15
	2.1	Approaches to and levels of biochemical	
		investigations	
	2.2	Whole animal and plant studies – the advantages	
		and disadvantages of model systems for	
		biochemical investigation (<i>E.coli</i> , Yeast,	
		Dictyostelium, C. elegans, Drosophila, Arabidopsis,	
	2.2	Danio rerio)	
II	2.3	Organ & Tissue studies	
	2.4	Isolated and cultured tissue and cell techniques : isolation, culture and counting of cells	
	2.5	Cell Fractionation:	
	2.5.1	Cell rupture – solid shear, liquid shear, high	
	2.0.1	pressure, ultrasound, osmotic shock, chemical	
		treatment (enzyme, organic solvent), temperature	
	2.5.2	Choice of suspension medium (isotonic &	
		hypotonic solution, PBS) and separation methods	
	2.5.3	Problems of cell fractionation	
	3	Protein Purification Techniques	15
	3.1	Protein Isolation	
III		Selection of a Protein Source	
		Methods of Solubilization	
		Stabilization of Proteins	
		Assay of Proteins	
	3.2	General Strategy of Protein Purification	
		Solubilities of Proteins	
		Effects of Salt Concentrations	



		Effects of Organic Solvents	
		Effects of pH	
		Crystallization	
[;	3.3	Ultracentrifugation- Preparative Ultracentrifugation	
[;	3.4	Chromatographic Separations- Gel Filtration	
		Chromatography, Ion Exchange Chromatography,	
		Affinity Chromatography	
[;	3.5	Electrophoresis- Gel Electrophoresis, SDS PAGE,	
		Isoelectric Focusing	
		D. III DUODOUDOO	1 Credit
		Practicals – RUSBCHP301	
	1	Study of spectrophotometer	
	2	Determination of absorption maxima (λmax)	
	3	Estimation of glucose by DNSA method	
	4	Estimation of proteins using Lowry method	
	5	Working of flame photometer	
	6	Demonstration of separation of protein by SDS	
		PAGE	
	7	Demonstration of separation of proteins using ion-	
		exchange chromatography	
	8	Ammonium sulphate fractionation of proteins	

- 1. Principles & Techniques of Practical Biochemistry Wilson, Walker- Cambridge Univ. Press.
- Biophysical Chemistry, Principles & Techniques Upadhyay, Upadhyay and Nath Himalaya Publ. House.
- 3. Analytical Biochemistry David Holme & Hazel Peck Pearson Education Ltd, England
- 4. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Douglas A. Skoog, F. James Holler, Stanley R. Crouch Thomson Brooks/Cole
- 5. Cell Biology: Essential techniques David Rickwood Wiley
- 6. Cell Separation A practical Approach D. Fisher, G E Francis and D Rickwood Oxford University Press
- 7. The Cell A Molecular Approach Geoffrey M. Cooper, 8th Edition, Sinauer Associates New York Oxford, Oxford University Press
- 8. A Textbook of Biotechnology R. C. Dubey Chand Publications
- 9. Cell Biology, Four-Volume Set Cell Biology, Volume 1, Third Edition A Laboratory Handbook Julio E. Celis
- 10. Subcellular Fractionation A Practical Approach (Practical Approach Series) J. M. Graham & D. Rickwood
- 11. A.L., Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry (1982), Worth Publishers, Inc. New York.
- 12. Protein Purification: Principles, High Resolution Methods, and Applications (Methods of Biochemical Analysis), Jan-Christer Janson, 2011.
- 13. Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers



- 14. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry J. Jayaraman New Age International 15. An Introduction To Practical Biochemistry Plummer David 16. Voet, D. and Voet, J.G. (2004) Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. USA. Biochemistry by Zubay, Geoffrey L.; Wm. C. Brown publishers





Course Title: Enzymology

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION		
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:		
	Define the structure, functions and the mechanism of action of		
CO1	enzymes. Learning kinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions and		
001	enzyme inhibitions and regulatory process, Enzyme activity,		
	Enzyme Units, Specific activity		
CO 2	List the factors affecting enzymatic reactions.		
CO3	Summarize the applications of enzymes in industry, understand the		
	principles of enzyme immobilisation techniques and enzyme		
	extraction procedures		
CO 4	Discover the current and future trends of applying enzyme		
	technology for the commercialization purpose of biotechnological		
	products.		
CO 5	Categorize the methods for production, purification,		
	characterization and immobilization of enzymes.		
CO 6	Outline the concept of enzyme inhibition and allosteric regulation		
CO 7	Describe the concepts of co-operative behaviour,		
CO 8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Enzymology and develop		
	experimental acumen		



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	
Code		Enzymology	Credits/
		RUSBCH302	Hours
		11000011002	2 / 45 Hours
	1	Introduction to enzymes	15
	1.1	Introduction to enzymology	
	1.1.1	Understanding the basic terminology in enzymology	
		Enzyme, Apoenzyme, Holoenzyme, Prosthetic	
		group, Active site, Turnover number, Specific	
		activity, Katal, IU, Coenzyme and Cofactor	
	1.1.2	Proteolytic cleavage of zymogens and enzyme	
		denaturation	
	1.2	Classification of enzyme- IUB system	
	1.3	Principle types of reactions catalysed by enzymes	
	1.3.1	Group transfer reactions - Acyl group transfer,	
		Phosphoryl group transfer, Glycosyl group transfer	
	1.3.2	Oxido-reduction reactions	
	1.3.3	Elimination, isomerization and rearrangement	
		reactions	
	1.4	Enzyme specificity	4L
	1.4.1	Theories of specificity of enzyme: Fischer's, lock &	
		key and Koshland's, induced fit theories	
	1.4.2	Characteristics of enzymes and enzyme substrate complex	
	1.4.3	Concept of active center, binding sites, Stereo	
		specificity and ES complex formation	
	1.5	Enzyme activity	
	1.5.1	Factors affecting enzyme activity	
	1.5.2	Concept of activation energy and transition state	
		theory	
	2	Enzyme – kinetics, regulation, inhibition	15
	2.1	Enzyme kinetics	
	2.1.1	Derivation of Michaelis - Menten equation and	
		Lineweaver Burke equation and Graphical	
		procedures for monosubstrate reactions	
II	2.1.2	Significance of Vmax & Km	
	2.2	Enzyme regulation	
	2.2.1	Introduction & its importance	
	2.2.2	Types of regulatory mechanisms- Product	
		inhibition, Feedback	
	2.3	Enzyme inhibition	



	2.3.1	Types of inhibitors- Competitive, Non-competitive	
		and Uncompetitive, and their mode of action and	
		experimental determination considering suitable	
		example.	
	2.3.2	Graphical understanding of effect of different	
		inhibitors on enzyme kinetics (Use of LB Plot)	
	2.3.3	Numericals based on the above concepts	
	3	Immobilized enzymes and Application of	15
		enzymes	
	3.1	Immobilized enzymes	
	3.1.1	Introduction	
	3.1.2	Importance of immobilization	
	3.1.3	Methods of immobilization- lonic bonding,	
		Adsorption, Covalent bonding (based on R group of	
III		amino acids), Microencapsulation and Gel	
•••		entrapment	
	3.1.4	Enzyme extraction and optimum conditions, kinetics	
		of immobilized enzyme	
	3.1.5	Industrial examples related to the technique	
	3.1.6	Problems associated with enzyme immobilization	
	3.2	Isoenzymes	
	3.3	Application of enzymes	
	3.3.1	Enzyme immunoassay (HRP)	
		Practicals – RUSBCHP302	1 Credit
	1	Extraction of β-Amylase, Urease & Invertase from	
		suitable sources	
	2	Determination of optimum pH of β-Amylase	
	3	Determination of optimum temperature of β-	
	4	Amylase	
	4	Determination of Km and Vmax of β-Amylase	
	5	Assay to determine enzyme activity and specific	
	0	activity	
	6	Study the effect of inhibitor on β-Amylase	
	7	Immobilization of Yeast and its use in	
	O	determination of Invertase activity	
	8	Demonstration of separation of isoenzymes of LDH	
		by electrophoresis	

- 1. A.L., Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry (1982), Worth Publishers, Inc. New York.
- 2. Harper's Biochemistry Murray, Granner, Mayes, and Rodwell Prentice Hall International Inc.
- 3. Textbook of medical physiology A. C. Gyton, and J. E Hall Saunders Elsevier Publications



- 4. Advances in Enzymology and Related Areas of Molecular Biology, Mechanism of Enzyme Action - Daniel Purich
- 5. Medical Biochemistry Ramakrishnan (2012)
- 6. Molecular and cellular enzymology Jeannine Yon-Kahn, G. Hervé
- 7. Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers
- 8. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry J. Jayaraman New Age International9. Understanding enzymes by Trevor Palmer





Course Title: Metabolism I

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION		
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:		
CO1	Illustrate the reactions involved in the metabolic pathways of		
601	biomolecules		
	Explain glucose homeostasis (pathways and hormonal regulation).		
CO2	Discuss Krebs cycle, electron transport, and the pentose phosphate		
	pathway		
CO3	Relate the difference between the properties of macromolecules		
003	and cellular activities, cell metabolism and chemical composition.		
CO 4	Outline the overall concept of cellular metabolism – anabolic and		
	catabolic pathways, energy storage and release, production of		
	building blocks for macromolecule synthesis.		
CO 5	Compare and state difference between ketogenic and glucogenic		
	amino acids, and diseases resulting from defective catabolism		
	(phenylketonuria, maple syrup urine disease) and biosynthesis of		
	non-essential amino acids.		
CO 6	Illustrate the structure, biosynthesis, oxidation and storage of fatty		
	acids.		
CO 7	Interpret the role of amino acid catabolism to release ammonia		
	(handled by the urea cycle) and carbon skeletons		
CO 8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Metabolism and develop		
	experimental acumen		



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	
Code		Metabolism I	Credits/
		RUSBCH303	Hours
		*	2 / 45 Hours
	1	Carbohydrate Metabolism	15
	1.1	Overview of glucose metabolism	
	1.1.1	Glycolysis- Salient features, reactions,	
	1.1.2	Conversion of pyruvate to lactate & its significance	
	1.1.3	Irreversible reactions of glycolysis	
	1.1.4	Regulation of glycolysis	
	1.2	Conversion of pyruvate to Acetyl CoA- Role of	
I		Pyruvate dehydrogenase complex & its regulation	
	1.3	Citric acid cycle- Pathway with reactions & its	
		regulation	
	1.4	Glycogenolysis – [schematic – no structures, but	
		with enzymes and coenzymes]	
	1.5	Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenesis – [schematic – no	OIP
	10	structures, but with enzymes and coenzymes]	
	1.6	Glyoxylate pathway	45
	2 2.1.1	Amino acid metabolism	15
\wedge	271.1	Chemical nature, functional groups and reactivity of amino acids	
	2.1.2	Reactions of amino acids: Deamination,	
	2.1.2	Transamination, Decarboxylation,	
		Transmethylation, Transdeamination,	
		Ammonia formation, transport and detoxification in	
11		brain and liver.	
	2.2	Urea cycle & its regulation	
	2.3	Metabolism of significant amino acids– Glycine,	
		Phenylalanine, Tyrosine, Tryptophan	
	2.4	Formation of specialized products from amino	
		acids and their functions-glutathione, creatine,	
		creatinine, biogenic amines (dopamine,	
		norepinephrine, GABA, Histamine)	
	3	Lipid metabolism	15
	3.1	Introduction to lipid metabolism	
	3.1.1	Lipid Digestion, Absorption, and Transport	
III	3.1.2	Fatty Acid Oxidation-Fatty Acid Activation,	
		Transport Across the Mitochondrial Membrane,	
		Beta-Oxidation	
	3.1.3	Oxidation of Unsaturated Fatty Acids	



3.1.4	Oxidation of Odd-Chain Fatty Acids	
3.2	Ketone Bodies	
3.3	Fatty Acid Biosynthesis- Pathway Overview, Acetyl	
	CoA Carboxylase, Fatty Acid Synthase, Transport	
	of Mitochondrial Acetyl-CoA Into the Cytosol,	
	Elongases and Desaturases,	
3.4	Synthesis of Triacylglycerols	
3.5	Regulation of Fatty Acid Metabolism	
	Practicals – RUSBCHP303	1 Credit
1	Estimation of glucose by the Folin-Wu method	
2	Estimation of glucose by the GOD-POD method	
3	Demonstration of glucose metabolism using	
	handheld glucometer	
4	Estimation of total serum proteins using Biuret	
	method	
5	Estimation of serum urea by diacetyl monoxime	
	method	
6	Lipid Profile –	
	a) Estimation of total cholesterol and HDL	
	b) Estimation of Triglycerides	
	c) Estimation of LDL by calculation	
7	Field trip to pathology lab/super-speciality hospitals	

- 1. Biochemistry U. Sathyanarayana Books and Allied (P) Ltd. Kolkata.
- 2. Biochemistry Voet, D. and Voet, J.G. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. USA.
- 3. Biochemistry by L. Stryer W.H. Freeman Press, San Francisco, USA.
- 4. Outlines of Biochemistry E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 5. Text book of Biochemistry J.L Jain
- 6. Text Book of Biochemistry D.M. Vasudevan
- 7. Text Book of Biochemistry A.C. Deb, 9th revised edition (2017)
- 8. Biochemistry Garret, R.H. and Grisham, C.M. (2005) Thomson Learning INC.
- 9. Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers
- 10. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry J. Jayaraman New Age International
- 11. An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry Plummer David



Modality of Assessment (SEMESTER III)

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Class test	20
2	Class test/ Project/ Assignment/ Presentation	20
	TOTAL	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks Semester End Theory Examination:

- 1. Duration These examinations shall be of **02 HOURS** duration.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
Q1.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT I
QŽ.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT II
Q3.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT III
Q4. A	Any 5 out of 6	05	
Q4. B	Any 5 out of 6	05	UNIT I, II & III
Q4. C	Any 5 out of 6	05	
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Examination: 40%- 40 Marks

Particulars	Practical I, II & III
Journal	05
Experimental tasks	15
Total	20



B) External Examination: 60%- 60 Marks

Semester End Practical Examination:

Particulars	Practical I, II & III
Laboratory work	25
Viva	5
Total	30

Overall Examination & Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester III

Course	3	01		3	02		3	03		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	20	30	50	150



Course Title: Microbiology & Industrial Biotechnology

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Demonstrate practical skills in microscopy and handling techniques
	related to it and staining procedures
CO2	Categorize the different types of fermentation processes
CO3	Discover the technological advances in the field of Biosensors and
	get fascinated with the advances in the research field and try to
	pursue them.
CO4	Outline the basic microbial structure and function and study the
	structural similarities and differences among various physiological
	groups of microorganisms
CO 5	Analyze how microbiology is applied in manufacture of industrial
	products
CO 6	Illustrate the design of bioreactors, factors affecting growth and
	production, heat transfer, oxygen transfer and Understand the
	rationale in medium formulation & design for microbial fermentation
CO 7	Explain the large scale production and purification of various
	industrially important products.
CO 8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Microbiology & Industrial
	Biotechnology and develop experimental acumen



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code		Microbiology & Industrial Biotechnology	Hours
		RUSBCH401	2 / 45 Hours
_	1	Introduction to Microbiology	15
	1.1	Historical background (contributions or	
		Leeuwenhoek. Pasteur, etc.) and General	
		characteristics (size, shape, and structure) of	
		Bacteria	
	1.2	Microbial Taxonomy: Microbial species and strains.	
		Classification of bacteria based on morphology	
		(shape and flagella). staining reaction, nutrition and	
		extreme environment (extremophiles: Thermophiles,	
•		Psychrophiles, Halophiles, Magnetotactic, Radiation resistant organisms: examples with their application)	
	1.3	Bacterial cell wall: Structure and function,	
	1.0	components of peptidoglycan framework	
	1.4	Staining methods (principles of staining & types or	
		stains) and microscopic identification of bacteria	
	1.5	Microbial Growth - Growth Curve, Mathematical	
		expression, Synchronous growth, Generation time	
	1.6	Culture media (N, C, Special requirements), Natural	
		and Synthetic media	
	2	Fermentation Technology	15
$\sim V$	2.1	Basics of fermentation	
	2.2	Types of fermentation processes based on the	
		products formed (biomass, enzymes, metabolites,	
II		recombinant products, transformation process to modify a product)	
	2.3	Stages of a typical fermentation process	
	2.4	Media preparation and optimization for fermentation	
	2.5	Sterilization and disinfection techniques	
	2.6	Basic design of fermenter	
	3	Industrial Biotechnology	15
	3.1	Introduction	
	3.2	Recovery and purification of fermented products	
	3.3	Industrial synthesis of different products obtained	
		from Bioprocess technology	
III	3.3.1	Penicillin, Vit B ₁₂ , Cheese, Amylase, Protease,	
		Ethanol, Acetic Acid	
	3.3.2	Biosensors, Features of biosensors	
		Types of Biosensors based on:	
		Enzymes (environmental monitoring) Antibodies (detection of pathogens)	
		Nucleic acids & Aptamers (clinical diagnosis)	
		Practicals – RUSBCHP401	1 Credit
	1	Basics of Microbiology Techniques and plate	
	-	exposure technique	
L	<u>. </u>		



2	Permanent slides of Nostoc & Rhizopus	
3	Staining Techniques – Gram staining, Capsule	
	staining, endospore staining, lipid staining	
4	Study of microbial growth curve	
5	A study of culture inoculation methods – Pour plate,	
	Spread plate & Streak plate	
6	Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration of	
	any one disinfectant	
7	Determination of percentage purity of acetic acid in	
	vinegar solution	
8	Bioassay of penicillin by agar diffusion method	

- 1. Microbiology M. Pelczar, E.C.S. Chan and M.R. Krieg McGraw Hill Inc., Singapore (1997).
- 2. General Microbiology, Vol. I & II Powar, Daginawala Himalaya Publishing House. (2015).
- 3. General Microbiology Stanier, Adelberg, Ingraham The Macmillan Press, London (1987)
- 4. Textbook of microbiology Surinder Kumar, Jaypee Medical publication
- 5. Industrial microbiology A.H. Patel Macmillan India Ltd.
- 6. Industrial microbiology L. E. Casida New age international publishers
- 7. Microbial Biochemistry G. N. Cohen
- 8. Industrial Fermentation Paul Allen
- 9. Peter F. Stanbury, Allan Whitaker and Stephen J. Hall, Principles of fermentation technology 3rd edition, Elsevier publications
- Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers
- 11. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry J. Jayaraman New Age International



Course Title: Plant Biochemistry

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO1	Outline the chemistry of different plant pigments in order to explore
	their isolation, characterization and applications in various fields
CO2	Explain and understand the biochemistry of photosynthetic process
	and its relation to man and its environment.
CO 3	Illustrate the mechanism of Nitrogen fixation and its importance in
	agricultural production and environment
CO 4	Interpret the importance of secondary metabolites and its industrial
	applications.
CO5	Categorize the class and functions of secondary metabolites and
	appreciate their role in physiology of plants
CO 6	Summarize the basics of plant tissue culture as it is an important tool
	for both basic and applied aspects of plant-based research
CO 7	Explain relation between Photosynthesis, growth hormones and Plant
	growth
CO8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Plant Biochemistry and develop
AV	experimental acumen



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/
Code		Plant Biochemistry	Hours
		RUSBCH402	2 / 45 Hours
	1	Plant cell structure, plant pigments & nitrogen	15
		metabolism	
	1.1	Introduction to Plant cell	
	1.1.1	Plant cell wall (structure), Vacuole (tonoplast	
		membrane), plasmodesmata, plastids and other cell	
		organelles	
	1.1.2	Overview of Leaf structure – Upper epidermis,	
		palisade mesophyll, spongy mesophyll, lower	
	4.4.0	epidermis, Guard cells and stomata	
	1.1.3		
		Sclerenchyma, Collenchyma, Xylem and phloem, Bulliform cells	
I	1.1.4	Concept of apoplast, apoplastic and symplastic	
	4.0	pathways	
		Plant pigments –	4L
		Primary pigment - Chlorophyll (Types and function)	
	1.2.1	Role of accessory pigments and their biological	, \ ` /
		significance	
		Carotenoids, Xanthophylls, Betalains, Anthocyanins and other flavonoids	
	1.3	Nitrogen metabolism	
	1.3.1	Sources of Nitrogen, different forms of nitrogen in	
		plants	
	1.3.2	Conversion of nitrate to nitrite & finally to ammonia,	
		biological nitrogen fixation in plants	
	2	Plant Biochemistry	15
	2.1	Photosynthesis	
	2.1.1	Light reactions: Light harvesting complexes,	
		Absorption of light, Photophoshorylation: Cyclic and	
	0.4.0	Non-cyclic (Z scheme)	
	2.1.2	Dark reactions: Calvin cycle, regulation of Calvin	
II	2.2	cycle C4 cycle and CAM pathway	
"	2.2	Photorespiration	
	2.4	Photoperiodism and photoinhibition	
	2.5	Physiology of plant movements	
	2.0	Tropic movements – Chemo / geo / hydro / photo /	
		thigmo tropism	
		Nastic movements – Seismonasty, Nyctynasty,	
		Photonasty, Chemonasty, Thermonasty	
III	3	Regulation of plant growth, secondary	15
***		metabolites & PTC	



Plant Growth Substances	
Structure and Function of - Auxins, Gibberellins,	
Cytokinins, Ethylene and Abscisic Acid	
Secondary metabolites of plants	
Nitrogen containing compounds (Alkaloids),	
Terpenes & Phenolic compounds – An introduction	
to Shikimic acid pathway, Mevalonic acid pathway,	
MEP Pathway	
Plant Tissue-culture	
Introduction; Plant breeding; Techniques for	
maintenance	
2 Genetic culture techniques: Callus regeneration,	
mutant selection from culture; Protoplast fusion,	
Transformation	
Practicals – RUSBCHP402	1 Credit
Separation of photosynthetic pigments by TLC	
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Estimation of carotene in fruits and vegetables	
Study of Plant Tissue Culture techniques	
	Structure and Function of - Auxins, Gibberellins, Cytokinins, Ethylene and Abscisic Acid Secondary metabolites of plants Nitrogen containing compounds (Alkaloids), Terpenes & Phenolic compounds – An introduction to Shikimic acid pathway, Mevalonic acid pathway, MEP Pathway Plant Tissue-culture Introduction; Plant breeding; Techniques for maintenance Genetic culture techniques: Callus regeneration, mutant selection from culture; Protoplast fusion, Transformation Applications of PTC Practicals – RUSBCHP402 Separation of photosynthetic pigments by TLC Isolation of starch from potato

- 1. Biochemistry & Molecular Biology of Plants Bob B. Buchanan Wilhelm Gruissem and Russel L. Jones
- 2. Plant Biochemistry Heldt H.-W., Piechulla B.
- 3. Methods in plant biochemistry and molecular biology Dashek, William V
- 4. Plant Secondary Metabolites: Occurrence, Structure and Role in the Human Diet Alan Crozier
- 5. Plant Physiology Taiz and Zeiger Sinauer Associates Inc.
- 6. Plant Biochemistry Caroline Bowsher, Martin steer, Alyson Tobin Garland science
- 7. Plant Biochemistry P.M Dev and J.B. Harborne Academic Press
- 8. Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers



Course Title: Metabolism II

Academic year 2023-24

COURSE	DESCRIPTION
OUTCOME	A student completing this course will be able to:
CO 1	Interpret the importance of enzymes and coenzymes in
	pathophysiology of diseases.
CO 2	Conclude the interrelationship between metabolic pathways of
	different biomolecules and their interdependence
CO 3	Explain the metabolic roles played by vitamins and minerals,
	appreciate the correlation between energy molecules, reducing
	equivalents and their role in metabolic pathways.
CO 4	Illustrate the pathways and cycles of nucleic acid metabolism.
CO5	Recognize the role & functions of vitamins & its coenzymes and
	analyse the deficiency of it
CO6	Outline the main steps in the metabolism of fatty acids, proteins, and
	carbohydrates and the principles of their regulation.
CO7	Extend the potential role of pharma therapeutic agents that target the
	underlying pathophysiology of metabolic syndrome
CO8	Make use of theoretical concepts of Metabolism and develop
	experimental acumen



Course	Unit	Course/ Unit Title	Credits/		
Code		Metabolism II	Hours		
		RUSBCH403	2 / 45 Hours		
	1	Metabolism of Vitamins and Co-enzymes	15		
	1.1	Water soluble vitamins			
	1.1.1	Vitamin B complex (Chemistry of the vitamin & its			
		coenzyme form, Biochemical role and disorders) -			
		Thiamin, Riboflavin, Niacin, Pyridoxine, Biotin, Lipoic			
		acid:- Chemistry of the Vitamin and its coenzyme			
		form [structure not to be done, only group involved in			
	110	its activity] Vitamin C			
		Fat soluble vitamins A,D,E,K (Chemistry of the			
	1.2	vitamin & its coenzyme form, Biochemical role and			
•		disorders) –			
	1.2.1	Vitamin A – Chemistry, Wald's Visual cycle and role			
		of Rhodopsin (with structure), Transducin, cGMP in			
	. •	vision; Deficiency disorders (Night Blindness,			
		Xerosis Conjunctiva, Xerosis Cornea, Bitot's Spots,			
		Keratomalacia, Follicullar Hyperkeratosis)			
	1.2.2	Vitamin D – role in Ca absorption and mobilization,			
	400	Deficiency disorders (Rickets, Osteomalacia);			
	1.2.3	Vit E and Vit K– physiological role			
	2	(Vitamins D, E, K no structures) Nucleic Acid Metabolism & Integration of	15		
	2	Metabolism	13		
	2.1	Metabolism of Purine and pyrimidine			
	2.1.1	Biosynthesis and degradation			
		Salvage pathway			
	_	Inhibitors			
II	2.2	Integration of metabolism			
	2.2.1	Integration of major metabolic pathways of energy			
	2 2 2	metabolism Organ specialization and metabolic integration –			
	2.2.2	Liver, Adipose tissues, Skeletal muscle, Brain,			
		Kidney			
	2.2.3	Metabolism of starvation - Liver, Adipose tissues,			
		Skeletal muscle, Brain			
	3	Metabolic disorders	15		
	3.1	Inborn error: With respect to Etiology and Clinical			
		manifestations			
	3.2	Disorders related to Carbohydrate Metabolism:			
III		Glycogen storage diseases and its types, Glucose-6-			
		phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency disease,			
		Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome, Fabry's disease Classical galactosemia, essential fructosuria			
	3.3	Disorders related to Amino acid Metabolism:			
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	Hyperammonemia, Glycinuria, Phenyl ketonuria,	
	Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Metabolic disorders of urea	
	cycle, Hartnup's disease, Cystinuria, Cystinosis,	
0.4	Homocystinuria & its types, Maple syrup disease	
3.4	Disorders related to Lipid Metabolism:	
	Disorders of Sphingolipids – Neimann-Pick, Farber's	
	disease, Tay-Sach's and Sphingolipidoses	
	Disorders of lipoprotein metabolism – Hypo and	
	hyper lipoproteinemias, Deficicency of LDL receptors	
	Disorders of glycolipids – Gaucher & Krabbe's disease	
3.5	Disorders related to Nucleic acid Metabolism: Purine	
5.5	metabolism disorders (Gout and its types, Lesch-	
	Nyhan syndrome), Pyrimidine metabolism disorders	
	(Orotic aciduria, Reye's syndrome)	
	Practicals – RUSBCHP403	1 Credit
1	Estimation of vitamin C by dichlorophenol dye	
	method	
2	Estimation of Vitamin C iodometrically	
3	Estimation of serum uric acid by phosphotungstic	
	acid method (Caraways method)	
4	Estimation of serum SGPT and SGOT	
5	Use of softwares to understand metabolism – KEGG,	
	Ecocyc, Metacyc, Biocyc	
6	Case study and questionnaire designing for survey	
	on metabolic disorders	
7	Field Visit	

- 1. Biochemistry U. Sathyanarayana Books and Allied (P) Ltd. Kolkata.
- 2. A Textbook of Medical Biochemistry MN Chatterjea & Rana Shinde, 8th Edition, Jaypee Publication
- 3. Biochemistry Voet, D. and Voet, J.G. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. USA.
- 4. Biochemistry by L. Stryer W.H. Freeman Press, San Francisco, USA.
- 5. Outlines of Biochemistry E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 6. Text book of Biochemistry J.L Jain
- 7. Text Book of Biochemistry D.M. Vasudevan
- 8. Text Book of Biochemistry A.C. Deb, 9th revised edition (2017)
- 9. Biochemistry Garret, R.H. and Grisham, C.M. (2005) Thomson Learning INC.
- 10. Biochemical methods S Sadashivam and A Manickam New Age International publishers
- 11. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry J. Jayaraman New Age International
- 12. An Introduction To Practical Biochemistry Plummer David



Modality of Assessment (SEMESTER IV)

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Class test	20
2	Class test/ Project/ Assignment/ Presentation	20
	TOTAL	40

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks Semester End Theory Examination:

- 1. Duration These examinations shall be of **02 HOURS** duration.
- 2. Theory question paper pattern:

Paper Pattern:

Question	Options	Marks	Questions Based on
Q1.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT I
Qž.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT II
Q3.	Any 3 out of 5	15	UNIT III
Q4. A	Any 5 out of 6	05	
Q4. B	Any 5 out of 6	05	UNIT I, II & III
Q4. C	Any 5 out of 6	05	
	TOTAL	60	

Practical Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Examination: 40%- 40 Marks

Particulars	Practical I, II & III
Journal	05
Experimental	15
tasks	
Total	20



B) External Examination: 60%- 60 Marks

Semester End Practical Examination:

Particulars	Practical I, II & III
Laboratory work	25
Viva	5
Total	30

Overall Examination & Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester IV

Course	4	01		4	.02		4	03		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
Practicals	20	30	50	20	30	50	20	30	50	150