

S. P. Mandali's
Ramnarain Ruia Autonomous College
(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Syllabus for

Program: MSc I

Program Code: RPSBCH

(Credit Based Semester and Grading
System for academic year 2021–2022)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

| PO | PO Description |
|-------------|--|
| | A student completing Master's Degree in SCIENCE program will be able to: |
| PO 1 | Demonstrate in depth understanding in the relevant science discipline. Recall, explain, extrapolate, and organize conceptual scientific knowledge for execution and application and also to evaluate its relevance. |
| PO 2 | Critically evaluate, analyse, and comprehend a scientific problem. Think creatively, experiment and generate a solution independently, check and validate it and modify if necessary. |
| PO 3 | Access, evaluate, understand, and compare digital information from various sources and apply it for scientific knowledge acquisition as well as scientific data analysis and presentation. |
| PO 4 | Articulate scientific ideas, put forth a hypothesis, design and execute testing tools and draw relevant inferences. Communicate the research work in appropriate scientific language. |
| PO 5 | Demonstrate initiative, competence, and tenacity at the workplace. Successfully plan and execute tasks independently as well as with team members. Effectively communicate and present complex information accurately and appropriately to different groups. |
| PO 6 | Use an objective, unbiased and non-manipulative approach in collection and interpretation of scientific data and avoid plagiarism and violation of Intellectual Property Rights. Appreciate and be sensitive to environmental and sustainability issues and understand its scientific significance and global relevance. |
| PO 7 | Translate academic research into innovation and creatively design scientific solutions to problems. Exemplify project plans, use management skills, and lead a team for planning and execution of a task. |
| PO 8 | Understand cross disciplinary relevance of scientific developments and relearn and reskill so as to adapt to technological advancements. |

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| PSO | Description |
|---------------|--|
| | A student completing Master's Degree in SCIENCE program in the subject of BIOCHEMISTRY will be able to: |
| PSO 1 | Acquire necessary knowledge and skills to undertake a career in research, either in industry or in an academic set up. |
| PSO 2 | Compare and contrast the breadth and depth of scientific knowledge in the broad range of fields including Protein biochemistry, Bioenergetics, Diagnostic Biochemistry, Hormonal Biochemistry, Molecular Biology, Nutritional Biochemistry, and Nanotechnology. |
| PSO 3 | Extrapolate and comprehend the regulatory role of metabolic processes and understand the underlying cause of metabolic disorders |
| PSO 4 | Acquire thorough knowledge of Biochemical Techniques, Advanced Immunology, Physiology, Genetic Engineering, and Biotechnology |
| PSO 5 | Describe and express the biochemical basis of human diseases, protein structure and conformation, non-invasive diagnostics, clinical research, and its importance in drug development. Usage of this knowledge further for multitude of laboratory applications. |
| PSO 6 | Integrate and apply the techniques in Biophysics, Analytical Biochemistry, Clinical biochemistry, Microbiology, Molecular Biology and Basics in Bioinformatics |
| PSO 7 | Gain proficiency in laboratory techniques in both Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, and be able to apply the scientific method to the processes of experimentation and Hypothesis testing |
| PSO 8 | Develop and enhance skills & improve employability through academic, research and internship opportunities |
| PSO 9 | Gain exposure to basic research through the provision of PG research based project. |
| PSO 10 | Learn to work as a team as well as independently to compile and interpret Biological data, carry out Research investigations and draw conclusions |

PROGRAM OUTLINE

| YEAR | SEM | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CREDITS |
|-------|-----|-------------|--|---------|
| MSc I | I | RPSBCH101 | Membrane Biochemistry & Bioenergetics | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH102 | Protein Biochemistry & Enzymology | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH103 | Biostatistics and Ecology | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH104 | Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques I | 4 |
| | | RPSBCHP101 | Practicals based on RPSBCH101 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP102 | Practicals based on RPSBCH102 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP103 | Practicals based on RPSBCH103 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP104 | Practicals based on RPSBCH104 | 2 |
| | II | RPSBCH201 | Industrial Biotechnology | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH202 | Research Methodology, IPR, Bioinformatics & Nanotechnology | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH203 | Fundamentals of Genetics | 4 |
| | | RPSBCH204 | Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques II | 4 |
| | | RPSBCHP201 | Practicals based on RPSBCH201 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP202 | Practicals based on RPSBCH202 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP203 | Practicals based on RPSBCH203 | 2 |
| | | RPSBCHP204 | Practicals based on RPSBCH204 | 2 |

Semester I**Course Code:** RPSBCH101**Course Title:** Membrane Biochemistry & Bioenergetics**Academic year 2021-22****COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|--|
| CO 1 | Understand composition and structure of bio-membranes |
| CO 2 | Recognize the importance of transport mechanisms and cellular trafficking across biological membranes |
| CO 3 | Describe different types of transporters and explain their mechanisms |
| CO 4 | Comprehend the different modes of communication between cells including signal reception, transduction, amplification, and response. |
| CO 5 | Know about Bioenergetics, mechanisms of oxidative phosphorylation |
| CO 6 | Learn the concept and mechanism of ATP synthesis |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Membrane Biochemistry & Bioenergetics RPSBCH101 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|----------|---|-----------------------------------|
| I | 1 | Membrane Fluidics & Dynamics | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Overview of membrane biochemistry | 2L |
| | 1.2 | Membrane fluidity | 2L |
| | 1.2.1 | Importance of membrane fluidity | |
| | 1.2.2 | Maintenance of membrane fluidity- Concept of transition temperature & general characteristics | |
| | 1.3.1 | Lipid rafts- Composition significance & its role of lipid rafts in maintaining membrane & membrane signalling | 4L |
| | 1.3.2 | Specialized lipid rafts- Caveolae (Formation of Cavolins, Cavins and its significance in endocytosis & other mechanisms) | |
| | 1.4 | Membrane dynamics Membrane bilayer mobility- Frye Edinin Experiment & FRAP analysis | 2L |
| | 1.5 | Membrane asymmetry- Lateral membrane asymmetry- Lipids & proteins Transverse membrane asymmetry Role of Flippase, Floppase and Scramblase in maintaining asymmetry | 2L |
| | 1.6 | Membrane domain and cell polarity- | 2L |
| | 1.7 | Study of RBC cell- model for cell membrane | 1L |
| II | 2 | Membrane Transport & cellular trafficking | 15L |
| | 2.1 | Passive transport – Passive diffusion (Polar & Non polar), diffusion and osmosis, facilitated diffusion of ions and molecules | 3L |
| | 2.2.1 | Ion channels- Ligand gated, mechanical gated, Voltage gated, Anion transporter (band 3) | |
| | 2.2.2 | Molecule channels- (Glucose transporters) | |
| | 2.3 | Primary Active transport Atpases pump- Na ⁺ -K ⁺ Pump, Ca ²⁺ -K ⁺ Pump, ABC transporter (CFTR) Light driven – Bacteriorhodopsin | 4L |
| | 2.4 | Secondary active transports- Symport (Mechanism of Absorption of peptides by enterocytes), Mechanism of Cytosolic pH maintenance | 3L |

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| | 2.5 | Specialized ion channels - Aquaporins, Ionophores: gramicidin, & valinomycin | |
| | 2.6 | Antiport - Absorption of peptides by enterocytes, Antiporter in cardiac muscle cell with effect of Ouabain & digoxin | 2L |
| | 2.7 | Cellular trafficking | 2L |
| | 2.7.1 | The Molecular Mechanisms of Membrane Transport and the Maintenance of Compartmental Diversity | |
| | 2.7.2 | Gated, vesicular and transmembrane transport | 1L |
| | 3 | Cell-cell communication | 15L |
| | 3.1 | Introduction to Cell-cell communication & its Biological Significance | 1L |
| | 3.2 | Cell Adhesion and Cell adhesion molecules | 4L |
| | 3.2.1 | Importance of cell adhesion and cell adhesion molecules | |
| | 3.2.2 | Cadherins, Lectins and selectins (Their role and importance in cell adhesion with one significant example) | |
| | 3.3 | Cell-cell junction | 3L |
| | 3.3.1 | Classification | |
| | 3.3.2 | Adherence junction- Focal adhesion, Hemidesmosome, desmosome and their role in Wnt pathway, tissue integrity | |
| | 3.3.4 | Tight junction- Role of JAM (claudins and occludins) its role in glucose transport across intestine | 2L |
| | 3.3.5 | Gap junction- connexon & its role in electrical synapse | 1L |
| | 3.4 | Extracellular matrix in plants and animals | 4L |
| | 3.4.1 | Structure and Biological significance of Collagen, Elastin, fibronectin, Laminins and integrins | |
| | 4 | Oxidative Phosphorylation & its regulation | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Oxidative phosphorylation | 2L |
| | 4.2 | Electron transfer reactions in mitochondrion | |
| | 4.2.1 | Universal electron acceptors – Role in biological oxidation-reduction reactions | |
| | 4.2.2 | Membrane-bound carriers (Ubiquinone, Cytochromes, Fe-S proteins, Rieske Fe-S proteins) – Structure and mechanism of electron transfer | 2L |
| III | | | |
| IV | | | |

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| | 4.3.1 | Methods for determining the sequence of electron carriers | 4L |
| | 4.3.2 | Structure and function of each complex of mitochondrial respiratory chain | |
| | 4.3.3 | Separation of functional complexes of respiratory chain | |
| | 4.3.4 | Flow of electrons and protons through the complexes of respiratory chain | |
| | 4.4 | Proton motive force | 1L |
| | 4.5 | Alternative mechanism in plant mitochondria | |
| | 4.6.1 | Phosphoryl group transfers and ATP | 1L |
| | 4.6.2 | ATP synthesis by binding-change model for ATP synthase | 3L |
| | 4.6.3 | Role of luciferin in firefly flashes | |
| | 4.6.4 | Chemical uncouplers of oxidation and phosphorylation | |
| | 4.7 | Alternative respiratory pathway in plant | |
| | 4.8 | Regulation of oxidative phosphorylation | 2L |
| | 4.8.1 | Regulation based on energy demands, in oxidative stress, In brown fat and integrated regulation in metabolism | |
| | | Practicals RPSBCH101 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Separation of RBC membrane proteins by SDS-PAGE | |
| | 2 | Effect of temperature and molecular weight on diffusion | |
| | 3 | Effect of tonicity on cell membrane | |
| | 4 | Mitochondrial respiration and effect of different Inhibitors for ETC (Dry lab) | |
| | 5 | In-vitro study of RBC membrane stabilization | |
| | 6 | Isolation of lipids from plant and animal source and their utilization in the formation of artificial membrane vesicle | |
| | 7 | Graphical study of hydropathy plot and FRAP analysis (Dry lab) | |

References:

1. Molecular Cell Biology (2016) 8th ed., Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C.A., Krieger, M., Bretscher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A. and Scott, M.P., W.H. Freeman & Company (New York).
2. Biochemistry (2016) 6th ed., Garret, R. H. and Grisham, C.M., Cengage Learning (Boston).
3. Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2017) 7th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W.H. Freeman and Company (New York).
4. Molecular Biology of the Cell (Sixth Edition) by Bruce Alberts
5. Essential Cell Biology – Alberts, Bray, Hopkin, Johnson, Lewis, Raff, Roberts, Walter (4th Edition)
6. Principles of Biochemistry (2008) 3rd ed., Voet, D.J., Voet, J.G. and Pratt, C.W., John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (New York), ISBN:13: 978-0470-23396-2
7. Biochemical methods, S Sadashivam and A Manickam, new age international publishers
8. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry, 2003, J. Jayaraman, New Age International

Course Code: RPSBCH102

Course Title: Protein Biochemistry & Enzymology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|--|
| CO 1 | Understand details of protein structure such as protein organization, end group analysis and stabilizing bonds |
| CO 2 | Know Various techniques used in the study of protein biochemistry |
| CO 3 | Learn Protein folding & Protein Engineering and their research - oriented applications |
| CO 4 | Analyse Ramachandran plot and other plots with respect to kinetics of different enzymes |
| CO 5 | Determine optimum temperature, pH for the activity of an enzyme. |
| CO 6 | Determine K_m and V_{max} of enzymes and to analyse enzyme kinetics. |
| CO 7 | Understand enzyme inhibition with more complexity. |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Protein Biochemistry & Enzymology RPSBCH102 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|----------|---|--|
| I | 1 | Introduction to Proteins & Protein Structure | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Organization of protein structure into primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary structures | 2L |
| | 1.2.1 | Primary structure determination of protein | 2L |
| | | End group analysis-N & C terminal amino acid analysis – By dansyl chloride, Sanger's Reagent, Edman's degradation, Exopeptidase | |
| | 1.2.2 | Cleavage of disulphide bond | |
| | 1.3 | Mass spectrometry for protein analysis, Tandem MS, Solid phase peptide synthesis | 3L |
| | 1.4 | Nature of stabilizing bond – covalent and non-covalent. | |
| | 1.5 | The peptide bond length & configuration-Dihedral angle psi and phi, Helices, sheets and turns – Ramachandran plot | 2L |
| | 1.6 | Techniques used to study 3D Structures- X-ray diffraction, NMR | 2L |
| | 1.7 | Supersecondary structures: Motifs and domains | 2L |
| | 1.8 | Tertiary and quaternary structures- Structure of haemoglobin and myoglobin | 2L |
| | II | 2 | Protein folding & Protein Engineering |
| 2.1 | | Protein denaturation and folding (Ribonuclease A) | 2L |
| 2.1.1 | | Importance of primary structure in folding | |
| 2.2 | | Molecular mechanism of protein folding | 2L |
| 2.3 | | Role of chaperons, chaperonins & PDI in protein folding | 2L |
| 2.4 | | Disorders related to protein folding- Alzheimer's and prion disease | 2L |
| 2.5 | | Protein Engineering | 3L |
| 2.5.1 | | Basic principles, Types and Methods | |
| 2.5.2 | | Strategies in protein engineering (Directed evolution, Comparative design, Rational design) | 4L |
| 2.5.3 | | Applications and case studies. | |
| III | 3 | Enzyme kinetics and inhibition | 15L |
| | 3.1 | Introduction to enzymes, mechanism of enzyme action | 3L |

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| | 3.2 | Types of enzyme catalysis – Acid base, Covalent & metal ion | |
| | 3.3 | Enzyme kinetics | 4L |
| | 3.3.1 | The Relationship between Substrate Concentration and Reaction Rate- Michaelis-Menten Kinetics of monosubstrate enzyme reaction, LB Plot, Einsethal Cornish Bowden Plots & Eadie- Hofstee plot | |
| | 3.4 | Enzyme inhibition | 4L |
| | | Types of inhibitors- Competitive, Non-competitive and Uncompetitive, Mixed, Suicidal inhibition and their mode of action and experimental determination considering suitable example | |
| | 3.5 | Allosteric enzymes | 4L |
| | | Mechanism of action, deviation from MM equation and allosteric regulation | |
| | | Allosteric interactions- protein ligand binding, co-operativity, Hill & Scatchard plot | |
| IV | 4 | Enzyme regulation and modifications | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Enzyme regulation- Product inhibition, Feedback control, Enzyme induction and repression | 3L |
| | 4.2.1 | Enzyme modification reactions (Phosphorylation, Adenylation, Uridylation, ADP-ribosylation, Methylation) | 3L |
| | 4.2.2 | Regulation of enzymes by proteolytic cleavage | |
| | 4.3 | Enzymatic action and biological role of following – Hexokinase, Chymotrypsin, Carboxypeptidase A | 2L |
| | 4.4 | Immobilized enzymes | 2L |
| | 4.4.1 | Relative practical and economic advantage for industrial use | |
| | 4.4.2 | Methods of immobilization- Ionic bonding, Adsorption, Covalent bonding (based on R group of amino acids), Microencapsulation and Gel entrapment. | 4L |
| | 4.4.3 | Immobilization of multienzyme system | 1L |

| Practicals – RPSBCHP102 | | 2 Credits |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Plotting graphs using computer tools | |
| 2 | Estimation of proteins using Lowry method | |
| 3 | Study of Ramachandran plot (Dry lab) | |
| 4 | Study of protein denaturation – change in isoelectric pH | |
| 5 | Colorimetric assay for cysteine | |
| 6 | Determination of optimum pH & temperature of β -Amylase/Invertase/Urease | |
| 7 | Determination of K_m and V_{max} of β -Amylase/Invertase/Urease | |
| 8 | Assay to determine enzyme activity and specific activity | |
| 9 | Study the effect of inhibitor on β -Amylase/Invertase/Urease | |
| 10 | Comparative assessment of the β -Amylase/Invertase/Urease activity in free and immobilized state | |
| 11 | Reusability & Storage stability of immobilized Amylase/Invertase/Urease | |

References:

1. A.L., Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry (1982), Worth Publishers, Inc. New York.
2. Harper's Biochemistry – Murray, Granner, Mayes, and Rodwell – Prentice Hall International Inc.
3. Textbook of medical physiology: A. C. Gyton, and J. E HallSaunders Elsevier Publications, A division of Reed Elsevier India Pvt .Ltd.New Delhi ISBN 81-8147-084-2
4. Advances in Enzymology and Related Areas of Molecular Biology, Mechanism of Enzyme Action, Daniel Purich
5. Medical Biochemistry by Ramakrishnan (2012)
6. ENZYMES: Catalysis, Kinetics and Mechanisms by N.S. Punekar
7. Molecular and cellular enzymology by Jeannine Yon-Kahn, G. Hervé.
8. Biochemical methods, S Sadashivam and A Manickam, new age international publishers
9. J. Jayaraman , Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry, 2003, New Age International

Course Code: RPSBCH103

Course Title: Biostatistics and Ecology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|---|
| CO 1 | Acquire hands-on practical training to plan biological experiments with requisite sample size. After completion of experiments based on different sample sizes students will be able to perform proper statistical analysis of the data using mean, median, mode, Range, percentiles, variance, SD, Mean deviation and Coefficient of variation |
| CO 2 | Apply the principles of biological data management in real life situations. |
| CO 3 | Learn R software and this training will improve computational, mathematical and computer skills of the students. |
| CO 4 | Make the use of Hypothesis testing, Chi-square, Correlation & Regression, Normal distribution, ANOVA, Probability in their research work. |
| CO 5 | Know statistical methods and it will help them in improving their analytical and interpretation skills |
| CO 6 | Understand different concepts in population studies and ecology |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Biostatistics and Ecology RPSBCH103 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| I | 1 | Descriptive statistics and Probability | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Descriptive statistics: | 5L |
| | 1.1.1 | Measures of central tendency - Mean, Median and mode | 5L |
| | 1.1.2 | Measures of dispersion- Range, percentiles, variance, SD, Mean deviation, Coefficient of variation | |
| | 3.1 | Probability | 5L |
| | 3.1.1 | Operations on events and probability | |
| | 3.1.2 | Conditional probability | |
| | 3.1.3 | Addition & Multiplication laws | |
| 3.1.4 | Concept of odds in favour and odds against | | |
| II | 2 | Normal distribution, Hypothesis testing and ANOVA | 15L |
| | 2.1.1 | Normal distribution and skewness | 3L |
| | 2.1.2 | Normal variate & its significance | 4L |
| | 2.2 | Hypothesis testing – z-test – one sample, two samples | |
| | | One sample t-test Independent and Paired t-test | |
| | 2.3 | Standard error | 5L |
| | 2.4 | ANOVA – characteristics and types One way ANOVA testing | 3L |
| | III | 3 | Chi-square, Correlation & Regression and Introduction to R-software |
| 3.2 | | Chi-square | 2L |
| 3.2.1 | | Test of population variance | 3L |
| 3.2.2 | | Test of goodness of fit | |
| 3.2.3 | | Test of association - 2 x 2 Table, Yates' correction | |
| 1.2 | | Correlation | 4L |
| 1.2.1 | | Introduction to Correlation, Bivariate & multivariate distributions, | |
| 1.2.2 | | Types of correlation | |
| 1.2.3 | | Measure of correlation – Karl Pearson, Spearman rank order and scatter plot | |
| 1.3 | | Regression | 3L |
| 1.3.1 | Concept of regression, Types of regression | | |

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| | 1.3.2 | Regression coefficient and equation | |
| | 1.3.3 | Simple & multiple regression | |
| | 3.3 | Introduction & application of R-software | 3L |
| IV | 4 | Ecology | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Introduction to ecology | 1L |
| | 4.2 | Habitat and Niche | 3L |
| | | Concept of habitat and niche; niche width and overlap; fundamental and realized niche; resource partitioning; character displacement | |
| | 4.3 | Population Ecology | 4L |
| | | Characteristics of a population; population growth curves; population regulation; life history strategies (r and K selection); concept of metapopulation – demes and dispersal, interdemetic extinctions, age structured populations | |
| | 4.4 | Species Interactions | 3L |
| | | Types of interactions, interspecific competition, herbivory, carnivory, pollination, symbiosis | |
| | 4.5 | Community Ecology | 4L |
| | | Nature of communities; community structure and attributes; levels of species diversity and its measurement; edges and ecotones | |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP103 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Introduction & application of R-software | |
| | 2 | Descriptive statistics using Microsoft excel/ R-software | |
| | 3 | Hypothesis testing of means & Hypothesis testing of difference between means using excel/ R-software | |
| | 4 | ANOVA & Chi-square test using excel/ R-software | |
| | 5 | Correlation & Regression using excel/ R-software | |
| | 6 | Study of Gause principle using <i>Paramecium</i> species (K-strategies) as study model | |
| | 7 | Study of logistic vs exponential growth curve and problems on population ecology | |
| | 8 | Graphical study of Lotka Volterra competition equation | |

References:

1. Biostatistics by Arora
2. B.K. Mahajan. Jaypee brothers, Methods in biostatistics for medical & research workers. 6th edition, Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
3. Wayne Daniel, Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in Health Sciences, 10th edition, 2013, Wiley.
4. Analysis of Biological Data, M. Whitlock and D. Schluter (2009); Roberts and company publishers
5. Statistical Modeling: A Fresh Approach by Daniel Kaplan
6. Research methodology Methods and Techniques by C.R. Kothari
7. Odum E.P. Fundamentals of Ecology, Saunders publication; Indian edition, Nataraj Publications Dehradun, 1998.
8. Verma, P.S. and Agarwal, V.K. Concept of ecology (Environmental Biology), S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi 2004.

RAMNARAIN RUIA AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

Course Code: RPSBCH104

Course Title: Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques I

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|--|
| CO 1 | Gain expertise in the isolation of various biomolecules and organelles. |
| CO 2 | Obtain hands-on training in basic separation techniques in biochemistry and gain expertise in the isolation of various biomolecules and organelles |
| CO 3 | Acquire a sound background of latest methods used in biochemistry for purification of enzymes, isolation and characterization of proteins, nucleic acids, etc. |
| CO 4 | Develop practical skills related to applications of spectroscopy, chromatography, electrophoresis |
| CO 5 | Get equipped with the latest techniques used in analysis of biomolecules and this will help them in undertaking further research in the area of biochemistry in any research/industrial institution. |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title | Credits/ Lectures |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques I RPSBCH104 | 4 Credits |
| I | 1 | Spectrophotometric techniques based on photometry | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Introduction to spectrophotometric techniques | 1L |
| | 1.2. | Principle, Instrumentation, Working & Biochemical applications of: | |
| | 1.2.1 | Ultraviolet and visible light spectroscopy | 3L |
| | 1.2.2 | Fluorescence spectroscopy | 2L |
| | 1.2.3 | Luminometry | 2L |
| | 1.2.4 | Circular dichroism spectroscopy | 2L |
| | 1.2.5 | Light scattering | 2L |
| | 1.2.6 | Atomic spectroscopy | 3L |
| II | 2 | Introduction to Chromatography | 15L |
| | 2.1 | Principle of chromatography – distribution coefficient, retention time, retention factor, eddy diffusion, Theoretical plates | 2L |
| | 2.2 | Types of Chromatography | |
| | 2.2.1 | Planar Chromatography | 4L |
| | | Paper Chromatography, TLC and HPTLC (Principle, working and applications) | |
| | 2.2.2 | Column Chromatography | 3L |
| | | Partition chromatography | |
| | | Normal phase Vs reverse phase chromatography | |
| | | Chiral chromatography | |
| | | Ion-exchange chromatography | 3L |
| | | Hydrophobic interaction chromatography /Size exclusion | |
| | Affinity chromatography- | 3L | |
| | Immunoaffinity chromatography | | |
| | Metal chelate ligand chromatography | | |
| III | 3 | Introduction to Electrophoresis and advanced electrophoresis techniques | 15L |
| | 3.1 | General principle of electrophoresis, and concept of electroosmotic flow and Frictional coefficient | 2L |
| | 3.2 | Types of Electrophoresis based on apparatus and supporting matrix | |
| | 3.3 | Electrophoresis of proteins | 5L |

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| | | Polyacrylamide gel (cross-linking reaction for the formation of polyacrylamide gel) | |
| | | Continuous and Discontinuous buffer system SDS PAGE, Native PAGE, Gradient gel, Isoelectric focusing gel, 2D Gel | |
| | | Detection, estimation and recovery of Proteins in gels- Staining techniques (CBB, Silver staining, Zinc staining), protein blotting | |
| | 3.4 | Electrophoresis of nucleic acid – | 3L |
| | | Electrophoresis of DNA –AGE, PFGE | |
| | | Electrophoresis of RNA | |
| | | Detection of Nucleic acid in gel- Ethidium bromide, syber green | |
| | 3.5 | Advanced electrophoresis- Capillary electrophoresis, Immunoelectrophoresis, Microchip electrophoresis, | 4L |
| | 3.6 | Gel documentation system- Principle and its application | 1L |
| IV | 4 | Radioisotopic Techniques | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Radioisotopes - Radioisotope Decay, Production of Isotopes, Synthesis of labelled compounds, Interaction of Radioactivity with matter, Measurement of Radioactivity with matter | 5L |
| | 4.2 | Radio-activity counters | 5L |
| | 4.2.1 | Methods based upon Gas Ionization (Ionization Chambers, Proportional Counters, Fundamentals of Geiger Counters) | |
| | 4.2.2 | Photographic methods | |
| | 4.2.3 | Methods based upon excitation - Liquid Scintillation counting | 4L |
| | 4.3.1 | Uses of Stable Isotopes in Biology & Clinical Diagnostics | |
| | 4.3.2 | Commonly used Isotopes | |
| | 4.4 | Safety Aspects and Precautions | 1L |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP104 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Estimation of glucose by Folin-Wu method | |
| | 2 | Estimation of Na and K using flame photometer | |
| | 3 | Separation of amino acids/ sugars/ bases by thin layer chromatography/paper | |
| | 4 | Separation of protein by SDS PAGE | |
| | 5 | Separation of proteins by gel filtration chromatography | |

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| | 6 | Separation of proteins using anion-exchange chromatography | |
| | 7 | Two dimensional chromatography of amino acids | |
| | 8 | Partial purification of an enzyme | |
| | 9 | Determination of pKa of glycine | |

References:

1. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (2010) 7th ed., Wilson, K., and Walker, J. (eds), Cambridge University Press (New Delhi)
2. Physical Biochemistry: Principles and Applications (2010) 2nd ed., Sheehan, D., Wiley Blackwell (West Sussex)
3. Analytical Biochemistry by David Holme and Hazel Peck
4. Introduction to Instrumentation in Life Sciences (2012) Bisen, P.S. and Sharma, A., CRC Press/Taylor and Francis Group (California), ISBN:978-1-4665-1240-
5. Biophysical Chemistry (2013), Schimmel, C.R.C., Macmillan Higher Education
6. Biophysical Chemistry, Principles & Techniques – Upadhyay, Upadhyay and Nath –Himalaya Publ. House.
7. Chromatography – G. Abbott
8. Chromatography Concepts, Methods and Applications – By Judah Carter
9. Biochemical methods, S Sadashivam and A Manickam, new age international publishers
10. J. Jayaraman , Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry, 2003, New Age International

Modality of Assessment (SEMESTER I)

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks

Semester End Theory Examination: (Deviation from the usual modality)

Owing to the pandemic situation prevailing in 2020 and continuing in 2021, the external examinations (Semester End) may be conducted online as per the instructions/circulars received from the University of Mumbai and Maharashtra State notifications from time to time. The conventional mode of external examination will commence again only after the declaration of normalcy by the Government authorities.

1. Duration - These examinations shall be of **02 ½ HOURS** duration.
2. Theory question paper pattern:

Paper Pattern:

| Question | Options | Marks | Questions Based on |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Q1. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT I |
| Q1. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q2. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT II |
| Q2. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q3. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT III |
| Q3. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q4. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT IV |
| Q4. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| TOTAL | | 60 | |

Practical Examination Pattern:**A) Internal Examination: 40%- 40 Marks**

| Particulars | Practical I, II, III & IV |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Journal | 05 |
| Experimental tasks | 15 |
| Total | 20 |

B) External Examination: 60%- 60 Marks**Semester End Practical Examination:**

| Particulars | Practical I, II, III & IV |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory work | 25 |
| Viva | 5 |
| Total | 30 |

Overall Examination & Marks Distribution Pattern**Semester I**

| Course | 101 | | | 102 | | | Grand Total |
|------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------------|
| | Internal | External | Total | Internal | External | Total | |
| Theory | 40 | 60 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 100 | 200 |
| Practicals | 20 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 100 |

| Course | 103 | | | 104 | | | Grand Total |
|------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------------|
| | Internal | External | Total | Internal | External | Total | |
| Theory | 40 | 60 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 100 | 200 |
| Practicals | 20 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 100 |

Semester II**Course Code:** RPSBCH201**Course Title:** Industrial Biotechnology**Academic year 2021-22****COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|---|
| CO 1 | Understand the fermentation process, inoculum development and fermentation media. |
| CO 2 | Acquire information about large scale production and purification of various industrially important produces. |
| CO 3 | Procure information about types and applications of biosensors in the field of biology. |
| CO 4 | Obtain knowledge about production of different types of vaccines |
| CO 5 | Realize the importance and identify the requirements for the compliance of QC, QA, GMP and GLP |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Industrial Biotechnology RPSBCH201 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|-----------|---|--|
| I | 1 | Industrial Importance of Carbohydrates, Proteins & Lipids | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Carbohydrates of industrial importance | 2L |
| | 1.1.1 | Manufacturing and refining of cane sugar, pectin & cellulose | |
| | 1.1.2 | Manufacturing of polysaccharides-Plant polysaccharide (Gum Arabic), microbial polysaccharides– modified starches & celluloses | 3L |
| | 1.2 | Lipids of industrial importance | 3L |
| | 1.2.1 | Extraction and refining of vegetable oils and animal fats & essential oils | |
| | 1.2.2 | Extraction and applications of chlorophyll, carotene, lycopene Turmeric | 2L |
| | 1.3 | Proteins of industrial importance | 5L |
| | 1.3.1 | Hormones – conventional & engineered-Insulin, Erythropoietin, Growth hormones | |
| | 1.3.2 | Non – catalytic industrial proteins – casein, whey proteins, Egg proteins, wheat germ proteins. | |
| | II | 2 | Biosensors & Vaccine Technology |
| 2.1 | | Biosensors | 2L |
| 2.1.1 | | Beneficial features of biosensors | |
| 2.1.2 | | Basic components of biosensor | |
| 2.2 | | Types: Electrochemical, Thermometric, Optical, Piezoelectric, Whole cell, Immunobiosensor (Construction and development) Types of biosensors, their construction, working and application in various industries and medicine | 2L |
| 2.2.1 | | Calorimetric biosensor – Enzyme based sensors (Importance in clinical diagnosis) | 3L |
| 2.2.2 | | Potentiometric biosensor- Ion selective electrode (Importance in environmental monitoring) | |
| 2.2.3 | | Amperometric biosensor- (Glucose monitoring) Optical biosensor- Chromogenic reaction | |
| 2.2.4 | | Piezo-electric biosensor –Crystal study | 1L |
| 2.2.5 | | Immunosensor - ELISA | |
| 2.3 | | Production of vaccine | 2L |

| | | | |
|------------|----------|--|------------|
| | 2.3.1 | Vaccine derived from whole organism Attenuated & Inactivated vaccine | |
| | 2.3.2 | Vaccine derived from macromolecules purified from pathogenic organism – Use of Bacterial polysaccharide, Toxoid, Proteins, Synthetic peptide for vaccine development | 3L |
| | 2.3.3 | Recombinant vector vaccine | |
| | 2.3.4 | Multivalent subunit vaccine- (SMAA complex & ISCOM) | 2L |
| | 2.3.5 | DNA vaccine (Production & applications) | |
| | 2.3.6 | Anti-Idiotypic vaccine (Use of hybridoma technology) | |
| | 3 | Bioprocess technology | 15L |
| | 3.1 | Upstream processing: | 2L |
| | 3.1.1 | Strains and Strain Improvement of industrial microorganisms | |
| | 3.1.2 | Isolation of industrially important microorganisms | |
| | 3.1.3 | Improvement of industrial microorganisms a) Selection of induced mutants for primary metabolite b) Isolation of induced mutants for secondary metabolites | 3L |
| | 3.1.4 | Sterilization i) Introduction ii) Media sterilization | |
| | 3.1.5 | Design and methods of batch sterilization | 2L |
| | 3.1.6 | Design and methods of continuous sterilization | |
| | 3.2 | Downstream processing | 5L |
| | 3.2.1 | Recovery & Purification of fermentation products: i. Introduction, Precipitation, Filtration - theory, filter-aids, batch filters (Plate and frame filters), continuous filters (Rotary vacuum), Centrifugation: flocculating agent, range of centrifuges - Basket, tubular bowl. ii. Cell disruption: Physico-chemical. iii. Liquid – Liquid extraction, Solvent recovery, iv. Chromatography, Ultrafiltration, reverse osmosis, liquid membranes, drying, crystallization, Whole broth processing. | |
| | 3.3 | Environmental aspects | 3L |
| | 3.3.1 | Effluent treatment and regulations for fermentation industry | |
| | 3.3.2 | Modern methods of effluent treatment | |
| III | 4 | Total Quality Management (QC, QA, GLP, GMP) | 15L |
| IV | 4.1 | Importance of Laboratory Quality | 2L |

| | | | |
|--|-------|--|-----------|
| | 4.1.1 | Overview of the quality management system | |
| | 4.2 | Introduction and Concept (in labs & production processes) of - | 3L |
| | 4.2.1 | QC – Types, Requirement to implement QC, Control materials | |
| | 4.2.2 | QA – SOP, Calibration, Auditing and checking compliance | 3L |
| | 4.2.3 | GMP – Sanitation and Hygiene, Qualification and validation, Documentation of GMP practices | 3L |
| | 4.2.4 | GLP – Protocol, Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), Validation of methods, Audits and Inspection | 4L |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP201 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Estimation of Total Carbohydrates by anthrone method | |
| | 2 | Colorimetric estimation of fructose | |
| | 3 | Isolation of pectin from apples | |
| | 4 | Isolation of cellulose by acidified sodium chlorite treatment | |
| | 5 | Plant protein extraction by TCA-Acetone method | |
| | 6 | Isolation of Lecithin & Cholesterol from egg yolk | |
| | 7 | Extraction of oils using Soxhlet apparatus and its analysis | |
| | 8 | Bioassay of vitamin B ₁₂ | |
| | 9 | Quality control experiments | |
| | 10 | Virtual Lab – Bioreactor modelling & Simulation Lab | |

References:

- 1) L.E.Casida, Industrial Microbiology, New Age International publishers
- 2) Biosensors: Fundamentals and Applications, Bansi Dhar Malhotra and Chandra Mouli Pandey (Smithers Rapra)
- 3) Handbook of Good Laboratory Practices (GLP), Second Edition – World Health Organization
- 4) Quality Assurance - A Practical Guide to the Design and Implementation of Assessments and Monitoring Programmes, Jamie Bartram and Gareth Rees, World Health Organization
- 5) M. Pelczar, E.C.S. Chan and M.R. Krieg, MICROBIOLOGY, McGraw Hill Inc., Singapore (1997).
- 6) L. E. Casida, Industrial microbiology, New age international publishers
- 7) Industrial Fermentation by Paul Allen
- 8) Biochemical methods, S Sadashivam and A Manickam, new age international publishers
- 9) J. Jayaraman, Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry, 2003, New Age International

RAMNARAIN RUIA AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

Course Code: RPSBCH202

Course Title: Research Methodology, IPR, Bioinformatics & Nanotechnology

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|---|
| CO 1 | Understand the objectives of doing scientific research. |
| CO 2 | Learn how to identify the area of research to be conducted, how to proceed for literature survey using a variety of sources and how to write research project proposal with well-placed hypothesis and objectives. |
| CO 3 | Learn the skills of research design, nature of sample size as well as collection and analysis of data. |
| CO 4 | Know the skills of writing research report and making oral presentations. |
| CO 5 | Understand the significance of studying different variables in a research study and its effects on the results obtained and the importance of the statistical analysis of the results. At the end the students will also be aware of different methodologies by which research can be effectively communicated. |
| CO 6 | Understand methods used for bioinformatics studies. |
| CO 7 | Comprehend the synthesis of nanomaterials and their applications in the field of biology and medicines. |
| CO 8 | Appreciate the technological advances in the field of nanobiotechnology and get fascinated with the advances in the research field and try to pursue them. |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Research Methodology, IPR, Bioinformatics & Nanotechnology RPSBCH202 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| I | 1 | Research, Research Design & Presentation | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Research | 4L |
| | 1.1.1 | Meaning of research, Objectives of research, Types of Research, Research Process | |
| | 1.1.2 | Criteria for good research, Significance of research. | |
| | 1.2 | Research Problem | |
| | 1.2.1 | Formulating research problem | |
| | 1.2.2 | Problems encountered by a researcher | |
| | 1.3 | Research Design | |
| | 1.3.1 | Meaning and need for research design, Features of good research design, | |
| | 1.3.2 | Types of research designs – exploratory, descriptive, experimental, survey and case study. | 6L |
| | 1.3.3 | Different research designs and their basic principle. Study Designs and Variations (only definitions): Prospective, retrospective, prospective & retrospective, observational, experimental, clinical trials, RCT, Cohort, cross sectional and case-controlled studies. | |
| | 1.3 | Presentation | 5L |
| | 1.3.1 | Methodology for writing a report and oral presentation | |
| | 1.3.2 | Presentation – Oral & Written. Use of digital media. | |
| 1.3.3 | Preparing for oral presentation, Structure of oral presentation | | |
| 1.3.4 | Giving the oral presentation - Presentations in classrooms, scientific meets & public audience. Scientific Communication | | |
| II | 2 | Report Writing & IPR and Patents | 15L |
| | 2.1 | Report Writing | 8L |

| | | | |
|-----|----------|---|------------|
| | 2.1.1 | Significance of report writing, Differences in report writing, types of report. | |
| | 2.1.2 | Mechanics and precautions of writing research reports for scientific journals, popular magazines, seminars/symposia/ conferences/workshops | |
| | 2.1.3 | Layout of research report, Layout for poster | |
| | 2.2 | Intellectual Property Right (IPR) | 7L |
| | 2.2.1 | Introduction, Types, Objectives, Applications. | |
| | 2.2.2 | Patents- Definition and concept, Types, Criteria, Registration of Patents | |
| | 3 | Bioinformatics | 15L |
| III | 3.1 | Introduction to In silico biology - Aim, Scope, Application & limitations | 2L |
| | 3.2 | Introduction to Biological Databases | 5L |
| | 3.2.1 | Types of Biological Databases – primary & Secondary & Specialized databases | |
| | 3.2.2 | Information Retrieval from Biological Databases Biological Databases and retrieval techniques Nucleotide Databases- Genbank, EMBL, DDBJ Unigene, Literature Database- Pubmed, Medline Protein Sequence Databases- Swissprot, PIR, TrEMBL Protein Structural Databases- PDB, RasMol SCOP, CATH Metabolic pathway database- KEGG, Metacyc, Ecocyc, Biocyc Other databases- OMIM, Taxonomy Sequence Alignment Pairwise Sequence Alignment | |
| | 3.3 | Evolutionary Basis Sequence Homology versus Sequence Similarity Sequence Similarity versus Sequence Identity Statistical Significance of Sequence Alignment | 2L |
| | 3.4 | Protein Motifs and Domain Prediction, Identification of Motifs and Domains in Multiple Sequence Alignment | 2L |
| | 3.5 | Motif and Domain Databases Using Regular Expressions Motif and Domain Databases Using Statistical Models | 2L |
| | 3.6 | Molecular phylogenetics | 2L |

| | | | |
|----|----------|--|------------|
| | | Phylogenetic analysis, phylogenetic tree and its importance | |
| IV | 4 | Nanotechnology | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Nanomaterials-its synthesis and applications | 2L |
| | 4.1.1 | Synthesis of Nanoparticles – Solvent Extraction, Emulsification, Salting out, Solvent Displacement, Spray Drying | |
| | 4.1.2 | Synthesis of Nanocapsules – Nanoprecipitation, Emulsion, – Diffusion, Double emulsification, Emulsion coacervation, Layer by layer | 2L |
| | 4.1.3 | Synthesis Nanotubes – Arc-vaporization, Laser ablation, Chemical Vapour Deposition | 2L |
| | 4.2 | Gold Nanoparticles – Types and its applications in biology | 4L |
| | 4.3 | Lab-on-a-chip (LOC) – Principle & role in clinical diagnosis | |
| | 4.4 | Nanotherapeutics | 3L |
| | 4.5 | Nanotoxicity | |
| | 4.5.1 | Absorption and distribution of Nanoparticles | 2L |
| | 4.5.2 | Toxicological effects of nanoparticles in various target organs | |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP202 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Collection of Biochemical data and its presentation | |
| | 2 | Review of research work carried out of any 5 national or international research centers or institutes | |
| | 3 | Presentation of review of research using powerpoint | |
| | 4 | Preparation of research proposal for minor/ major research projects to be submitted to the funding agencies | |
| | 5 | Sequence retrieval (protein and gene) from NCBI and Molecular file formats - FASTA, GenBank/Genpept | |
| | 6 | BLAST suite of tools for pairwise alignment | |
| | 7 | Molecular Visualization Softwares: Pymol and Rasmol for protein structures from PDB | |
| | 8 | Multiple sequence alignment (CLUSTALW/ Tcoffee) and Construction of phylogenetic trees | |
| | 9 | Preparation of nanoparticles and analysis | |

References:

- 1) Research Methodology methods and techniques, Second Revised Edition, C.R.Kothari (New Age International Publishers)
- 2) Bhattacharya, D. K. (2003): Research Methodology, Excel Books, New Delhi
- 3) Research Methods Lippinott Company, U.K
- 4) Bioinformatics methods and applications, Genomics, Proteomics and drug discovery, Fourth Edition, S.C.Rastogi
- 5) Introduction to Bioinformatics in Microbiology. Henrik Christensen, Springer International Publishing (2018)
- 6) Introduction to Bioinformatics. Arthur Lesk, Oxford University Press (2013)
- 7) Nanobiotechnology, David Andrew Phoenix & Waqar Ahmed (One central press ltd)

RAMNARAIN RUIA AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE

Course Code: RPSBCH203

Course Title: Fundamentals of Genetics

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|---|
| CO 1 | Strengthen the fundamentals of Mendelian and neo-Mendelian genetics. |
| CO 2 | Understand the structure of DNA & RNA |
| CO 3 | Learn and apply concepts like epistasis, gene mapping, tetrad and Pedigree analysis which will be helpful in competitive examinations |
| CO 4 | Acquire knowledge about Organization of DNA in genome |
| CO 5 | Gain a thorough understanding of the mechanism of cell cycle, relationship of cell cycle and programmed cell death via intracellular and extracellular control mechanisms |
| CO 6 | Know about mechanism of DNA replication which would lay a foundation for studying next processes of central dogma. |
| CO7 | Enlist different types of mutations, agents causing mutations and disorders resulting from mutations. |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Fundamentals of Genetics RPSBCH203 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| I | 1 | Genetics I | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Non –Mendelian inheritance | 3L |
| | 1.1.1 | Molecular mechanism of Incomplete dominance, co-dominance & Overdominance | 4L |
| | 1.1.2 | Incomplete penetrance | |
| | 1.1.3 | Epistasis & Environmental effect on phenotype | 3L |
| | 1.1.4 | Sex linked inheritance; Sex influenced inheritance & Sex limited inheritance | |
| | 1.1.5 | Allelic effects- Pleiotropy, Polygenic inheritance | |
| | 1.1.6 | Maternal gene effect, Maternal inheritance & cytoplasmic inheritance | 5L |
| | 1.2 | Pedigree analysis – Pedigree conventions and analysing pedigrees (genetic basis, probability) | 3L |
| | 1.3 | Problems based on these concept | |
| II | 2 | Genetics II | 15L |
| | 2.1.1 | Eukaryotic chromosomes, Unique and repetitive sequences of DNA | 3L |
| | 2.1.2 | T _m of DNA, its relation to GC content, Cot curves and its significance, C-value paradox | 3L |
| | 2.1.3 | Histones, nucleosomes, structure of chromatin, cohesion protein | |
| | 2.2 | Lampbrush & polytene chromosomes | 3L |
| | 2.3 | Genetic recombinations: Holliday models | |
| | 2.4 | Genetic mapping in Eukaryotes - Linear order of genes, Relative distance between linked genes, Coefficient of coincidence, Interference | |
| | 2.5 | Tetrad analysis – Ordered & Unordered tetrad | 3L |
| | 2.6 | Genetic mapping in bacteria | 3L |
| 2.7 | Problems based on above concept | | |
| III | 3 | Cell Cycle and its regulation & DNA Replication | 15L |
| | 3.1 | Cell cycle and its regulation | 3L |
| | 3.1.1 | Phases of cell cycle and its regulation (Cyclins & CDKs) | 2L |
| | 3.1.2 | State of DNA in different phases of cell cycle | |
| | 3.2 | Replication of DNA | 2L |
| | 3.2.1 | Structural overview of DNA Replication | |

| | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--|------------|
| | 3.2.2 | Enzymes and proteins involved in replication | 2L |
| | 3.2.3 | Mechanism of Bacterial DNA replication | |
| | 3.3 | Replication of DNA in yeast | 2L |
| | 3.3.1 | Eukaryotic DNA polymerases | |
| | 3.3.2 | Proteins and accessory molecules essential in the initiation, and elongation steps | |
| | 3.3.3 | Mechanism (Pre-RC assembly, Initiation, elongation & termination) | 2L |
| | 3.3.4 | Concept of Okazaki fragment maturation & stalled replication fork | 3L |
| | 3.3.5 | End replication problem and role of telomerases | |
| | 3.4 | Comparative overview of DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes | 1L |
| IV | 4 | Mutations, Chromosomal Abnormalities & DNA Repair | 15L |
| | 4.1 | Mutations | 3L |
| | 4.1.1 | Types of mutations | |
| | 4.1.2 | Physical, chemical and Biological agents causing mutations | |
| | 4.1.3 | Reverse mutations, Mutagenesis, Ames test. | |
| | 4.2 | Chromosomal aberration | 3L |
| | 4.2.1 | Variations in chromosome structure - inversions, deletions, duplications and translocations | |
| | 4.2.2 | Variations in chromosome number - Euploidy and aneuploidy (Autosomal and Sex chromosomes) | |
| | 4.3 | Syndromes resulting from chromosomal abnormalities | |
| | 4.3.1 | Monosomies (Turner syndrome) | 4L |
| | 4.3.2 | Disomies and trisomies (Down Syndrome, Klinefelter's syndrome) | |
| | 4.3.3 | Cri-du-chat syndrome, Philadelphia chromosome | |
| | 4.3.4 | Chromosomal Microdeletions – Prader-Willi Syndrome & Angelman Syndrome | |
| | 4.4 | Recognition of DNA lesions and molecular mechanism of the following DNA Repairs | |
| | 4.4.1 | Direct repair (Photoreactivation, O6 methyl guanine DNA methyl transferase) | 5L |
| | 4.4.2 | Single strand repairs - Base & Nucleotide Excision Repairs, Mismatch repair (Hemimethylation of DNA) | |
| 4.4.3 | Translesion synthesis and SOS repair | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------|---|-----------|
| | 4.4.4 | Recombinational repair | |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP203 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Squash preparation of salivary glands of Dipteran larva to observe polytene chromosomes | |
| | 2 | Induction of polyploidy in onion roots | |
| | 3 | Smear technique to demonstrate sex chromatin in buccal epithelial cells. | |
| | 4 | Study of abnormal human karyotype and pedigrees (dry lab) | |
| | 5 | Problems based on gene mapping | |
| | 6 | Extraction of total nucleic acids from plant tissue | |
| | 7 | Estimation of UV absorption of nucleic acids & proteins | |
| | 8 | Effect of UV Radiation on Bacterial Growth | |

References:

- 1) E.J. Gardner and D.P. Snustad. PRINCIPAL OF GENETICS (1984), John Wiley & Sons, Ney York.
- 2) Watson, Baker, Bell, Gann, Levine, Losick, "Molecular Biology of the Gene", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education (LPE)
- 3) Russell, P.J., "iGenetics- A Molecular Approach", Third Edition, Pearson International Edition
- 4) Snustad & Simmons, "Principles of Genetics", Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc
- 5) Watson, Gilman, Witkowski, Zoller, "Recombinant DNA", Second Edition, Scientific American Books
- 6) Pierce, B.A, "Genetics- A Conceptual Approach", Second Edition, W.H. Freeman &Co

Course Code: RPSBCH204

Course Title: Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques II

Academic year 2021-22

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

| COURSE OUTCOME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|--|
| CO 1 | Gain Knowledge about advanced instruments used in biochemical analysis. |
| CO 2 | Comprehend the diagnosis of various diseases better by studying Instruments used in medicine. |
| CO 3 | Acquire a sound background of latest methods used in biochemistry for purification of enzymes, isolation and characterization of proteins, nucleic acids, etc. |
| CO 4 | Develop interest in analysis of biomolecules and this will help them in undertaking further research in the area of biochemistry in any research/industrial institution. |

DETAILED SYLLABUS

| Course Code/ Unit | Unit | Course/ Unit Title Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques II RPSBCH204 | Credits/ Lectures 4 Credits |
|----------------------|----------|--|-----------------------------------|
| I | 1 | Spectrophotometric techniques based on molecular structure and interactions | 15L |
| | 1.1 | Introduction to spectroscopic techniques for Structural analysis | 1L |
| | 1.2 | Principle, Instrumentation, Working & Biochemical applications of | 3L |
| | 1.2.1 | Infrared and Raman spectroscopy | |
| | 1.2.2 | Surface plasmon resonance | 2L |
| | 1.2.3 | Electron paramagnetic resonance | 2L |
| | 1.2.4 | Nuclear magnetic resonance | 3L |
| | 1.2.5 | X-ray diffraction | 2L |
| | 1.2.6 | Small-angle scattering | 2L |
| II | 2 | Advanced Chromatography | 15L |
| | 2.1 | Gas chromatography, Principle, Working, Detectors (ECD, TCD, FID, NP) | 3L |
| | 2.2 | High performance liquid Chromatography- Principle, Working Detectors (UV, PDA, RI, conductivity, fluorescence) | 3L |
| | 2.3 | Introduction to Hyphenation GC-MS and LC-MS | 3L |
| | 2.4 | MALDI & MALDI-TOF | 3L |
| | 2.5 | Sample Preparation and Biochemical Applications of above mentioned Techniques | 3L |
| III | 3 | Special Instrumental Methods of Analysis | 15L |
| | 3.1 | Basic Principles, Instrumentation, working and applications of - | |
| | 3.1.1 | FRAP, FRET, FLIM | 3L |
| | 3.1.2 | Conductometry | 1L |
| | 3.1.3 | Potentiometry | 2L |
| | 3.1.4 | Selective Ion Meters | 2L |
| | 3.1.5 | High Frequency Titrations | 2L |
| | 3.1.6 | Polarography | 2L |
| | 3.1.7 | Anode Stripping Voltammetry | 2L |
| | 3.1.8 | Neutron Activation Analysis | 1L |
| IV | 4 | Instruments used in medicine | 15L |
| | | Principle and working of | |

| | | | |
|--|-------|--|-----------|
| | 4.1 | Dialyser, Nebulizer, Otoscope, Bone Densitometry Single neuron recording, patch-clamp recording | 4L |
| | 4.2 | ECG, Defibrillator | 1L |
| | 4.3 | Brain activity recording, lesion & stimulation of brain - PET, MRI, fMRI, CAT | 3L |
| | 4.4 | Medical imaging – | 2L |
| | 4.4.1 | Radiography (Projection radiographs & Fluoroscopy) | |
| | 4.4.2 | Ultrasound (medical ultrasonography), Elastography, Tactile imaging | 3L |
| | 4.4.3 | Tomography, Echocardiography (Heart Ultrasound) | 2L |
| | | Practicals – RPSBCHP204 | 2 Credits |
| | 1 | Effect of ion concentration on the conductance of solutions | |
| | 2 | Virtual Labs – Autoradiography, Patch Clamp Techniques | |
| | 3 | Study of Electrocardiograms in healthy & diseased states | |
| | 4 | Seminar on the Principle, Working and Applications of different instruments | |
| | 5 | Instrumentation: Case studies | |
| | 6 | Field visit & report writing | |

References:

1. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (2010) 7th ed., Wilson, K., and Walker, J. (eds), Cambridge University Press (New Delhi)
2. Physical Biochemistry: Principles and Applications (2010) 2nd ed., Sheehan, D., Wiley Blackwell (West Sussex)
3. Principles of Instrumental Analysis by Douglas A. Skoog, F. James Holler, Stanley R. Crouch
4. Introduction to Instrumentation in Life Sciences (2012) Bisen, P.S. and Sharma, A., CRC Press/Taylor and Francis Group (California), ISBN:978-1-4665-1240-
5. Biophysical Chemistry (2013), Schimmel, C.R.C., Macmillan Higher Education
6. Biophysical Chemistry, Principles & Techniques – Upadhyay, Upadhyay and Nath –Himalaya Publ. House.
7. Medical Biochemistry by Ramakrishnan (2012)
8. TextBook of Medical Physiology – Guyton – Prism Books Pvt. Ltd. – Bangalore

Modality of Assessment (SEMESTER II)

Theory Examination Pattern:

A) Internal Assessment- 40%- 40 Marks

B) External Examination- 60%- 60 Marks

Semester End Theory Examination: (Deviation from the usual modality)

Owing to the pandemic situation prevailing in 2020 and continuing in 2021, the external examinations (Semester End) may be conducted online as per the instructions/circulars received from the University of Mumbai and Maharashtra State notifications from time to time. The conventional mode of external examination will commence again only after the declaration of normalcy by the Government authorities.

1. Duration - These examinations shall be of **02 ½ HOURS** duration.
2. Theory question paper pattern:

Paper Pattern:

| Question | Options | Marks | Questions Based on |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Q1. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT I |
| Q1. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q2. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT II |
| Q2. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q3. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT III |
| Q3. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| Q4. A | Any 1 out of 2 | 03 | UNIT IV |
| Q4. B | Any 2 out of 3 | 06 | |
| TOTAL | | 60 | |

Practical Examination Pattern:**A) Internal Examination: 40%- 40 Marks**

| Particulars | Practical I, II, III & IV |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Journal | 05 |
| Experimental tasks | 15 |
| Total | 20 |

B) External Examination: 60%- 60 Marks**Semester End Practical Examination:**

| Particulars | Practical I, II, III & IV |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory work | 25 |
| Viva | 5 |
| Total | 30 |

Overall Examination & Marks Distribution Pattern**Semester II**

| Course | 201 | | | 202 | | | Grand Total |
|------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------------|
| | Internal | External | Total | Internal | External | Total | |
| Theory | 40 | 60 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 100 | 200 |
| Practicals | 20 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 100 |

| Course | 203 | | | 204 | | | Grand Total |
|------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------------|
| | Internal | External | Total | Internal | External | Total | |
| Theory | 40 | 60 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 100 | 200 |
| Practicals | 20 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 100 |
